

Total No. of Printed Pages : 21

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ARE ASKED TO DO SO)

A

UG-4Yr.EE-June, 2025

SET-Y

SUBJECT : English

10337

Sr. No.

Time : 1½ Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Total Questions : 100

Roll No. (in figures) _____ (in words) _____

Name _____ Date of Birth _____

Father's Name _____ Mother's Name _____

Date of Examination _____

(Signature of the Candidate)

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UG-4Yr.-EE-June, 2025/(ENGLISH)(SET-Y)/(A)

SEAL

READING COMPREHENSION : POETRY

Read the following poem and answer the questions 1-10 :

Ozymandias

by Percy Bysshe Shelley

I met a traveller from an antique land,
Who said — "Two vast and trunkless legs of stone
Stand in the desert Near them, on the sand,
Half sunk a shattered visage lies, whose frown,
And wrinkled lip, and sneer of cold command,
Tell that its sculptor well those passions read
Which yet survive, stamped on these lifeless things,
The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed;
And on the pedestal, these words appear:
My name is Ozymandias, King of Kings;
Look on my Works, ye Mighty, and despair!
Nothing beside remains. Round the decay
Of that colossal Wreck, boundless and bare
The lone and level sands stretch far away."

1. What is the main theme of the above poem "Ozymandias" ?

- (1) The enduring nature of art
- (2) The transience of power and human achievement
- (3) The beauty of ancient civilisations
- (4) The relationship between travellers and history

2. What literary device is employed in the line "The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed" ?
- (1) Simile (2) Alliteration
(3) Personification (4) Synecdoche
3. In the context of the poem, what does "mocked" most likely mean in "The hand that mocked them" ?
- (1) Ridiculed (2) Imitated or copied
(3) Defied (4) Laughed at
4. The poem is structured as :
- (1) A sonnet
(2) Free verse
(3) A narrative told through reported speech
(4) A ballad
5. The irony in the poem centres on :
- (1) The contrast between Ozymandias's boastful words and the ruined state of his statue
(2) The traveller's inability to appreciate ancient art
(3) The sculptor's misrepresentation of the king's character
(4) The narrator's disbelief in the traveller's story
6. The phrase "sneer of cold command" suggests that Ozymandias was :
- (1) A benevolent ruler
(2) An insecure leader seeking validation
(3) An arrogant and tyrannical ruler
(4) A misunderstood historical figure

7. The "colossal Wreck" in the poem refers to :

- (1) The entire civilization that Ozymandias ruled
- (2) The broken statue of Ozymandias
- (3) The desert landscape
- (4) The traveller's disappointment

8. The final lines of the poem emphasize :

- (1) The sculptor's talent for capturing emotion
- (2) The vastness of Ozymandias's former kingdom
- (3) The complete desolation surrounding the ruins
- (4) The historical significance of archaeological discoveries

9. The poem suggests that the most enduring element of Ozymandias's legacy is :

- (1) His architectural achievements
- (2) His military conquests
- (3) The record of his character preserved in art
- (4) His influence on desert geography

10. What perspective does the poem ultimately take on human ambition and the desire for immortality ?

- (1) It celebrates the human drive to create lasting monuments
- (2) It suggests that true immortality comes through compassionate leadership
- (3) It presents ambition as dangerous and misguided
- (4) It implies that all human attempts at lasting fame are ultimately futile

READING COMPREHENSION : PROSE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 11-15 :

The human brain remains perhaps the most complex and mysterious object in our universe. Weighing approximately three pounds, this intricate organ contains about 86 billion neurons, each connected to thousands of others through synapses. Despite tremendous advances in neuroscience, we still understand relatively little about how these billions of connections generate consciousness, memories, emotions, and the full range of human cognitive experiences.

Modern imaging techniques such as functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI) and Positron Emission Tomography (PET) allow scientists to observe the brain in action, revealing which regions become active during specific tasks. However, these tools show only the broad strokes of neural activity-like observing traffic patterns from space without seeing individual vehicles or drivers. The fundamental mechanisms by which neurons encode information and translate electrical signals into subjective experiences remain elusive.

Perhaps most perplexing is the phenomenon of consciousness itself-how does a collection of cells, however numerous and intricately connected, generate awareness and a sense of self ? This question, sometimes called "the hard problem of consciousness," sits at the intersection of neuroscience, philosophy, and psychology, challenging researchers across disciplines to reconsider fundamental assumptions about the relationship between matter and mind.

