

Total No. of Printed Pages : 21

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ARE ASKED TO DO SO)

A

PHD-EE-November, 2025

SET-X

Electronics and Communication Engineering

Sr. No. 10009

Time : 1½ Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Total Questions : 100

Roll No. (in figures) (in words)

Name Date of Birth

Father's Name Mother's Name

Date of Examination

(Signature of the Candidate)

(Signature of the Invigilator)

SEAL

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PHD-EE-November, 2025/(Electronics and Comm. Engg.)(SET-X)/(A)

1. is referred to as father of research on teaching.
(1) N. L. Gage (2) David Berliner
(3) Egon Brunswik (4) Donald T. Campbell
2. The main purpose of research in education is to
(1) Increase social status of an individual
(2) Increase job prospects for an individual
(3) Help in personal growth
(4) Help the person to become eminent educationist
3. refers to inferring about the whole population based on the observation made on a small part.
(1) Pseudo inference (2) Objective inference
(3) Inductive inference (4) Deductive inference
4. Sampling is advantageous as it
(1) Saves time (2) Helps in capital saving
(3) Both (1) & (2) (4) Increases accuracy
5. Tippit table refers to
(1) Table of random digits
(2) Table used in sampling methods
(3) Table used in statistical investigations
(4) All of the above
6. is preferred for sampling method for the population of finite size.
(1) Systematic Sampling (2) Purposive Sampling
(3) Cluster Sampling (4) Area Sampling

7. The longitudinal approach of research deals with
- (1) Short term researches (2) Long term researches
(3) Horizontal researches (4) None of these
8. Dramaturgical interviewing is carried out through
- (1) Debating (2) Sampling
(3) Case Study (4) Role Playing
9. The word "Anusandhan" implies
- (1) Goal orientation (2) Following an aim
(3) Attaining an aim (4) Praying to achieve an aim
10. Evaluation research is concerned with
- (1) Why we are doing ? (2) What we are doing ?
(3) How well we are doing ? (4) None of the above
11. Which of the following is **not** the characteristic of research ?
- (1) Research is systematic (2) Research is not a process
(3) Research is not passive (4) Research is problem oriented
12. Which of the following statements are **correct** ?
- (1) Discoveries research (2) Researches leads to discovery
(3) Invention and research are related (4) None of the above
13. Which one is **not** the quality of a researcher ?
- (1) His assertion to outstrip the evidence
(2) Keenness in enquiry
(3) He must of alert mind
(4) Union with that of which he is search

14. Books and records are primary source of data in :
- (1) Clinical research
 - (2) Laboratory research
 - (3) Participatory research
 - (4) Historical research
15. Which is the **correct** statement ?
- (1) Objectives should be pin pointed
 - (2) Another word for problem is variable
 - (3) Objective can be written in statements on question form
 - (4) All of the above
16. Which is the main task of the research in modern society ?
- (1) To discover new things
 - (2) To keep pace with the advancement in knowledge
 - (3) To systematically examine and critically analyse the investigation/sources with objectivity
 - (4) All of the above
17. One of aim of the scientific method in research is to :
- (1) confirm triangulation
 - (2) introduce new variables
 - (3) improve data interpretation
 - (4) elimination spurious relations
18. The depth any research can be judged by :
- (1) title of the research
 - (2) duration of the research
 - (3) objectives of the research
 - (4) total expenditure of the research
19. Which of the following is **not** the method of research ?
- (1) Survey
 - (2) Historical
 - (3) Observation
 - (4) Philosophical

20. Research can be classified as :

- (1) Basic, Applied and Action Research
- (2) Quantitative and Qualitative Research
- (3) Philosophical, Historical, Survey and Experimental
- (4) All of the above

21. The first step of research is :

- (1) Identifying a problem
- (2) Finding a problem
- (3) Selecting a problem
- (4) Searching a problem

22. To test null hypothesis, a researcher uses :

- (1) X
- (2) t-test
- (3) ANOVA
- (4) Factorial analysis

23. A research problem is feasible only when :

- (1) It is researchable
- (2) It has utility and relevance
- (3) It is new and adds something to knowledge
- (4) All of the above

24. Bibliography given in a research report :

- (1) Has no relevance to research
- (2) Helps those interested in further research
- (3) Shows vast knowledge of researcher
- (4) All of the above

25. The study in which investigator attempt to trace an effect is known as :

- (1) Survey research
- (2) Historical research
- (3) "Ex-post Facto" research
- (4) Summative research

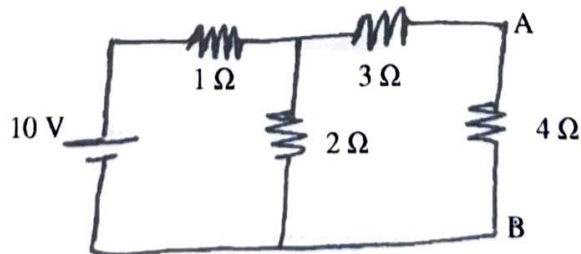
26. A ratio represents the relation between :
- (1) Part and part
 - (2) Part and whole
 - (3) Whole and whole
 - (4) All of the above
27. Circle graphs used to show :
- (1) How one part is related to other
 - (2) How various parts are related to the whole
 - (3) How various sections share in the whole
 - (4) How one whole is relate to other whole
28. Generalized conclusion on the basis of sample is technically known as :
- (1) Statistical inference
 - (2) Parameter inference
 - (3) Data analysis and interpretation
 - (4) All of the above
29. The experimental study is based on :
- (1) The manipulation of variables
 - (2) Survey of literature
 - (3) Conceptual parameters
 - (4) Replication of research
30. Authenticity of a research finding is its :
- (1) Validity
 - (2) Objectivity
 - (3) Originality
 - (4) All of the above
31. Which technique is followed when population is finite ?
- (1) Systematic sampling
 - (2) Purposive sampling
 - (3) Area sampling
 - (4) None of the above

32. Research problem is selected from the stand point of :
- (1) Social relevance
 - (2) Financial relevance
 - (3) Researcher's interest
 - (4) Availability of relevant literature
33. Which one is called non-probability sampling ?
- (1) Quota sampling
 - (2) Cluster sampling
 - (3) Systematic sampling
 - (4) Stratified random sampling
34. Formulation of hypothesis may not be required in :
- (1) Survey method
 - (2) Historical studies
 - (3) Normative studies
 - (4) Experimental studies
35. CADENCE software is used in :
- (1) Digital Signal Processing
 - (2) Microwave
 - (3) VLSI
 - (4) IoT
36. Field work based research is classified as :
- (1) Historical
 - (2) Empirical
 - (3) Biographical
 - (4) Experimental
37. SCIE stands for :
- (1) Science Citation Index Expanded
 - (2) Social Care Indexing for Excellence
 - (3) Science Collection Information for Engineers
 - (4) Social Citation Index for Economic

38. Which of the following is the most comprehensive source of population data ?
- (1) Census
 - (2) National Sample Surveys
 - (3) Demographic Health Surveys
 - (4) National Family Health Surveys
39. The research that applies the laws at the time of field study to draw more and more clear ideas about the problem is :
- (1) Extention research
 - (2) Experimental research
 - (3) Action research
 - (4) None of the above
40. The process not needed in experimental research :
- (1) Controlling
 - (2) Observation
 - (3) Reference collection
 - (4) Manipulation and replication
41. A research problem is **not** feasible only when :
- (1) It is researchable
 - (2) It has utility and relevance
 - (3) It is new and adds something to knowledge
 - (4) It consist of independent and dependent variables
42. How can objectivity of research be enhanced ?
- (1) through its validity
 - (2) through its reliability
 - (3) through its impartiality
 - (4) All of the above
43. We use factorial analysis :
- (1) To test the hypothesis
 - (2) To know the difference between two variables
 - (3) To know relationship between two variables
 - (4) To know difference among many variables

44. Manipulation is always a part of :
- (1) Historical research
 - (2) Descriptive research
 - (3) Fundamental research
 - (4) Experimental research
45. Which of the coefficient best explain relationship between creativity and intelligence ?
- (1) 0.3
 - (2) 0.5
 - (3) 1.0
 - (4) 1.5
46. Normal probability curve should be :
- (1) Zero skewed
 - (2) Positively skewed
 - (3) Negatively skewed
 - (4) Leptokurtic skewed
47. Which of the following variables cannot be expressed in quantitative terms ?
- (1) Marital status
 - (2) Numerical aptitude
 - (3) Professional attitude
 - (4) Socio-economic status
48. The "Sociogram" technique is used to study :
- (1) Human relations
 - (2) Vocational Interest
 - (3) Achievement Motivation
 - (4) Professional Competence
49. Which is **not** an example of continuous variable ?
- (1) Height
 - (2) Attitude
 - (3) Family Size
 - (4) Intelligence
50. A research paper is a brief report of research work based on :
- (1) Primary data only
 - (2) Secondary data only
 - (3) Both primary and secondary data
 - (4) None of the above

51. Which of the following elements of electrical engineering cannot be analysed using Ohm's law ?
- (1) Capacitors (2) Inductors
(3) Transistors (4) Resistance
52. What will be the current density of metal if a current of 30A is passed through a cross sectional area of 0.5 m^2 ?
- (1) 7.5 A/m^2 (2) 15 A/m^2
(3) 60 A/m^2 (4) 120 A/m^2
53. Norton's theorem is true for
- (1) Linear Networks (2) Non-linear Networks
(3) Both (1) and (2) (4) Neither (1) nor (2)
54. Calculate V_{th} for the given circuit between A and B :