11. According to the passage, why is the brain difficult to understand completely ?

- (1) It contains too few neurons to study effectively
- (2) Its complexity and the mechanisms of consciousness remain mysterious
- (3) Modern imaging techniques are too primitive to be useful
- (4) Scientists lack interest in studying neural connections

12. What limitation of modern brain imaging techniques does the passage identify ?
- (1) They are prohibitively expensive for widespread research
 - (2) They cause damage to the neural tissues being studied
 - (3) They show only broad patterns of activity rather than detailed neural mechanisms
 - (4) They cannot distinguish between different brain regions
13. The metaphor comparing brain imaging to "observing traffic patterns from space" suggests that current techniques :
- (1) Provide a global perspective but miss individual details
 - (2) Are primarily conducted by satellite technology
 - (3) Are too distant from the subject matter to be useful
 - (4) Focus too much on movement rather than structure
14. The passage refers to "the hard problem of consciousness" as :
- (1) A technological challenge in building artificial neural networks
 - (2) The difficulty in treating neurological disorders
 - (3) The philosophical question of how physical brain matter creates subjective awareness
 - (4) The evolutionary puzzle of why humans developed larger brains than other primates
15. Which field is **not** mentioned as contributing to the study of consciousness ?
- (1) Mathematics
 - (2) Neuroscience
 - (3) Philosophy
 - (4) Psychology

READING COMPREHENSION : PASSAGE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 16-20 :

The invention of the printing press in the 15th century by Johannes Gutenberg revolutionized the spread of knowledge. Before this innovation, books were laboriously copied by hand, making them expensive and rare. The printing press made books more affordable and accessible, leading to increased literacy rates across Europe. This technological advancement had profound social and cultural implications, contributing to the Renaissance, the Reformation, and the Scientific Revolution. The democratization of knowledge through printed materials challenged existing power structures and enabled new ideas to spread more rapidly than ever before.

16. The main idea of the passage is :

- (1) Johannes Gutenberg was a famous inventor
- (2) Books were expensive before the printing press
- (3) The printing press revolutionized the spread of knowledge
- (4) The Renaissance occurred in the 15th century

17. According to the passage, what effect did the printing press have on literacy ?

- (1) It decreased literacy rates
- (2) It increased literacy rates
- (3) It had no effect on literacy
- (4) It only affected wealthy people

18. The word "laboriously" most nearly means :

- (1) quickly
- (2) carelessly
- (3) with great effort
- (4) expertly

19. The passage suggests that the printing press :

- (1) Only affected religious movements
- (2) Had wide-ranging social and cultural effects
- (3) Was rejected by most people
- (4) Only benefited the wealthy

20. What does "democratisation of knowledge" mean in this context ?

- (1) Making knowledge available to more people
- (2) Political changes in democracies
- (3) Voting on what books to print
- (4) Government control of printing

21. Identify the figure of speech in "The classroom was a zoo during the food fight" :

- (1) Oxymoron
- (2) Alliteration
- (3) Simile
- (4) Metaphor

22. What literary device is used in "The soldiers fought like lions" ?

- (1) Personification
- (2) Metaphor
- (3) Oxymoron
- (4) Simile

23. Which of the following is an example of assonance ?

- (1) She sells seashells by the seashore
- (2) The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain
- (3) Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers
- (4) Betty bought a bit of better butter

24. The phrase "to see the light" is an example of :

- (1) Synecdoche
- (2) Metonymy
- (3) Idiom
- (4) Allusion

25. Which of the following illustrates the use of antithesis ?

- (1) "To err is human; to forgive, divine."
- (2) "The pen is mightier than the sword."
- (3) "A tale told by an idiot, full of sound and fury, signifying nothing."
- (4) "Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears."

26. Which sentence demonstrates correct subject-verb agreement ?

- (1) The group of students are studying for the exam
- (2) The class of 2023 have graduated
- (3) The committee has reached a decision
- (4) Each of the boys have their own room

27. In the sentence "Either my brother or my sisters going to help," the correct verb is :

- (1) is
- (2) are
- (3) has
- (4) have

28. Choose the sentence with **correct** subject-verb agreement :

- (1) The jury was divided in their opinions
- (2) Everybody were invited to the party
- (3) Neither of the options look good
- (4) Mathematics is my favorite subject

29. Which of the following sentences is grammatically *correct* ?

- (1) Neither the principal nor the teachers were informed
- (2) Neither the teachers nor the principal were informed
- (3) Neither the principal nor the teachers was informed
- (4) Neither the teachers nor the principal was informed

30. Select the sentence with proper subject-verb agreement :

- (1) The number of students in this class are increasing
- (2) A number of suggestions was made
- (3) The number of applicants has doubled since last year
- (4) A number of students is absent today

31. What does the phrasal verb "look down on" mean ?

- (1) To search for information
- (2) To visit someone
- (3) To admire or respect someone
- (4) To regard with contempt or disdain

32. Which sentence uses the phrasal verb "put off" *correctly* ?

- (1) She put off her coat when she entered the room
- (2) They put off the lights before leaving
- (3) We decided to put off the meeting until next week
- (4) He put off his resignation letter on the desk