- (1) 5.54 V (2) 3.33 V
(3) 6.67 V (4) 3.67 V
55. What is the ROC of the signal $x(n) = \delta(n - k)$, $k > 0$?
- (1) $z = 0$
(2) $z = \infty$
(3) Entire z -plane, except $z = \infty$
(4) Entire z -plane, except $z = 0$

56. What is the equation of the fourier series coefficient C_k of an non-periodic signal ?

(1) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_0^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_o t} dt$

(2) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_o t} dt$

(3) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_o t} dt$

(4) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{j2\pi k f_o t} dt$

57. How many complex multiplications are need to be performed for each FFT algorithm ?

(1) $(N/2 \log_2 N)$

(2) $N \log_2 N$

(3) $(N/2 \log_2 N)$

(4) None of the above

58. When the temperature across a semiconductor is increased by 10°C then the conductivity is increased by times.

(1) Double

(2) Triple

(3) Four

(4) None of the above

59. Which of the following diode is used in adjustable band pass filter electronic circuits ?

(1) Zener diode

(2) Varactor diode

(3) Tunnel diode

(4) Schottky diode

60. P/V of a diode in full wave bridge rectifier is given by :

(1) V_m volts

(2) $2V_m$ volts

(3) $\frac{V_m}{2}$ volts

(4) $\frac{2V_m}{\pi}$ volts

61. The relation between α and β is given by :

(1) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1-\beta$

(2) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1+\beta$

(3) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1+\beta$

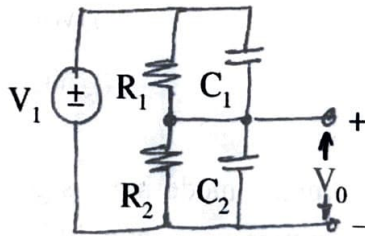
(4) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1-\beta$

62. Which of the following helps in reducing the switching time of a transistor ?

- (1) a resistor connected from base to ground
- (2) a resistor connected from emitter to ground
- (3) a capacitor connected from base to ground
- (4) a capacitor connected from emitter to ground

63. A circuit for attenuator is given, under what conditions the attenuator will be compensated ?

- (1) $R_1 C_1 = \frac{R_2}{C_2}$
- (2) $C_1 C_2 = R_1 R_2$
- (3) $R_1 C_1 = 0$
- (4) $R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2$



64. The ideal values of the input and output resistances of a transconductance amplifier are :

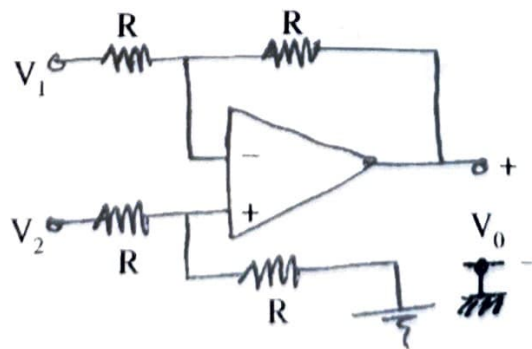
- (1) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = 0$
- (2) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = \infty$
- (3) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = 0$
- (4) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = \infty$

65. The signal to be amplified is current signal and desired output is a voltage signal. Which of the following amplifier can perform this task ?

- (1) Voltage amplifier
- (2) c/n amplifier
- (3) Transconductance amplifier
- (4) Transresistance amplifier

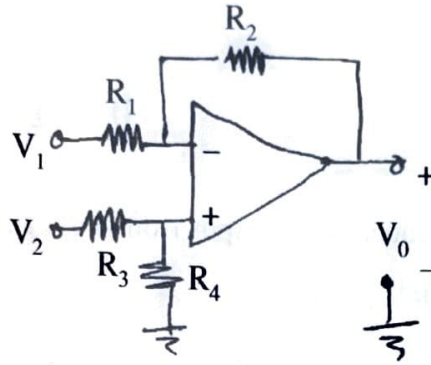
66. Which of the following techniques is used to increase the efficiency of class A amplifier ?
- (1) By using FET
 - (2) By using PNP transistor
 - (3) By using matched transformers as load
 - (4) By using potentiometers as load
67. What are the units of slew rate ?
- (1) second/volt
 - (2) volt/second
 - (3) It is a ratio, no units
 - (4) ohm/second
68. If for an amplifier the common mode input signals is V_c , the differential signal is V_d and A_c & A_d represents common mode and differential gains respectively, then the o/p voltage is given by :
- (1) $V_o = A_d V_d - A_c V_c$
 - (2) $V_o = -A_d V_d + A_c V_c$
 - (3) $V_o = A_d V_d + A_c V_c$
 - (4) $V_o = -A_d V_d - A_c V_c$
69. For the given difference amplifier shown, let the resistors be $10\text{ K}\Omega \pm x\%$. The expression for the worst case common mode gain is :

- (1) $\frac{x}{50}$
- (2) $\frac{x}{100}$
- (3) $\frac{2x}{(100-x)}$
- (4) $\frac{2x}{(100+x)}$



70. Determine the voltage gain in the given circuit. Known that $R_1 = R_3 = 10\text{ K}$ and $R_2 = R_4 = 10 R_1$.

- (1) 1
(2) 10
(3) 100
(4) 1000



71. A particular op Amp, characterized by a gain bandwidth product of 20 MHz, is operated with a closed loop gain of +100 v/v. What 3 dB band width results ? At what frequency does the closed loop amplifier exhibit a -6° phase shift ?

- (1) 21 KHz
(2) 31.5 KHz
(3) 42 KHz
(4) 52.5 KHz

72. The slope obtained in V_{GS} v/s I_D was 0.002. What is the value of g_m .

- (1) 1
(2) 2
(3) 0.002
(4) 0

73. When can one logic gate drive many other logic gates ?

- (1) When its z_o is low and z_i is low
(2) When its z_o is high and z_i is high
(3) When its z_o is high and z_i is low
(4) When its z_o is low and z_i is high

74. What will be the output from D flipflop if the clock is low and $D = 0$?

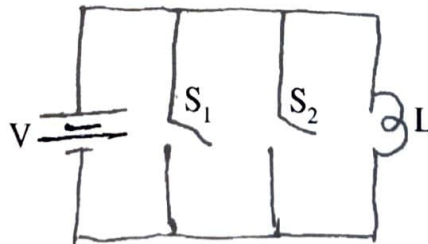
- (1) 0 (2) 1
(3) No change (4) Toggle between 0 and 1

75. What will be the frequency of output from a JK flip-flop when $j = k = 1$ and a clock with pulse waveform is given ?

- (1) Half the frequency of clock input.
(2) Equal the frequency of clock input.
(3) Twice the frequency of clock input.
(4) Independent of the frequency of clock input.

76. The given switch and lamp logic with two I/P is example of which gate ?

- (1) NOR
(2) NAND
(3) XOR



- (4) None of the above

77. Which of these code pairs correctly represent reflective codes ?

- (1) 2421 and 8421 (2) 5211 and 8421
(3) 5421 and 2421 (4) 2421 and 5211

78. The memory which is used for storing programs and data currently being processed by the CPU is called

- (1) PROM (2) Main Memory
(3) Non-volatile Memory (4) Mass Memory

79. LDAX is a addressing mode instruction.
- (1) Direct
 - (2) Indirect
 - (3) Relative
 - (4) Register indirect
80. A binary input 000 is fed to a 3 bit DAC/ADC. The resultant output is 101. Find the type of error :
- (1) Settling error
 - (2) Gain error
 - (3) Offset error
 - (4) Linearity error
81. Which of the following element is **not** used in an automatic control system ?
- (1) Final control element
 - (2) Sensor
 - (3) Oscillator
 - (4) Error detector
82. In a temperature control system, what conversion in signal takes place ?
- (1) Error to Digital
 - (2) Error to Analog
 - (3) Digital to Analog
 - (4) Analog to Digital

83. The characteristics equation of a control system is given by $s(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + s) + k(s + 1) = 0$. What are the angles of asymptotes for the root loci ?
- (1) $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 - (2) $0^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ$
 - (3) $60, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 - (4) $120^\circ, 180^\circ, 240^\circ$
84. What is the relation between output and I/P response and signal respectively in a closed loop system ?
- (1) Non-linear
 - (2) Linear
 - (3) Exponential
 - (4) Parabolic
85. Which of the motions in actuators are preferred ?
- (1) Rotary
 - (2) Stationary
 - (3) Translator
 - (4) Non-stationary
86. The constant M-circle represented by the equation $x^2 + 2.25x + y^2 = 1.25$ has the value of M equal to :
- (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4

87. Consider a feedback system with gain margin of about 30. At what point does Nyquist plot crosses negative real axis ?
- (1) -3
 - (2) -0.3
 - (3) -30
 - (4) -0.03
88. What is the advantage of superhetrodyning ?
- (1) High selectivity and sexsitivity
 - (2) Low band width
 - (3) Low adjacent channel rejection
 - (4) Low fidelity
89. When will aliasing will take place ?
- (1) Sampling signals less than Nyquist rate
 - (2) Sampling signals more than Nyquist rate
 - (3) Sampling signals equals Nyquist rate
 - (4) Sampling signals at a rate which is twice of Nyquist rate
90. The method of the communication in which tail of one pulse smears into adjacent symbol intervals is called as :
- (1) Inter symbol interference
 - (2) Inter bit interference
 - (3) Inter channel interference
 - (4) None of the mentioned

91. Examples of Nyquist filters are :

- (1) Root raised cosine filter
- (2) Raised cosine filter
- (3) Root raised and raised cosine filter
- (4) None of the mentioned

92. Examples of double side band signals are :

- (1) ASK
- (2) PSK
- (3) ASK and PSK
- (4) None of the mentioned

93. In delta modulation system, granular noise occurs when :

- (1) Modulating signal increases rapidly
- (2) Pulse rate decreases
- (3) Pulse amplitude decreases
- (4) Modulating signal remains constant

94. An PWM signal can be generated by :

- (1) An astable multivibrator
- (2) A monostable multivibrator
- (3) Integrating a PPM signal
- (4) Differentiating a PPM signal

95. In good conductors, the electric and magnetic fields will be :
- (1) 45° in phase
 - (2) 45° out of phase
 - (3) 90° in phase
 - (4) 90° out of phase
96. The divergence of which quantity will be zero ?
- (1) E
 - (2) D
 - (3) H
 - (4) B
97. Find the Maxwell's equation derived from Faraday's law ?
- (1) $\text{Div}(\mathbf{H}) = \mathbf{J}$
 - (2) $\text{Div}(\mathbf{D}) = \mathbf{I}$
 - (3) $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{E}) = -\frac{d\mathbf{B}}{dt}$
 - (4) $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{B}) = -\frac{d\mathbf{H}}{dt}$
98. When equipotential surface is null, then the electric field intensity will be :
- (1) 0
 - (2) 1
 - (3) dA/dt
 - (4) $-dA/dt$

99. The conduction c/n in the transmission line having a voltage of 24 V is 1.2 A. Find receiving impedance of the line :
- (1) 25.2
 - (2) 22.8
 - (3) 28.8
 - (4) 20
100. The propagation constant of a transmission line with impedance and admittance of 9 and 16 is :
- (1) 12
 - (2) 25
 - (3) 144
 - (4) 7

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(3) 42 KHz (4) 52.5 KHz
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(1) 1 (2) 2
(3) 0.002 (4) 0
3. When can one logic gate drive many other logic gates ?
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(2) Equal the frequency of clock input.
(3) Twice the frequency of clock input.
(4) Independent of the frequency of clock input.

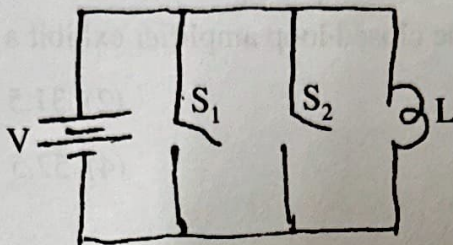
6. The given switch and lamp logic with two I/P is example of which gate ?

(1) NOR

(2) NAND

(3) XOR

(4) None of the above



7. Which of these code pairs correctly represent reflective codes ?

(1) 2421 and 8421

(2) 5211 and 8421

(3) 5421 and 2421

(4) 2421 and 5211

8. The memory which is used for storing programs and data currently being processed by the CPU is called

(1) PROM

(2) Main Memory

(3) Non-volatile Memory

(4) Mass Memory

9. LDAX is a addressing mode instruction.

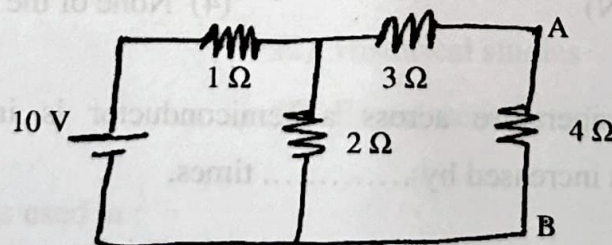
(1) Direct

(2) Indirect

(3) Relative

(4) Register indirect

10. A binary input 000 is fed to a 3 bit DAC/ADC. The resultant output is 101. Find the type of error :
- (1) Settling error
 - (2) Gain error
 - (3) Offset error
 - (4) Linearity error
11. Which of the following elements of electrical engineering cannot be analysed using Ohm's law ?
- (1) Capacitors
 - (2) Inductors
 - (3) Transistors
 - (4) Resistance
12. What will be the current density of metal if a current of 30A is passed through a cross sectional area of 0.5 m^2 ?
- (1) 7.5 A/m^2
 - (2) 15 A/m^2
 - (3) 60 A/m^2
 - (4) 120 A/m^2
13. Norton's theorem is true for
- (1) Linear Networks
 - (2) Non-linear Networks
 - (3) Both (1) and (2)
 - (4) Neither (1) nor (2)
14. Calculate V_{th} for the given circuit between A and B :



- (1) 5.54 V
- (2) 3.33 V
- (3) 6.67 V
- (4) 3.67 V

15. What is the ROC of the signal $x(n) = \delta(n - k)$, $k > 0$?

- (1) $z = 0$
- (2) $z = \infty$
- (3) Entire z -plane, except $z = \infty$
- (4) Entire z -plane, except $z = 0$

16. What is the equation of the fourier series coefficient C_k of an non-periodic signal ?

(1) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_0^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$

(2) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$

(3) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$

(4) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$

17. How many complex multiplications are need to be performed for each FFT algorithm ?

- (1) $(N/2 \log N)$
- (2) $N \log_2 N$
- (3) $(N/2 \log_2 N)$
- (4) None of the above

18. When the temperature across a semiconductor is increased by 10°C then the conductivity is increased by times.

- (1) Double
- (2) Triple
- (3) Four
- (4) None of the above

19. Which of the following diode is used in adjustable band pass filter electronic circuits ?
- (1) Zener diode
 - (2) Varactor diode
 - (3) Tunnel diode
 - (4) Schottky diode
20. P/V of a diode in full wave bridge rectifier is given by :
- (1) V_m volts
 - (2) $2V_m$ volts
 - (3) $\frac{V_m}{2}$ volts
 - (4) $\frac{2V_m}{\pi}$ volts
21. Which technique is followed when population is finite ?
- (1) Systematic sampling
 - (2) Purposive sampling
 - (3) Area sampling
 - (4) None of the above
22. Research problem is selected from the stand point of :
- (1) Social relevance
 - (2) Financial relevance
 - (3) Researcher's interest
 - (4) Availability of relevant literature
23. Which one is called non-probability sampling ?
- (1) Quota sampling
 - (2) Cluster sampling
 - (3) Systematic sampling
 - (4) Stratified random sampling
24. Formulation of hypothesis may not be required in :
- (1) Survey method
 - (2) Historical studies
 - (3) Normative studies
 - (4) Experimental studies
25. CADENCE software is used in :
- (1) Digital Signal Procassing
 - (2) Microwave
 - (3) VLSI
 - (4) IoT

26. Field work based research is classified as :

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| (1) Historical | (2) Emperical |
| (3) Biographical | (4) Experimental |

27. SCIE stands for :

- (1) Science Citation Index Expanded
- (2) Social Care Indexing for Excellence
- (3) Science Collection Information for Engineers
- (4) Social Citation Index for Economic

28. Which of the following is the most comprehensive source of population data ?

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (1) Census | (2) National Sample Surveys |
| (3) Demographic Health Surveys | (4) National Family Health Surveys |

29. The research that applies the laws at the time of field study to draw more and more clear ideas about the problem is :

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Extention research | (2) Experimental research |
| (3) Action research | (4) None of the above |

30. The process not needed in experimental research :

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (1) Controlling | (2) Observation |
| (3) Reference collection | (4) Manipulation and replication |

31. Which of the following is *not* the characteristic of research ?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (1) Research is systematic | (2) Research is not a process |
| (3) Research is not passive | (4) Research is problem oriented |

32. Which of the following statements are **correct** ?
- (1) Discoveries research
 - (2) Researches leads to discovery
 - (3) Invention and research are related
 - (4) None of the above
33. Which one is **not** the quality of a researcher ?
- (1) His assertion to outstrip the evidence
 - (2) Keenness in enquiry
 - (3) He must of alert mind
 - (4) Union with that of which he is search
34. Books and records are primary source of data in :
- (1) Clinical research
 - (2) Laboratory research
 - (3) Participatory research
 - (4) Historical research
35. Which is the **correct** statement ?
- (1) Objectives should be pin pointed
 - (2) Another word for problem is variable
 - (3) Objective can be written in statements on question form
 - (4) All of the above
36. Which is the main task of the research in modern society ?
- (1) To discover new things
 - (2) To keep pace with the advancement in knowledge
 - (3) To systematically examine and critically analyse the investigation/sources with objectivity
 - (4) All of the above

37. One of aim of the scientific method in research is to :
- (1) confirm triangulation
 - (2) introduce new variables
 - (3) improve data interpretation
 - (4) elimination spurious relations
38. The depth any research can be judged by :
- (1) title of the research
 - (2) duration of the research
 - (3) objectives of the research
 - (4) total expenditure of the research
39. Which of the following is **not** the method of research ?
- (1) Survey
 - (2) Historical
 - (3) Observation
 - (4) Philosophical
40. Research can be classified as :
- (1) Basic, Applied and Action Research
 - (2) Quantitative and Qualitative Research
 - (3) Philosophical, Historical, Survey and Experimental
 - (4) All of the above
41. Examples of Nyquist filters are :
- (1) Root raised cosine filter
 - (2) Raised cosine filter
 - (3) Root raised and raised cosine filter
 - (4) None of the mentioned