33. What does the phrasal verb "give up" mean in the sentence "After three hours, the rescue team gave up the search" ?
- (1) To abandon or quit (2) To return something
(3) To sacrifice (4) To surrender to authorities
34. Select the **correct** meaning of "run into" in "I ran into an old friend at the grocery store."
- (1) To collide with someone (2) To meet someone by chance
(3) To enter quickly (4) To experience problems
35. In the sentence "Please fill this form," the correct particle is :
- (1) up (2) out (3) in (4) through
36. The use of words to imitate the sound they denote is known as :
- (1) Symbolism (2) Imagery
(3) Alliteration (4) Onomatopoeia
37. In the phrase "the foot of the mountain," what figurative device is being used ?
- (1) Personification (2) Simile (3) Metaphor (4) Hyperbole
38. What is the term for words that have opposite meanings ?
- (1) Homonyms (2) Antonyms (3) Synonyms (4) Homophones
39. Identify the figure of speech in "I'm so hungry I could eat a horse" :
- (1) Metonymy (2) Paradox (3) Simile (4) Hyperbole
40. The difference between what is said and what is meant is known as :
- (1) Irony (2) Pragmatics (3) Euphemism (4) Syntax

41. Which sentence is in the passive voice ?
- (1) The chef prepared a delicious meal
 - (2) The students completed the assignment
 - (3) The teacher graded the tests
 - (4) A delicious meal was prepared by the chef
42. Convert the active voice sentence " Alex is writing a letter" to passive voice :
- (1) A letter is being written by Alex
 - (2) A letter was written by Alex
 - (3) A letter has been written by Alex
 - (4) A letter will be written by Alex
43. Which is the passive form of "They have built a new bridge" ?
- (1) A new bridge is being built by them
 - (2) A new bridge has been built by them
 - (3) A new bridge was built by them
 - (4) A new bridge had been built by them
44. Identify the sentence in active voice :
- (1) The exhibition was opened by the mayor
 - (2) The documents were signed by the CEO
 - (3) The team completed the project ahead of schedule
 - (4) The book was written by a famous author

45. Which sentence correctly converts "The police are investigating the case" to passive voice ?
- (1) The case is investigating by the police
 - (2) The case has been investigated by the police
 - (3) The case was being investigated by the police
 - (4) The case is being investigated by the police
46. In today's digital era, social-media platforms seem, appearing in nearly every facet of modern life.
- (1) Omnipresent (2) Scarce (3) Lavish (4) Tedious
47. Despite the lively debate, Rohit remained, speaking only when directly addressed.
- (1) Garrulous (2) Reticent (3) Boisterous (4) Impudent
48. The film's soundtrack created an atmosphere of lingering sorrow.
- (1) Jovial (2) Resilient (3) Mournful (4) Ambiguous
49. Fashion trends are often; they vanish as quickly as they emerge.
- (1) Perpetual (2) Tangible (3) Elaborate (4) Transient
50. The union leader's stance stalled negotiations for weeks.
- (1) Uncompromising (2) Flexible
 - (3) Vacillating (4) Conciliatory
51. Identify the word most nearly opposite in meaning to munificent :
- (1) Generous (2) Stingy (3) Bountiful (4) Profuse

A

52. Which word is most nearly opposite in meaning to obsequious ?
(1) Servile (2) Submissive (3) Defiant (4) Sycophantic
53. Engineers built new channels to the excess monsoon water-doing the very opposite of inundate.
(1) Flood (2) Deluge (3) Immerse (4) Drain
54. While some speakers rambled on, Ananya's remarks were refreshingly, the opposite of a garrulous style.
(1) Terse (2) Verbose (3) Talkative (4) Loquacious
55. Choose the best words suitable to be opposite to the word 'sedulous' :
(1) Diligent (2) Lazy (3) Assiduous (4) Industrious
56. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
(1) Walking through the forest, the birds sang loudly
(2) The birds sang loudly as we walked through the forest
(3) While walking through the forest, we heard birds singing loudly
(4) The birds, singing loudly, were visible through the forest canopy
57. Identify the complex sentence :
(1) The sun was shining, and the birds were singing
(2) Although the sun was shining, the air was cold
(3) The sun was shining; the birds were singing
(4) The sun was shining, but the air was cold

58. In which sentence is the semicolon used *correctly* ?

- (1) John likes to run; and swim
- (2) They visited Paris, France; London, England; and Rome, Italy
- (3) We need the following items; milk, bread, and eggs
- (4) I have a big test tomorrow; I need to study

59. Which sentence demonstrates *correct* use of the past perfect tense ?

- (1) The train had already departed when we arrived at the station
- (2) The train already departed when we arrived at the station
- (3) The train has already departed when we arrived at the station
- (4) The train was already departing when we arrived at the station

60. Which sentence contains a *correctly* placed apostrophe ?

- (1) The childrens' toys were scattered across the floor
- (2) The children's toys' were scattered across the floor
- (3) The childrens toys were scattered across the floor
- (4) The children's toys were scattered across the floor