42. Examples of double side band signals are :
- (1) ASK
 - (2) PSK
 - (3) ASK and PSK
 - (4) None of the mentioned
43. In delta modulation system, granular noise occurs when :
- (1) Modulating signal increases rapidly
 - (2) Pulse rate decreases
 - (3) Pulse amplitude decreases
 - (4) Modulating signal remains constant
44. An PWM signal can be generated by :
- (1) An astable multivibrator
 - (2) A monostable multivibrator
 - (3) Integrating a PPM signal
 - (4) Differentiating a PPM signal
45. In good conductors, the electric and magnetic fields will be :
- (1) 45° in phase
 - (2) 45° out of phase
 - (3) 90° in phase
 - (4) 90° out of phase

46. The divergence of which quantity will be zero ?
- (1) E
 - (2) D
 - (3) H
 - (4) B
47. Find the Maxwell's equation derived from Faraday's law ?
- (1) $\text{Div}(\mathbf{H}) = \mathbf{J}$
 - (2) $\text{Div}(\mathbf{D}) = \mathbf{I}$
 - (3) $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{E}) = -d\mathbf{B}/dt$
 - (4) $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{B}) = -d\mathbf{H}/dt$
48. When equipotential surface is null, then the electric field intensity will be :
- (1) 0
 - (2) 1
 - (3) dA/dt
 - (4) $-dA/dt$
49. The conduction c/n in the transmission line having a voltage of 24 V is 1.2 A. Find receiving impedance of the line :
- (1) 25.2
 - (2) 22.8
 - (3) 28.8
 - (4) 20

50. The propagation constant of a transmission line with impedance and admittance of 9 and 16 is :

- (1) 12
- (2) 25
- (3) 144
- (4) 7

51. The relation between α and β is given by :

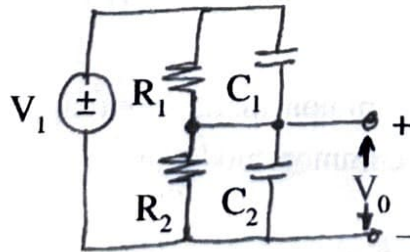
- (1) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1-\beta$
- (2) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1+\beta$
- (3) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1+\beta$
- (4) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1-\beta$

52. Which of the following helps in reducing the switching time of a transistor ?

- (1) a resistor connected from base to ground
- (2) a resistor connected from emitter to ground
- (3) a capacitor connected from base to ground
- (4) a capacitor connected from emitter to ground

53. A circuit for attenuator is given, under what conditions the attenuator will be compensated ?

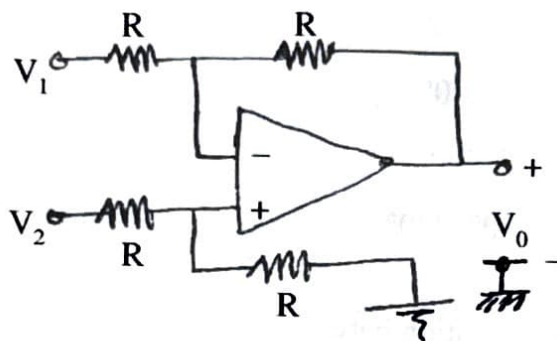
- (1) $R_1 C_1 = \frac{R_2}{C_2}$
- (2) $C_1 C_2 = R_1 R_2$
- (3) $R_1 C_1 = 0$
- (4) $R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2$



54. The ideal values of the input and output resistances of a transconductance amplifier are :
- (1) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = 0$ (2) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = \infty$
 (3) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = 0$ (4) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = \infty$
55. The signal to be amplified is current signal and desired output is a voltage signal. Which of the following amplifier can perform this task ?
- (1) Voltage amplifier
 (2) c/n amplifier
 (3) Transconductance amplifier
 (4) Transresistance amplifier
56. Which of the following techniques is used to increase the efficiency of class A amplifier ?
- (1) By using FET
 (2) By using PNP transistor
 (3) By using matched transformers as load
 (4) By using potentiometers as load
57. What are the units of slew rate ?
- (1) second/volt (2) volt/second
 (3) It is a ratio, no units (4) ohm/second
58. If for an amplifier the common mode input signals is V_c , the differential signal is V_d and A_c & A_d represents common mode and differential gains respectively, then the o/p voltage is given by :
- (1) $V_o = A_d V_d - A_c V_c$ (2) $V_o = -A_d V_d + A_c V_c$
 (3) $V_o = A_d V_d + A_c V_c$ (4) $V_o = -A_d V_d - A_c V_c$

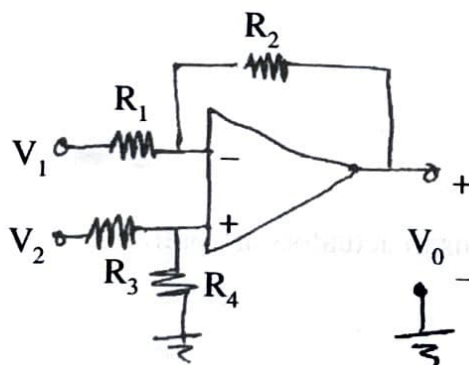
59. For the given difference amplifier shown, let the resistors be $10\text{ K}\Omega \pm x\%$. The expression for the worst case common mode gain is :

- (1) $\frac{x}{50}$
 (2) $\frac{x}{100}$
 (3) $\frac{2x}{(100-x)}$
 (4) $\frac{2x}{(100+x)}$



60. Determine the voltage gain in the given circuit. Known that $R_1 = R_3 = 10\text{ K}$ and $R_2 = R_4 = 10 R_1$.

- (1) 1
 (2) 10
 (3) 100
 (4) 1000



61. Which of the following element is **not** used in an automatic control system ?

- (1) Final control element
 (2) Sensor
 (3) Oscillator
 (4) Error detector

62. In a temperature control system, what conversion in signal takes place ?

- (1) Error to Digital
 (2) Error to Analog
 (3) Digital to Analog
 (4) Analog to Digital

63. The characteristics equation of a control system is given by $s(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + s) + k(s + 1) = 0$. What are the angles of asymptotes for the root loci ?
- (1) $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 - (2) $0^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ$
 - (3) $60^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 - (4) $120^\circ, 180^\circ, 240^\circ$
64. What is the relation between output and I/P response and signal respectively in a closed loop system ?
- (1) Non-linear
 - (2) Linear
 - (3) Exponential
 - (4) Parabolic
65. Which of the motions in actuators are preferred ?
- (1) Rotary
 - (2) Stationary
 - (3) Translator
 - (4) Non-stationary
66. The constant M-circle represented by the equation $x^2 + 2.25x + y^2 = 1.25$ has the value of M equal to :
- (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4

67. Consider a feedback system with gain margin of about 30. At what point does Nyquist plot crosses negative real axis ?
- (1) -3
 - (2) -0.3
 - (3) -30
 - (4) -0.03
68. What is the advantage of superhetrodyming ?
- (1) High selectivity and sexsitivity
 - (2) Low band width
 - (3) Low adjacent channel rejection
 - (4) Low fidelity
69. When will aliasing will take place ?
- (1) Sampling signals less than Nyquist rate
 - (2) Sampling signals more than Nyquist rate
 - (3) Sampling signals equals Nyquist rate
 - (4) Sampling signals at a rate which is twice of Nyquist rate
70. The method of the communication in which tail of one pulse smears into adjacent symbol intervals is called as :
- (1) Inter symbol interference
 - (2) Inter bit interference
 - (3) Inter channel interference
 - (4) None of the mentioned

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 - (3) ANOVA
 - (4) Factorial analysis

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- (1) N. L. Gage
 - (2) David Berliner
 - (3) Egon Brunswik
 - (4) Donald T. Campbell
92. The main purpose of research in education is to
- (1) Increase social status of an individual
 - (2) Increase job prospects for an individual
 - (3) Help in personal growth
 - (4) Help the person to become eminent educationist
93. refers to inferring about the whole population based on the observation made on a small part.
- (1) Pseudo inference
 - (2) Objective inference
 - (3) Inductive inference
 - (4) Deductive inference
94. Sampling is advantageous as it
- (1) Saves time
 - (2) Helps in capital saving
 - (3) Both (1) & (2)
 - (4) Increases accuracy

95. Tippit table refers to
(1) Table of random digits
(2) Table used in sampling methods
(3) Table used in statistical investigations
(4) All of the above
96. is preferred for sampling method for the population of finite size.
(1) Systematic Sampling (2) Purposive Sampling
(3) Cluster Sampling (4) Area Sampling
97. The longitudinal approach of research deals with
(1) Short term researches (2) Long term researches
(3) Horizontal researches (4) None of these
98. Dramaturgical interviewing is carried out through
(1) Debating (2) Sampling
(3) Case Study (4) Role Playing
99. The word "Anusandhan" implies
(1) Goal orientation (2) Following an aim
(3) Attaining an aim (4) Praying to achieve an aim
100. Evaluation research is concerned with
(1) Why we are doing ? (2) What we are doing ?
(3) How well we are doing ? (4) None of the above

(DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION BOOKLET BEFORE TIME OR UNTIL YOU
ARE ASKED TO DO SO)

C

PHD-EE-November, 2025

SET-X

Electronics and Communication Engineering

10003

Sr. No.

Time : 1¼ Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Total Questions : 100

Roll No. (in figures) _____ (in words) _____

Name _____ Date of Birth _____

Father's Name _____ Mother's Name _____

Date of Examination _____

(Signature of the Candidate)

(Signature of the Invigilator)

SEAL

**CANDIDATES MUST READ THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE
STARTING THE QUESTION PAPER.**

1. **All questions are compulsory.**
2. The candidates **must return** the question booklet as well as OMR Answer-Sheet to the Invigilator concerned before leaving the Examination Hall, failing which a case of use of unfair-means / mis-behaviour will be registered against him / her, in addition to lodging of an FIR with the police. Further the answer-sheet of such a candidate will not be evaluated.
3. Keeping in view the transparency of the examination system, carbonless OMR Sheet is provided to the candidate so that a copy of OMR Sheet may be kept by the candidate.
4. Question Booklet along with answer key of all the A, B, C & D code shall be got uploaded on the University Website immediately after the conduct of Entrance Examination. Candidates may raise valid objection/complaint if any, with regard to discrepancy in the question booklet/answer key within 24 hours of uploading the same on the University Website. The complaint be sent by the students to the Controller of Examinations by hand or through email. Thereafter, no complaint in any case, will be considered.
5. The candidate **must not** do any rough work or writing in the OMR Answer-Sheet. Rough work, if any, may be done in the question booklet itself. Answers **must not** be ticked in the question booklet.
6. **There will be negative marking and a deduction of 0.25 marks for each wrong answer. Each correct answer will be awarded one full mark. Cutting, erasing, overwriting and more than one answer in OMR Answer-Sheet will be treated as incorrect answer.**
7. Use only **Black or Blue Ball Point Pen** of good quality in the OMR Answer-Sheet.
8. **Before answering the questions, the candidates should ensure that they have been supplied correct and complete booklet. Complaints, if any, regarding misprinting etc. will not be entertained 30 minutes after starting of the examination.**

PHD-EE-November, 2025/(Electronics and Comm. Engg.)(SET-X)/(C)

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| (1) N. L. Gage | (2) David Berliner |
| (3) Egon Brunswik | (4) Donald T. Campbell |

22. The main purpose of research in education is to

- (1) Increase social status of an individual
- (2) Increase job prospects for an individual
- (3) Help in personal growth
- (4) Help the person to become eminent educationist

23. refers to inferring about the whole population based on the observation made on a small part.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Pseudo inference | (2) Objective inference |
| (3) Inductive inference | (4) Deductive inference |

24. Sampling is advantageous as it
- (1) Saves time
 - (2) Helps in capital saving
 - (3) Both (1) & (2)
 - (4) Increases accuracy
25. Tippit table refers to
- (1) Table of random digits
 - (2) Table used in sampling methods
 - (3) Table used in statistical investigations
 - (4) All of the above
26. is preferred for sampling method for the population of finite size.
- (1) Systematic Sampling
 - (2) Purposive Sampling
 - (3) Cluster Sampling
 - (4) Area Sampling
27. The longitudinal approach of research deals with
- (1) Short term researches
 - (2) Long term researches
 - (3) Horizontal researches
 - (4) None of these
28. Dramaturgical interviewing is carried out through
- (1) Debating
 - (2) Sampling
 - (3) Case Study
 - (4) Role Playing
29. The word "Anusandhan" implies
- (1) Goal orientation
 - (2) Following an aim
 - (3) Attaining an aim
 - (4) Praying to achieve an aim
30. Evaluation research is concerned with
- (1) Why we are doing ?
 - (2) What we are doing ?
 - (3) How well we are doing ?
 - (4) None of the above

31. Examples of Nyquist filters are :

- (1) Root raised cosine filter
- (2) Raised cosine filter
- (3) Root raised and raised cosine filter
- (4) None of the mentioned

32. Examples of double side band signals are :

- (1) ASK
- (2) PSK
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33. In delta modulation system, granular noise occurs when :

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34. An PWM signal can be generated by :

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35. In good conductors, the electric and magnetic fields will be :

- (1) 45° in phase
- (2) 45° out of phase
- (3) 90° in phase
- (4) 90° out of phase

36. The divergence of which quantity will be zero ?

- (1) E
- (2) D
- (3) H
- (4) B

37. Find the Maxwell's equation derived from Faraday's law ?

- (1) $\text{Div}(\mathbf{H}) = \mathbf{J}$
- (2) $\text{Div}(\mathbf{D}) = \mathbf{I}$
- (3) $\text{Curl}(\mathbf{E}) = -\frac{d\mathbf{B}}{dt}$
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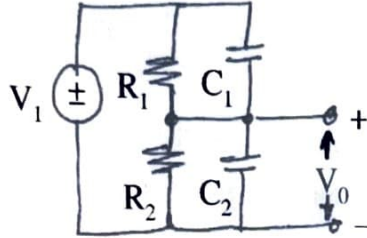
38. When equipotential surface is null, then the electric field intensity will be :

- (1) 0
- (2) 1
- (3) dA/dt
- (4) $-dA/dt$

39. The conduction c/n in the transmission line having a voltage of 24 V is 1.2 A. Find receiving impedance of the line :
- (1) 25.2
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40. The propagation constant of a transmission line with impedance and admittance of 9 and 16 is :
- (1) 12
 - (2) 25
 - (3) 144
 - (4) 7
41. The relation between α and β is given by :
- (1) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1-\beta$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1+\beta$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1+\beta$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1-\beta$
42. Which of the following helps in reducing the switching time of a transistor ?
- (1) a resistor connected from base to ground
 - (2) a resistor connected from emitter to ground
 - (3) a capacitor connected from base to ground
 - (4) a capacitor connected from emitter to ground

43. A circuit for attenuator is given, under what conditions the attenuator will be compensated ?

- (1) $R_1 C_1 = \frac{R_2}{C_2}$
- (2) $C_1 C_2 = R_1 R_2$
- (3) $R_1 C_1 = 0$
- (4) $R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2$



44. The ideal values of the input and output resistances of a transconductance amplifier are :

- (1) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = 0$
- (2) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = \infty$
- (3) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = 0$
- (4) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = \infty$

45. The signal to be amplified is current signal and desired output is a voltage signal. Which of the following amplifier can perform this task ?

- (1) Voltage amplifier
- (2) c/n amplifier
- (3) Transconductance amplifier
- (4) Transresistance amplifier

46. Which of the following techniques is used to increase the efficiency of class A amplifier ?

- (1) By using FET
- (2) By using PNP transistor
- (3) By using matched transformers as load
- (4) By using potentiometers as load

47. What are the units of slew rate ?

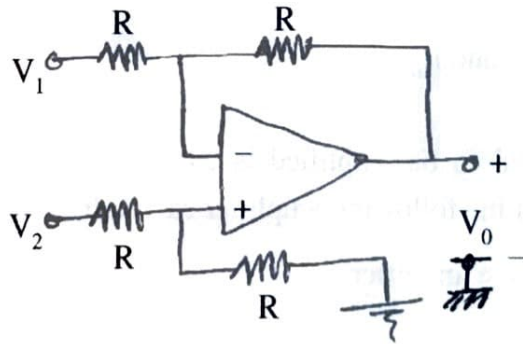
- (1) second/volt (2) volt/second
(3) It is a ratio, no units (4) ohm/second

48. If for an amplifier the common mode input signals is V_c , the differential signal is V_d and A_c & A_d represents common mode and differential gains respectively, then the o/p voltage is given by :

- (1) $V_o = A_d V_d - A_c V_c$ (2) $V_o = -A_d V_d + A_c V_c$
(3) $V_o = A_d V_d + A_c V_c$ (4) $V_o = -A_d V_d - A_c V_c$

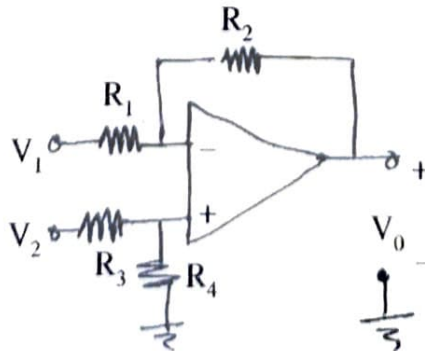
49. For the given difference amplifier shown, let the resistors be $10 \text{ K}\Omega \pm x\%$. The expression for the worst case common mode gain is :

- (1) $\frac{x}{50}$
(2) $\frac{x}{100}$
(3) $\frac{2x}{(100-x)}$
(4) $\frac{2x}{(100+x)}$



50. Determine the voltage gain in the given circuit. Known that $R_1 = R_3 = 10 \text{ K}$ and $R_2 = R_4 = 10 R_1$.

- (1) 1
(2) 10
(3) 100
(4) 1000



51. Which technique is followed when population is finite ?
- (1) Systematic sampling
 - (2) Purposive sampling
 - (3) Area sampling
 - (4) None of the above
52. Research problem is selected from the stand point of :
- (1) Social relevance
 - (2) Financial relevance
 - (3) Researcher's interest
 - (4) Availability of relevant literature
53. Which one is called non-probability sampling ?
- (1) Quota sampling
 - (2) Cluster sampling
 - (3) Systematic sampling
 - (4) Stratified random sampling
54. Formulation of hypothesis may not be required in :
- (1) Survey method
 - (2) Historical studies
 - (3) Normative studies
 - (4) Experimental studies
55. CADENCE software is used in :
- (1) Digital Signal Processing
 - (2) Microwave
 - (3) VLSI
 - (4) IoT
56. Field work based research is classified as :
- (1) Historical
 - (2) Empirical
 - (3) Biographical
 - (4) Experimental
57. SCIE stands for :
- (1) Science Citation Index Expanded
 - (2) Social Care Indexing for Excellence
 - (3) Science Collection Information for Engineers
 - (4) Social Citation Index for Economic