61. The study of how sentences are structured is known as :

- (1) Morphology (2) Phonology (3) Pragmatics (4) Syntax

62. Which of the following is an example of a neologism ?

- (1) Smartphone (2) Carriage (3) Bonnet (4) Thrice

63. What figure of speech is used in "The leaves danced in the wind" ?

- (1) Simile (2) Metaphor (3) Hyperbole (4) Personification

A

64. Which of the following is an example of alliteration ?
- (1) "How now, brown cow?"
 - (2) "The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain."
 - (3) "I like to eat, eat apples and bananas."
 - (4) "She sells seashells by the seashore."
65. The use of a word to modify or govern two or more words when it is appropriate to only one of them is called :
- (1) Pleonasm
 - (2) Zeugma
 - (3) Synecdoche
 - (4) Syllepsis
66. The word "ubiquitous" means :
- (1) rare
 - (2) expensive
 - (3) ancient
 - (4) everywhere present
67. "Ephemeral" most closely means :
- (1) eternal
 - (2) short-lived
 - (3) beautiful
 - (4) mysterious
68. An "analogy" is :
- (1) A comparison between two things
 - (2) A type of clock
 - (3) A scientific study
 - (4) A form of poetry
69. "Ambiguous" means :
- (1) clear and precise
 - (2) having multiple possible meanings
 - (3) very long
 - (4) scientifically proven
70. The root "bio" means :
- (1) book
 - (2) water
 - (3) earth
 - (4) life

71. Which sentence is grammatically *correct* ?

- (1) Each of the students have submitted their assignment
- (2) Each of the students has submitted their assignment
- (3) Each of the students has submitted his or her assignment
- (4) Each of the students have submitted his or her assignment

72. Identify the type of sentence : "Although it was raining, we decided to go for a walk."

- (1) Simple sentence
- (2) Compound sentence
- (3) Compound-complex sentence
- (4) Complex sentence

73. Which word is misspelled ?

- (1) Separate
- (2) Definately
- (3) Receive
- (4) Occurred

74. In the sentence "The dog chased the cat up the tree," what is the direct object ?

- (1) Dog
- (2) Cat
- (3) Tree
- (4) Chased

75. Which sentence uses the apostrophe *correctly* ?

- (1) The eat's are sleeping in the sun
- (2) Its time to go home now
- (3) The children's toys are scattered everywhere
- (4) I need to buy some apple's for the pie

76. Choose the *correct* form : "I have this book before."

- (1) read
- (2) red
- (3) readed
- (4) reading

77. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
- (1) Running quickly, John caught the bus
 - (2) Running quickly, the bus was caught by John
 - (3) John, running quickly, caught the bus
 - (4) The bus was caught by John, who was running quickly
78. What type of pronoun is "myself" in the sentence "I did it myself" ?
- (1) Personal pronoun
 - (2) Reflexive pronoun
 - (3) Demonstrative pronoun
 - (4) Relative pronoun
79. Which sentence uses parallel structure ?
- (1) She likes swimming, to dance, and reading
 - (2) She likes swimming, dancing, and to read
 - (3) She likes swimming, dancing, and reading
 - (4) She likes to swim, dancing, and to read
80. Identify the subordinating conjunction: "We'll go to the beach unless it rains."
- (1) We'll
 - (2) to
 - (3) it
 - (4) unless
81. The famous rock-cut caves of Ajanta contain paintings primarily depicting :
- (1) Hindu mythology
 - (2) Mughal court scenes
 - (3) Life of Buddha and Jataka tales
 - (4) Daily life of common people

82. Who among the following is known as the "Father of Modern Indian Art" ?
(1) Raja Ravi Varma (2) Jamini Roy
(3) M. F. Husain (4) Nandalal Bose
83. The Nataraja bronze sculptures representing Shiva as the cosmic dancer are primarily associated with which dynasty ?
(1) Gupta (2) Pallava (3) Chola (4) Pandya
84. The traditional art form of Madhubani painting originates from which Indian state ?
(1) West Bengal (2) Rajasthan
(3) Gujarat (4) Bihar
85. Which of the following dance forms is indigenous to Kerala and combines elements of martial arts, theater, and music ?
(1) Bharata Natyam (2) Mohiniyattam
(3) Kathakali (4) Kuchipudi
86. The Kangra School of painting, known for its delicate lines and cool colors, primarily focused on themes related to :
(1) Krishna and Radha's love (2) Historical battles
(3) Portraits rulers (4) Abstract concepts
87. The ancient caves of Ellora represent artistic contributions from which religious traditions ?
(1) Only Buddhism
(2) Only Hinduism
(3) Only Jainism
(4) All three : Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism

88. Which Indian artist was known for his "Progressive Artists' Group" and his paintings often depicted the struggles of urban life ?
- (1) Nandalal Bose (2) M. F. Husain
(3) Rabindranath Tagore (4) Raja Ravi Varma
89. Which of the following works by Rabindranath Tagore was originally written in Bengali as "Gitanjali" before he translated it into English, helping him win the Nobel Prize ?
- (1) The Home and the World (2) Gora
(3) The Gardener (4) Song Offerings
90. Who is the author of the controversial novel "The Satanic Verses" ?
- (1) Salman Rushdie (2) V. S. Naipaul
(3) Anita Desai (4) Khushwant Singh
91. The Bhakti Movement poet-saint Mirabai's compositions were primarily dedicated to which deity ?
- (1) Lord Shiva (2) Goddess Durga
(3) Lord Krishna (4) Lord Rama
92. Which ancient Indian text is considered the oldest of the Vedas and contains hymns and mantras to various deities ?
- (1) Samaveda (2) Yajurveda
(3) Atharvaveda (4) Rigveda
93. Which literary movement in modern Indian literature was characterised by realistic depictions of society and anti-colonial sentiments ?
- (1) Romanticism (2) Symbolism
(3) Progressive Writers' Movement (4) Beat Generation

94. Which ancient Indian playwright wrote "Abhijnanashakuntalam" (The Recognition of Shakuntala) ?
 (1) Kalidasa (2) Bharata (3) Bhasa (4) Shudraka
95. Which Indian author won the International Booker Prize in 2022 for the novel "Tomb of Sand," making history as the first book originally written in an Indian language to win this prize ?
 (1) Perumal Murugan (2) Amitav Ghosh
 (3) Vivek Shanbhag (4) Geetanjali Shree
96. The prestigious Jnanpith Award is given for outstanding contribution in which field ?
 (1) Classical dance (2) Literature (3) Visual arts (4) Classical music
97. Which Indian filmmaker won the Palme d'Or at the Cannes Film Festival for "Pather Panchali" ?
 (1) Ritwik Ghatak (2) Mira Nair (3) Satyajit Ray (4) Shyam Benegal
98. Who is the author of "The Ministry of Utmost Happiness," published in 2017 after a 20- year fiction writing hiatus ?
 (1) Arundhati Roy (2) Vikram Seth (3) Amitav Ghosh (4) Kiran Desai
99. The Dadasaheb Phalke Award, India's highest award in cinema, was most recently awarded to which personality in 2024 ?
 (1) Amitabh Bachchan (2) Rajinikanth
 (3) Waheeda Rehman (4) Kamal Haasan
100. Which Indian city was designated as the UNESCO World Book Capital for 2025 ?
 (1) Mumbai (2) Kolkata (3) Varanasi (4) New Delhi

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 - (1) read
 - (2) red
 - (3) readed
 - (4) reading

7. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
- (1) Running quickly, John caught the bus
 - (2) Running quickly, the bus was caught by John
 - (3) John, running quickly, caught the bus
 - (4) The bus was caught by John, who was running quickly
8. What type of pronoun is "myself" in the sentence "I did it myself" ?
- (1) Personal pronoun
 - (2) Reflexive pronoun
 - (3) Demonstrative pronoun
 - (4) Relative pronoun
9. Which sentence uses parallel structure ?
- (1) She likes swimming, to dance, and reading
 - (2) She likes swimming, dancing, and to read
 - (3) She likes swimming, dancing, and reading
 - (4) She likes to swim, dancing, and to read
10. Identify the subordinating conjunction: "We'll go to the beach unless it rains."
- (1) We'll
 - (2) to
 - (3) it
 - (4) unless
11. Identify the word most nearly opposite in meaning to munificent :
- (1) Generous
 - (2) Stingy
 - (3) Bountiful
 - (4) Profuse
12. Which word is most nearly opposite in meaning to obsequious ?
- (1) Servile
 - (2) Submissive
 - (3) Defiant
 - (4) Sycophantic
13. Engineers built new channels to the excess monsoon water-doing the very opposite of inundate.
- (1) Flood
 - (2) Deluge
 - (3) Immerse
 - (4) Drain

14. While some speakers rambled on, Ananya's remarks were refreshingly, the opposite of a garrulous style.
- (1) Terse (2) Verbose (3) Talkative (4) Loquacious
15. Choose the best words suitable to be opposite to the word 'sedulous' :
- (1) Diligent (2) Lazy (3) Assiduous (4) Industrious
16. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
- (1) Walking through the forest, the birds sang loudly
- (2) The birds sang loudly as we walked through the forest
- (3) While walking through the forest, we heard birds singing loudly
- (4) The birds, singing loudly, were visible through the forest canopy
17. Identify the complex sentence :
- (1) The sun was shining, and the birds were singing
- (2) Although the sun was shining, the air was cold
- (3) The sun was shining; the birds were singing
- (4) The sun was shining, but the air was cold
18. In which sentence is the semicolon used **correctly** ?
- (1) John likes to run; and swim
- (2) They visited Paris, France; London, England; and Rome, Italy
- (3) We need the following items; milk, bread, and eggs
- (4) I have a big test tomorrow; I need to study

19. Which sentence demonstrates *correct* use of the past perfect tense ?

- (1) The train had already departed when we arrived at the station
- (2) The train already departed when we arrived at the station
- (3) The train has already departed when we arrived at the station
- (4) The train was already departing when we arrived at the station