58. Which of the following is the most comprehensive source of population data ?
- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (1) Census | (2) National Sample Surveys |
| (3) Demographic Health Surveys | (4) National Family Health Surveys |
59. The research that applies the laws at the time of field study to draw more and more clear ideas about the problem is :
- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Extension research | (2) Experimental research |
| (3) Action research | (4) None of the above |
60. The process not needed in experimental research :
- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (1) Controlling | (2) Observation |
| (3) Reference collection | (4) Manipulation and replication |
61. A particular op Amp, characterized by a gain bandwidth product of 20 MHz, is operated with a closed loop gain of +100 v/v. What 3 dB band width results ? At what frequency does the closed loop amplifier exhibit a -6° phase shift ?
- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| (1) 21 KHz | (2) 31.5 KHz |
| (3) 42 KHz | (4) 52.5 KHz |
62. The slope obtained in V_{GS} v/s I_D was 0.002. What is the value of g_m .
- | | |
|-----------|-------|
| (1) 1 | (2) 2 |
| (3) 0.002 | (4) 0 |
63. When can one logic gate drive many other logic gates ?
- | |
|--|
| (1) When its z_o is low and z_i is low |
| (2) When its z_o is high and z_i is high |
| (3) When its z_o is high and z_i is low |
| (4) When its z_o is low and z_i is high |

64. What will be the output from D flipflop if the clock is low and $D = 0$?

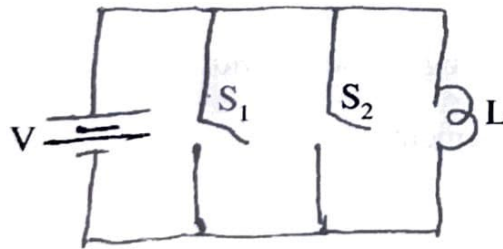
- (1) 0 (2) 1
(3) No change (4) Toggle between 0 and 1

65. What will be the frequency of output from a JK flip-flop when $j = k = 1$ and a clock with pulse waveform is given ?

- (1) Half the frequency of clock input.
(2) Equal the frequency of clock input.
(3) Twice the frequency of clock input.
(4) Independent of the frequency of clock input.

66. The given switch and lamp logic with two I/P is example of which gate ?

- (1) NOR
(2) NAND
(3) XOR
(4) None of the above



67. Which of these code pairs correctly represent reflective codes ?

- (1) 2421 and 8421 (2) 5211 and 8421
(3) 5421 and 2421 (4) 2421 and 5211

68. The memory which is used for storing programs and data currently being processed by the CPU is called

- (1) PROM (2) Main Memory
(3) Non-volatile Memory (4) Mass Memory

69. LDAX is a addressing mode instruction.
- (1) Direct
 - (2) Indirect
 - (3) Relative
 - (4) Register indirect
70. A binary input 000 is fed to a 3 bit DAC/ADC. The resultant output is 101. Find the type of error :
- (1) Settling error
 - (2) Gain error
 - (3) Offset error
 - (4) Linearity error
71. Which of the following element is *not* used in an automatic control system ?
- (1) Final control element
 - (2) Sensor
 - (3) Oscillator
 - (4) Error detector
72. In a temperature control system, what conversion in signal takes place ?
- (1) Error to Digital
 - (2) Error to Analog
 - (3) Digital to Analog
 - (4) Analog to Digital

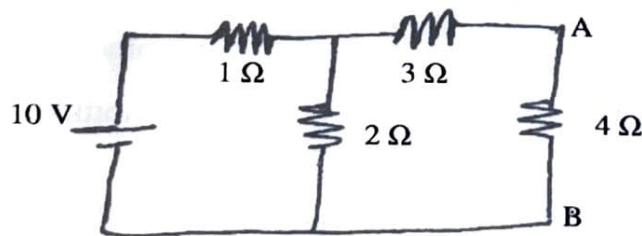
73. The characteristics equation of a control system is given by $s(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + s) + k(s + 1) = 0$. What are the angles of asymptotes for the root loci ?
- (1) $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 - (2) $0^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ$
 - (3) $60, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$
 - (4) $120^\circ, 180^\circ, 240^\circ$
74. What is the relation between output and I/P response and signal respectively in a closed loop system ?
- (1) Non-linear
 - (2) Linear
 - (3) Exponential
 - (4) Parabolic
75. Which of the motions in actuators are preferred ?
- (1) Rotary
 - (2) Stationary
 - (3) Translator
 - (4) Non-stationary
76. The constant M-circle represented by the equation $x^2 + 2.25x + y^2 = 1.25$ has the value of M equal to :
- (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4

77. Consider a feedback system with gain margin of about 30. At what point does Nyquist plot crosses negative real axis ?
- (1) -3
 - (2) -0.3
 - (3) -30
 - (4) -0.03
78. What is the advantage of superhetrodyning ?
- (1) High selectivity and sexsitivity
 - (2) Low band width
 - (3) Low adjacent channel rejection
 - (4) Low fidelity
79. When will aliasing will take place ?
- (1) Sampling signals less than Nyquist rate
 - (2) Sampling signals more than Nyquist rate
 - (3) Sampling signals equals Nyquist rate
 - (4) Sampling signals at a rate which is twice of Nyquist rate
80. The method of the communication in which tail of one pulse smears into adjacent symbol intervals is called as :
- (1) Inter symbol interference
 - (2) Inter bit interference
 - (3) Inter channel interference
 - (4) None of the mentioned

81. Which of the following is **not** the characteristic of research ?
- (1) Research is systematic
 - (2) Research is not a process
 - (3) Research is not passive
 - (4) Research is problem oriented
82. Which of the following statements are **correct** ?
- (1) Discoveries research
 - (2) Researches leads to discovery
 - (3) Invention and research are related
 - (4) None of the above
83. Which one is **not** the quality of a researcher ?
- (1) His assertion to outstrip the evidence
 - (2) Keenness in enquiry
 - (3) He must of alert mind
 - (4) Union with that of which he is search
84. Books and records are primary source of data in :
- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Clinical research | (2) Laboratory research |
| (3) Participatory research | (4) Historical research |
85. Which is the **correct** statement ?
- (1) Objectives should be pin pointed
 - (2) Another word for problem is variable
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86. Which is the main task of the research in modern society ?
- (1) To discover new things
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 - (3) To systematically examine and critically analyse the investigation/sources with objectivity
 - (4) All of the above
87. One of aim of the scientific method in research is to :
- (1) confirm triangulation
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- | | |
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| (1) Survey | (2) Historical |
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90. Research can be classified as :
- (1) Basic, Applied and Action Research
 - (2) Quantitative and Qualitative Research
 - (3) Philosophical, Historical, Survey and Experimental
 - (4) All of the above

91. Which of the following elements of electrical engineering cannot be analysed using Ohm's law ?
- (1) Capacitors (2) Inductors
(3) Transistors (4) Resistance
92. What will be the current density of metal if a current of 30A is passed through a cross sectional area of 0.5 m^2 ?
- (1) 7.5 A/m^2 (2) 15 A/m^2
(3) 60 A/m^2 (4) 120 A/m^2
93. Norton's theorem is true for
- (1) Linear Networks (2) Non-linear Networks
(3) Both (1) and (2) (4) Neither (1) nor (2)
94. Calculate V_{th} for the given circuit between A and B :



- (1) 5.54 V (2) 3.33 V
(3) 6.67 V (4) 3.67 V
95. What is the ROC of the signal $x(n) = \delta(n - k), k > 0$?
- (1) $z = 0$
(2) $z = \infty$
(3) Entire z -plane, except $z = \infty$
(4) Entire z -plane, except $z = 0$

96. What is the equation of the fourier series coefficient C_k of an non-periodic signal ?
- (1) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_0^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_o t} dt$ (2) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_o t} dt$
- (3) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_o t} dt$ (4) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{j2\pi k f_o t} dt$
97. How many complex multiplications are need to be performed for each FFT algorithm ?
- (1) $(N/2 \log N)$ (2) $N \log_2 N$
- (3) $(N/2 \log_2 N)$ (4) None of the above
98. When the temperature across a semiconductor is increased by 10°C then the conductivity is increased by times.
- (1) Double (2) Triple
- (3) Four (4) None of the above
99. Which of the following diode is used in adjustable band pass filter electronic circuits ?
- (1) Zener diode (2) Varactor diode
- (3) Tunnel diode (4) Schottky diode
100. P/V of a diode in full wave bridge rectifier is given by :
- (1) V_m volts (2) $2V_m$ volts
- (3) $\frac{V_m}{2}$ volts (4) $\frac{2V_m}{\pi}$ volts

(DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION BOOKLET BEFORE TIME OR UNTIL YOU
ARE ASKED TO DO SO)

D

SET-X

PHD-EE-November, 2025

Electronics and Communication Engineering

Sr. No. **10008**

Time : 1¼ Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Total Questions : 100

Roll No. (in figures) _____ (in words) _____

Name _____ Date of Birth _____

Father's Name _____ Mother's Name _____

Date of Examination _____

(Signature of the Candidate)

(Signature of the Invigilator)

**CANDIDATES MUST READ THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE
STARTING THE QUESTION PAPER.**

1. **All questions are compulsory.**
2. The candidates **must return** the question booklet as well as OMR Answer-Sheet to the Invigilator concerned before leaving the Examination Hall, failing which a case of use of unfair-means / mis-behaviour will be registered against him / her, in addition to lodging of an FIR with the police. Further the answer-sheet of such a candidate will not be evaluated.
3. Keeping in view the transparency of the examination system, carbonless OMR Sheet is provided to the candidate so that a copy of OMR Sheet may be kept by the candidate.
4. Question Booklet along with answer key of all the A, B, C & D code shall be got uploaded on the University Website immediately after the conduct of Entrance Examination. Candidates may raise valid objection/complaint if any, with regard to discrepancy in the question booklet/answer key within 24 hours of uploading the same on the University Website. The complaint be sent by the students to the Controller of Examinations by hand or through email. Thereafter, no complaint in any case, will be considered.
5. The candidate **must not** do any rough work or writing in the OMR Answer-Sheet. Rough work, if any, may be done in the question booklet itself. Answers **must not** be ticked in the question booklet.
6. **There will be negative marking and a deduction of 0.25 marks for each wrong answer. Each correct answer will be awarded one full mark. Cutting, erasing, overwriting and more than one answer in OMR Answer-Sheet will be treated as incorrect answer.**
7. Use only **Black or Blue Ball Point Pen** of good quality in the OMR Answer-Sheet.
8. **Before answering the questions, the candidates should ensure that they have been supplied correct and complete booklet. Complaints, if any, regarding misprinting etc. will not be entertained 30 minutes after starting of the examination.**

PHD-EE-November, 2025/(Electronics and Comm. Engg.)(SET-X)/(D)

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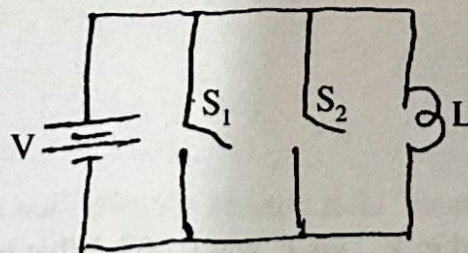
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 - When its z_o is high and z_i is high
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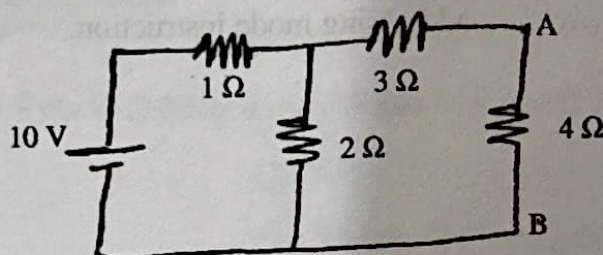
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(3) Relative
(4) Register indirect
30. A binary input 000 is fed to a 3 bit DAC/ADC. The resultant output is 101. Find the type of error :
- (1) Settling error
(2) Gain error
(3) Offset error
(4) Linearity error
31. Which of the following elements of electrical engineering cannot be analysed using Ohm's law ?
- (1) Capacitors (2) Inductors
(3) Transistors (4) Resistance
32. What will be the current density of metal if a current of 30A is passed through a cross sectional area of 0.5 m^2 ?
- (1) 7.5 A/m^2 (2) 15 A/m^2
(3) 60 A/m^2 (4) 120 A/m^2

33. Norton's theorem is true for

- (1) Linear Networks (2) Non-linear Networks
(3) Both (1) and (2) (4) Neither (1) nor (2)

34. Calculate V_{th} for the given circuit between A and B :



- (1) 5.54 V (2) 3.33 V
(3) 6.67 V (4) 3.67 V

35. What is the ROC of the signal $x(n) = \delta(n - k)$, $k > 0$?

- (1) $z = 0$
(2) $z = \infty$
(3) Entire z -plane, except $z = \infty$
(4) Entire z -plane, except $z = 0$

36. What is the equation of the fourier series coefficient C_k of an non-periodic signal ?

- (1) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_0^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$ (2) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$
(3) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{-j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$ (4) $\frac{1}{T_P} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T_P} x(t) e^{j2\pi k f_0 t} dt$

37. How many complex multiplications are need to be performed for each FFT algorithm ?

- (1) $(N/2 \log_2 N)$ (2) $N \log_2 N$
(3) $(N/2 \log_2 N)$ (4) None of the above

38. When the temperature across a semiconductor is increased by 10°C then the conductivity is increased by times.
- (1) Double (2) Triple
(3) Four (4) None of the above
39. Which of the following diode is used in adjustable band pass filter electronic circuits ?
- (1) Zener diode (2) Varactor diode
(3) Tunnel diode (4) Schottky diode
40. P/V of a diode in full wave bridge rectifier is given by :
- (1) V_m volts (2) $2V_m$ volts
(3) $\frac{V_m}{2}$ volts (4) $\frac{2V_m}{\pi}$ volts
41. Which technique is followed when population is finite ?
- (1) Systematic sampling (2) Purposive sampling
(3) Area sampling (4) None of the above
42. Research problem is selected from the stand point of :
- (1) Social relevance
(2) Financial relevance
(3) Researcher's interest
(4) Availability of relevant literature
43. Which one is called non-probability sampling ?
- (1) Quota sampling (2) Cluster sampling
(3) Systematic sampling (4) Stratified random sampling

44. Formulation of hypothesis may not be required in :
- (1) Survey method
 - (2) Historical studies
 - (3) Normative studies
 - (4) Experimental studies
45. CADENCE software is used in :
- (1) Digital Signal Processing
 - (2) Microwave
 - (3) VLSI
 - (4) IoT
46. Field work based research is classified as :
- (1) Historical
 - (2) Emperical
 - (3) Biographical
 - (4) Experimental
47. SCIE stands for :
- (1) Science Citation Index Expanded
 - (2) Social Care Indexing for Excellence
 - (3) Science Collection Information for Engineers
 - (4) Social Citation Index for Economic
48. Which of the following is the most comprehensive source of population data ?
- (1) Census
 - (2) National Sample Surveys
 - (3) Demographic Health Surveys
 - (4) National Family Health Surveys
49. The research that applies the laws at the time of field study to draw more and more clear ideas about the problem is :
- (1) Extention research
 - (2) Experimental research
 - (3) Action research
 - (4) None of the above

50. The process not needed in experimental research :
- (1) Controlling (2) Observation
 - (3) Reference collection (4) Manipulation and replication
51. The first step of research is :
- (1) Identifying a problem (2) Finding a problem
 - (3) Selecting a problem (4) Searching a problem
52. To test null hypothesis, a researcher uses :
- (1) X (2) t-test
 - (3) ANOVA (4) Factorial analysis
53. A research problem is feasible only when :
- (1) It is researchable
 - (2) It has utility and relevance
 - (3) It is new and adds something to knowledge
 - (4) All of the above
54. Bibliography given in a research report :
- (1) Has no relevance to research (2) Helps those interested in further research
 - (3) Shows vast knowledge of researcher (4) All of the above
55. The study in which investigator attempts to trace an effect is known as :
- (1) Survey research (2) Historical research
 - (3) "Ex-post Facto" research (4) Summative research
56. A ratio represents the relation between :
- (1) Part and part (2) Part and whole
 - (3) Whole and whole (4) All of the above

57. Circle graphs used to show :
- (1) How one part is related to other
 - (2) How various parts are related to the whole
 - (3) How various sections share in the whole
 - (4) How one whole is relate to other whole
58. Generalized conclusion on the basis of sample is technically known as :
- (1) Statistical inference
 - (2) Parameter inference
 - (3) Data analysis and interpretation
 - (4) All of the above
59. The experimental study is based on :
- (1) The manipulation of variables
 - (2) Survey of literature
 - (3) Conceptual parameters
 - (4) Replication of research
60. Authenticity of a research finding is its :
- (1) Validity
 - (2) Objectivity
 - (3) Originality
 - (4) All of the above
61. A research problem is **not** feasible only when :
- (1) It is researchable
 - (2) It has utility and relevance
 - (3) It is new and adds something to knowledge
 - (4) It consist of independent and dependent variables

62. How can objectivity of research be enhanced ?
(1) through its validity (2) through its reliability
(3) through its impartiality (4) All of the above
63. We use factorial analysis :
(1) To test the hypothesis
(2) To know the difference between two variables
(3) To know relationship between two variables
(4) To know difference among many variables
64. Manipulation is always a part of :
(1) Historical research (2) Descriptive research
(3) Fundamental research (4) Experimental research
65. Which of the coefficient best explain relationship between creativity and intelligence ?
(1) 0.3 (2) 0.5 (3) 1.0 (4) 1.5
66. Normal probability curve should be :
(1) Zero skewed (2) Positively skewed
(3) Negatively skewed (4) Leptokurtic skewed
67. Which of the following variables cannot be expressed in quantitative terms ?
(1) Marital status (2) Numerical aptitude
(3) Professional attitude (4) Socio-economic status
68. The "Sociogram" technique is used to study :
(1) Human relations (2) Vocational Interest
(3) Achievement Motivation (4) Professional Competence

69. Which is **not** an example of continuous variable ?

- (1) Height (2) Attitude (3) Family Size (4) Intelligence

70. A research paper is a brief report of research work based on :

- (1) Primary data only
(2) Secondary data only
(3) Both primary and secondary data
(4) None of the above

71. The relation between α and β is given by :

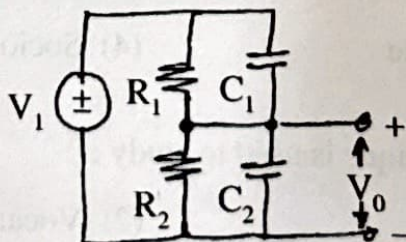
- (1) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1-\beta$ (2) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1+\beta$
(3) $\frac{1}{1-\alpha} = 1+\beta$ (4) $\frac{1}{1+\alpha} = 1-\beta$

72. Which of the following helps in reducing the switching time of a transistor ?

- (1) a resistor connected from base to ground
(2) a resistor connected from emitter to ground
(3) a capacitor connected from base to ground
(4) a capacitor connected from emitter to ground