20. Which sentence contains a *correctly* placed apostrophe ?

- (1) The childrens' toys were scattered across the floor
- (2) The children's toys' were scattered across the floor
- (3) The childrens toys were scattered across the floor
- (4) The children's toys were scattered across the floor

21. What does the phrasal verb "look down on" mean ?

- (1) To search for information
- (2) To visit someone
- (3) To admire or respect someone
- (4) To regard with contempt or disdain

22. Which sentence uses the phrasal verb "put off" *correctly* ?

- (1) She put off her coat when she entered the room
- (2) They put off the lights before leaving
- (3) We decided to put off the meeting until next week
- (4) He put off his resignation letter on the desk

- UG-4Yr.-EE-June, 2025/(ENGLISH)(SET-Y)/(B) P. T. O.**

READING COMPREHENSION : PROSE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 31-35 :

The human brain remains perhaps the most complex and mysterious object in our universe. Weighing approximately three pounds, this intricate organ contains about 86 billion neurons, each connected to thousands of others through synapses. Despite tremendous advances in neuroscience, we still understand relatively little about how these billions of connections generate consciousness, memories, emotions, and the full range of human cognitive experiences.

Modern imaging techniques such as functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI) and Positron Emission Tomography (PET) allow scientists to observe the brain in action, revealing which regions become active during specific tasks. However, these tools show only the broad strokes of neural activity-like observing traffic patterns from space without seeing individual vehicles or drivers. The fundamental mechanisms by which neurons encode information and translate electrical signals into subjective experiences remain elusive.

Perhaps most perplexing is the phenomenon of consciousness itself-how does a collection of cells, however numerous and intricately connected, generate awareness and a sense of self? This question, sometimes called "the hard problem of consciousness," sits at the intersection of neuroscience, philosophy, and psychology, challenging researchers across disciplines to reconsider fundamental assumptions about the relationship between matter and mind.

31. According to the passage, why is the brain difficult to understand completely ?

- (1) It contains too few neurons to study effectively
- (2) Its complexity and the mechanisms of consciousness remain mysterious
- (3) Modern imaging techniques are too primitive to be useful
- (4) Scientists lack interest in studying neural connections

32. What limitation of modern brain imaging techniques does the passage identify ?

- (1) They are prohibitively expensive for widespread research
- (2) They cause damage to the neural tissues being studied
- (3) They show only broad patterns of activity rather than detailed neural mechanisms
- (4) They cannot distinguish between different brain regions

33. The metaphor comparing brain imaging to "observing traffic patterns from space" suggests that current techniques :

- (1) Provide a global perspective but miss individual details
- (2) Are primarily conducted by satellite technology
- (3) Are too distant from the subject matter to be useful
- (4) Focus too much on movement rather than structure

34. The passage refers to "the hard problem of consciousness" as :

- (1) A technological challenge in building artificial neural networks
- (2) The difficulty in treating neurological disorders
- (3) The philosophical question of how physical brain matter creates subjective awareness
- (4) The evolutionary puzzle of why humans developed larger brains than other primates

35. Which field is **not** mentioned as contributing to the study of consciousness ?

- (1) Mathematics
- (2) Neuroscience
- (3) Philosophy
- (4) Psychology

READING COMPREHENSION : PASSAGE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 36-40 :

The invention of the printing press in the 15th century by Johannes Gutenberg revolutionized the spread of knowledge. Before this innovation, books were laboriously copied by hand, making them expensive and rare. The printing press made books more affordable and accessible, leading to increased literacy rates across Europe. This technological advancement had profound social and cultural implications, contributing to the Renaissance, the Reformation, and the Scientific Revolution. The democratization of knowledge through printed materials challenged existing power structures and enabled new ideas to spread more rapidly than ever before.

36. The main idea of the passage is :

- (1) Johannes Gutenberg was a famous inventor
- (2) Books were expensive before the printing press
- (3) The printing press revolutionized the spread of knowledge
- (4) The Renaissance occurred in the 15th century

37. According to the passage, what effect did the printing press have on literacy ?

- (1) It decreased literacy rates
- (2) It increased literacy rates
- (3) It had no effect on literacy
- (4) It only affected wealthy people

38. The word "laboriously" most nearly means :

- (1) quickly
- (2) carelessly
- (3) with great effort
- (4) expertly

39. The passage suggests that the printing press :
- (1) Only affected religious movements
 - (2) Had wide-ranging social and cultural effects
 - (3) Was rejected by most people
 - (4) Only benefited the wealthy
40. What does "democratisation of knowledge" mean in this context ?
- (1) Making knowledge available to more people
 - (2) Political changes in democracies
 - (3) Voting on what books to print
 - (4) Government control of printing
41. The Bhakti Movement poet-saint Mirabai's compositions were primarily dedicated to which deity ?
- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| (1) Lord Shiva | (2) Goddess Durga |
| (3) Lord Krishna | (4) Lord Rama |
42. Which ancient Indian text is considered the oldest of the Vedas and contains hymns and mantras to various deities ?
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| (1) Samaveda | (2) Yajurveda |
| (3) Atharvaveda | (4) Rigveda |
43. Which literary movement in modern Indian literature was characterised by realistic depictions of society and anti-colonial sentiments ?
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| (1) Romanticism | (2) Symbolism |
| (3) Progressive Writers' Movement | (4) Beat Generation |