73. A circuit for attenuator is given, under what conditions the attenuator will be compensated ?

- (1) $R_1 C_1 = \frac{R_2}{C_2}$
(2) $C_1 C_2 = R_1 R_2$
(3) $R_1 C_1 = 0$
(4) $R_1 C_1 = R_2 C_2$



74. The ideal values of the input and output resistances of a transconductance amplifier are :
- (1) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = 0$
 - (2) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = \infty$
 - (3) $R_i = \infty$ and $R_o = 0$
 - (4) $R_i = 0$ and $R_o = \infty$
75. The signal to be amplified is current signal and desired output is a voltage signal. Which of the following amplifier can perform this task ?
- (1) Voltage amplifier
 - (2) c/n amplifier
 - (3) Transconductance amplifier
 - (4) Transresistance amplifier
76. Which of the following techniques is used to increase the efficiency of class A amplifier ?
- (1) By using FET
 - (2) By using PNP transistor
 - (3) By using matched transformers as load
 - (4) By using potentiometers as load
77. What are the units of slew rate ?
- (1) second/volt
 - (2) volt/second
 - (3) It is a ratio, no units
 - (4) ohm/second

78. If for an amplifier the common mode input signals is V_c , the differential signal is V_d and A_c & A_d represents common mode and differential gains respectively, then the o/p voltage is given by :

(1) $V_o = A_d V_d - A_c V_c$

(2) $V_o = -A_d V_d + A_c V_c$

(3) $V_o = A_d V_d + A_c V_c$

(4) $V_o = -A_d V_d - A_c V_c$

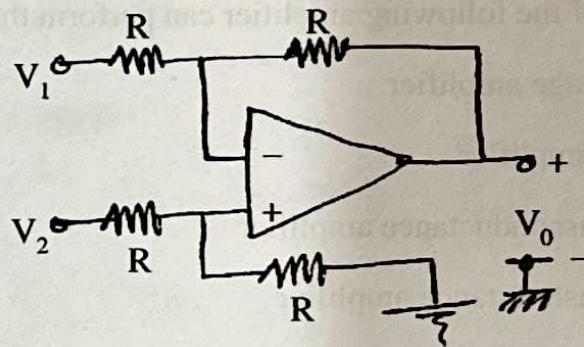
79. For the given difference amplifier shown, let the resistors be $10\text{ K}\Omega \pm x\%$. The expression for the worst case common mode gain is :

(1) $\frac{x}{50}$

(2) $\frac{x}{100}$

(3) $\frac{2x}{(100-x)}$

(4) $\frac{2x}{(100+x)}$



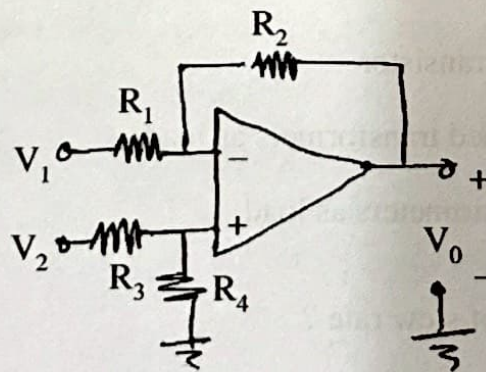
80. Determine the voltage gain in the given circuit. Known that $R_1 = R_3 = 10\text{ K}$ and $R_2 = R_4 = 10 R_1$.

(1) 1

(2) 10

(3) 100

(4) 1000



81. is referred to as father of research on teaching.

(1) N. L. Gage

(2) David Berliner

(3) Egon Brunswik

(4) Donald T. Campbell

82. The main purpose of research in education is to
(1) Increase social status of an individual
(2) Increase job prospects for an individual
(3) Help in personal growth
(4) Help the person to become eminent educationist
83. refers to inferring about the whole population based on the observation made on a small part.
(1) Pseudo inference
(2) Objective inference
(3) Inductive inference
(4) Deductive inference
84. Sampling is advantageous as it
(1) Saves time
(2) Helps in capital saving
(3) Both (1) & (2)
(4) Increases accuracy
85. Tippit table refers to
(1) Table of random digits
(2) Table used in sampling methods
(3) Table used in statistical investigations
(4) All of the above
86. is preferred for sampling method for the population of finite size.
(1) Systematic Sampling
(2) Purposive Sampling
(3) Cluster Sampling
(4) Area Sampling
87. The longitudinal approach of research deals with
(1) Short term researches
(2) Long term researches
(3) Horizontal researches
(4) None of these

88. Dramaturgical interviewing is carried out through
(1) Debating (2) Sampling
(3) Case Study (4) Role Playing
89. The word "Anusandhan" implies
(1) Goal orientation (2) Following an aim
(3) Attaining an aim (4) Praying to achieve an aim
90. Evaluation research is concerned with
(1) Why we are doing ? (2) What we are doing ?
(3) How well we are doing ? (4) None of the above
91. Which of the following element is **not** used in an automatic control system ?
(1) Final control element (2) Sensor
(3) Oscillator (4) Error detector
92. In a temperature control system, what conversion in signal takes place ?
(1) Error to Digital
(2) Error to Analog
(3) Digital to Analog
(4) Analog to Digital
93. The characteristics equation of a control system is given by $s(s + 4)(s^2 + 2s + s) + k(s + 1) = 0$. What are the angles of asymptotes for the root loci ?
(1) $0^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$ (2) $0^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ$
(3) $60^\circ, 180^\circ, 300^\circ$ (4) $120^\circ, 180^\circ, 240^\circ$
94. Wha
loop
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
95. V
96

94. What is the relation between output and I/P response and signal respectively in a closed loop system ?
- (1) Non-linear
 - (2) Linear
 - (3) Exponential
 - (4) Parabolic
95. Which of the motions in actuators are preferred ?
- (1) Rotary
 - (2) Stationary
 - (3) Translator
 - (4) Non-stationary
96. The constant M-circle represented by the equation $x^2 + 2.25x + y^2 = 1.25$ has the value of M equal to :
- (1) 1
 - (2) 2
 - (3) 3
 - (4) 4
97. Consider a feedback system with gain margin of about 30. At what point does Nyquist plot crosses negative real axis ?
- (1) -3
 - (2) -0.3
 - (3) -30
 - (4) -0.03

98. What is the advantage of superhetrodyning ?

- (1) High selectivity and sexsitivity
- (2) Low band width
- (3) Low adjacent channel rejection
- (4) Low fidelity

99. When will aliasing will take place ?

- (1) Sampling signals less than Nyquist rate
- (2) Sampling signals more than Nyquist rate
- (3) Sampling signals equals Nyquist rate
- (4) Sampling signals at a rate which is twice of Nyquist rate

100. The method of the communication in which tail of one pulse smears into adjacent symbol intervals is called as :

- (1) Inter symbol interference
- (2) Inter bit interference
- (3) Inter channel interference
- (4) None of the mentioned

Ph.D ECE Nov 2025 Answer Key

Sr. No	Set A	Set B	Set C	Set D
1	A	A	D	B
2	D	C	D	B
3	C	D	B	A
4	C	C	B	D
5	D	A	C	A
6	A	A	A	D
7	B	D	C	D
8	D	A	A	C
9	B	D	D	C
10	C	C	C	D
11	B	C	A	C
12	B	C	C	C
13	A	A	D	D
14	D	C	B	B
15	A	D	C	B
16	D	B	D	D
17	D	C	B	C
18	C	A	C	D
19	C	B	A	D
20	D	A	B	A
21	A	A	A	A
22	C	A	D	C
23	D	A	C	D
24	B	B	C	C
25	C	C	D	A
26	D	B	A	A
27	B	A	B	D
28	C	A	D	A
29	A	B	B	D
30	B	B	C	C
31	A	B	C	C
32	A	B	C	C
33	A	A	D	A
34	B	D	B	C
35	C	A	B	D
36	B	D	D	B
37	A	D	C	C
38	A	C	D	A
39	B	C	D	B
40	B	D	A	A
41	D	C	C	A
42	D	C	A	A
43	B	D	D	A
44	B	B	B	B
45	C	B	D	C
46	A	D	C	B
47	C	C	B	A
48	A	D	C	A
49	D	D	D	B
50	C	A	B	B
51	C	C	A	A

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100
10/11/25

C-221
10/11/25

52	C	A	A	C
53	A	D	A	D
54	C	B	B	B
55	D	D	C	C
56	B	C	B	D
57	C	B	A	B
58	A	C	A	C
59	B	D	B	A
60	A	B	B	B
61	C	C	A	D
62	A	D	C	D
63	D	C	D	B
64	B	B	C	B
65	D	A	A	C
66	C	C	A	A
67	B	B	D	C
68	C	A	A	A
69	D	A	D	D
70	B	A	C	C
71	A	D	C	C
72	C	D	D	A
73	D	B	C	D
74	C	B	B	B
75	A	C	A	D
76	A	A	C	C
77	D	C	B	B
78	A	A	A	C
79	D	D	A	D
80	C	C	A	B
81	C	A	B	A
82	D	C	B	D
83	C	D	A	C
84	B	B	D	C
85	A	C	A	D
86	C	D	D	A
87	B	B	D	B
88	A	C	C	D
89	A	A	C	B
90	A	B	D	C
91	C	A	C	C
92	C	D	C	D
93	D	C	A	C
94	B	C	C	B
95	B	D	D	A
96	D	A	B	C
97	C	B	C	B
98	D	D	A	A
99	D	B	B	A
100	A	C	A	A

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