44. Which ancient Indian playwright wrote "Abhijnanashakuntalam" (The Recognition of Shakuntala) ?
(1) Kalidasa (2) Bharata (3) Bhasa (4) Shudraka
45. Which Indian author won the International Booker Prize in 2022 for the novel "Tomb of Sand," making history as the first book originally written in an Indian language to win this prize ?
(1) Perumal Murugan (2) Amitav Ghosh
(3) Vivek Shanbhag (4) Geetanjali Shree
46. The prestigious Jnanpith Award is given for outstanding contribution in which field ?
(1) Classical dance (2) Literature (3) Visual arts (4) Classical music
47. Which Indian filmmaker won the Palme d'Or at the Cannes Film Festival for "Pather Panchali" ?
(1) Ritwik Ghatak (2) Mira Nair (3) Satyajit Ray (4) Shyam Benegal
48. Who is the author of "The Ministry of Utmost Happiness," published in 2017 after a 20- year fiction writing hiatus ?
(1) Arundhati Roy (2) Vikram Seth (3) Amitav Ghosh (4) Kiran Desai
49. The Dadasaheb Phalke Award, India's highest award in cinema, was most recently awarded to which personality in 2024 ?
(1) Amitabh Bachchan (2) Rajinikanth
(3) Waheeda Rehman (4) Kamal Haasan
50. Which Indian city was designated as the UNESCO World Book Capital for 2025 ?
(1) Mumbai (2) Kolkata (3) Varanasi (4) New Delhi

51. The study of how sentences are structured is known as :
(1) Morphology (2) Phonology (3) Pragmatics (4) Syntax
52. Which of the following is an example of a neologism ?
(1) Smartphone (2) Carriage (3) Bonnet (4) Thrice
53. What figure of speech is used in "The leaves danced in the wind" ?
(1) Simile (2) Metaphor (3) Hyperbole (4) Personification
54. Which of the following is an example of alliteration ?
(1) "How now, brown cow?"
(2) "The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain."
(3) "I like to eat, eat apples and bananas."
(4) "She sells seashells by the seashore."
55. The use of a word to modify or govern two or more words when it is appropriate to only one of them is called :
(1) Pleonasm (2) Zeugma (3) Synecdoche (4) Syllepsis
56. The word "ubiquitous" means :
(1) rare (2) expensive (3) ancient (4) everywhere present
57. "Ephemeral" most closely means :
(1) eternal (2) short-lived (3) beautiful (4) mysterious
58. An "analogy" is :
(1) A comparison between two things (2) A type of clock
(3) A scientific study (4) A form of poetry

59. "Ambiguous" means :
- (1) clear and precise
 - (2) having multiple possible meanings
 - (3) very long
 - (4) scientifically proven
60. The root "bio" means :
- (1) book
 - (2) water
 - (3) earth
 - (4) life
61. The famous rock-cut caves of Ajanta contain paintings primarily depicting :
- (1) Hindu mythology
 - (2) Mughal court scenes
 - (3) Life of Buddha and Jataka tales
 - (4) Daily life of common people
62. Who among the following is known as the "Father of Modern Indian Art" ?
- (1) Raja Ravi Varma
 - (2) Jamini Roy
 - (3) M. F. Husain
 - (4) Nandalal Bose
63. The Nataraja bronze sculptures representing Shiva as the cosmic dancer are primarily associated with which dynasty ?
- (1) Gupta
 - (2) Pallava
 - (3) Chola
 - (4) Pandya
64. The traditional art form of Madhubani painting originates from which Indian state ?
- (1) West Bengal
 - (2) Rajasthan
 - (3) Gujarat
 - (4) Bihar
65. Which of the following dance forms is indigenous to Kerala and combines elements of martial arts, theater, and music ?
- (1) Bharata Natyam
 - (2) Mohiniyattam
 - (3) Kathakali
 - (4) Kuchipudi

66. The Kangra School of painting, known for its delicate lines and cool colors, primarily focused on themes related to :
- (1) Krishna and Radha's love
 - (2) Historical battles
 - (3) Portraits rulers
 - (4) Abstract concepts
67. The ancient caves of Ellora represent artistic contributions from which religious traditions ?
- (1) Only Buddhism
 - (2) Only Hinduism
 - (3) Only Jainism
 - (4) All three : Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism
68. Which Indian artist was known for his "Progressive Artists' Group" and his paintings often depicted the struggles of urban life ?
- (1) Nandalal Bose
 - (2) M. F. Husain
 - (3) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (4) Raja Ravi Varma
69. Which of the following works by Rabindranath Tagore was originally written in Bengali as "Gitanjali" before he translated it into English, helping him win the Nobel Prize ?
- (1) The Home and the World
 - (2) Gora
 - (3) The Gardener
 - (4) Song Offerings
70. Who is the author of the controversial novel "The Satanic Verses" ?
- (1) Salman Rushdie
 - (2) V. S. Naipaul
 - (3) Anita Desai
 - (4) Khushwant Singh

71. Which sentence is in the passive voice ?

- (1) The chef prepared a delicious meal
- (2) The students completed the assignment
- (3) The teacher graded the tests
- (4) A delicious meal was prepared by the chef

72. Convert the active voice sentence " Alex is writing a letter" to passive voice :

- (1) A letter is being written by Alex
- (2) A letter was written by Alex
- (3) A letter has been written by Alex
- (4) A letter will be written by Alex

73. Which is the passive form of "They have built a new bridge" ?

- (1) A new bridge is being built by them
- (2) A new bridge has been built by them
- (3) A new bridge was built by them
- (4) A new bridge had been built by them

74. Identify the sentence in active voice :

- (1) The exhibition was opened by the mayor
- (2) The documents were signed by the CEO
- (3) The team completed the project ahead of schedule
- (4) The book was written by a famous author

75. Which sentence correctly converts "The police are investigating the case" to passive voice ?
- (1) The case is investigating by the police
(2) The case has been investigated by the police
(3) The case was being investigated by the police
(4) The case is being investigated by the police
76. In today's digital era, social-media platforms seem, appearing in nearly every facet of modern life.
- (1) Omnipresent (2) Scarce (3) Lavish (4) Tedious
77. Despite the lively debate, Rohit remained, speaking only when directly addressed.
- (1) Garrulous (2) Reticent (3) Boisterous (4) Impudent
78. The film's soundtrack created an atmosphere of lingering sorrow.
- (1) Jovial (2) Resilient (3) Mournful (4) Ambiguous
79. Fashion trends are often; they vanish as quickly as they emerge.
- (1) Perpetual (2) Tangible (3) Elaborate (4) Transient
80. The union leader's stance stalled negotiations for weeks.
- (1) Uncompromising (2) Flexible
(3) Vacillating (4) Conciliatory
81. Identify the figure of speech in "The classroom was a zoo during the food fight" :
- (1) Oxymoron (2) Alliteration
(3) Simile (4) Metaphor

82. What literary device is used in "The soldiers fought like lions" ?

- (1) Personification
- (2) Metaphor
- (3) Oxymoron
- (4) Simile

83. Which of the following is an example of assonance ?

- (1) She sells seashells by the seashore
- (2) The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain
- (3) Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers
- (4) Betty bought a bit of better butter

84. The phrase "to see the light" is an example of :

- (1) Synecdoche
- (2) Metonymy
- (3) Idiom
- (4) Allusion

85. Which of the following illustrates the use of antithesis ?

- (1) "To err is human; to forgive, divine."
- (2) "The pen is mightier than the sword."
- (3) "A tale told by an idiot, full of sound and fury, signifying nothing."
- (4) "Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears."

86. Which sentence demonstrates correct subject-verb agreement ?

- (1) The group of students are studying for the exam
- (2) The class of 2023 have graduated
- (3) The committee has reached a decision
- (4) Each of the boys have their own room

87. In the sentence "Either my brother or my sisters going to help," the correct verb is :
- (1) is (2) are (3) has (4) have
88. Choose the sentence with **correct** subject-verb agreement :
- (1) The jury was divided in their opinions
(2) Everybody were invited to the party
(3) Neither of the options look good
(4) Mathematics is my favorite subject
89. Which of the following sentences is grammatically **correct** ?
- (1) Neither the principal nor the teachers were informed
(2) Neither the teachers nor the principal were informed
(3) Neither the principal nor the teachers was informed
(4) Neither the teachers nor the principal was informed
90. Select the sentence with proper subject-verb agreement :
- (1) The number of students in this class are increasing
(2) A number of suggestions was made
(3) The number of applicants has doubled since last year
(4) A number of students is absent today

READING COMPREHENSION : POETRY

Read the following poem and answer the questions 91-100 :

Ozymandias

by Percy Bysshe Shelley

I met a traveller from an antique land,
Who said — "Two vast and trunkless legs of stone
Stand in the desert Near them, on the sand,
Half sunk a shattered visage lies, whose frown,
And wrinkled lip, and sneer of cold command,
Tell that its sculptor well those passions read
Which yet survive, stamped on these lifeless things,
The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed;
And on the pedestal, these words appear:
My name is Ozymandias, King of Kings;
Look on my Works, ye Mighty, and despair!
Nothing beside remains. Round the decay
Of that colossal Wreck, boundless and bare
The lone and level sands stretch far away."

91. What is the main theme of the above poem "Ozymandias" ?

- (1) The enduring nature of art
- (2) The transience of power and human achievement
- (3) The beauty of ancient civilisations
- (4) The relationship between travellers and history

92. What literary device is employed in the line "The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed" ?
- (1) Simile (2) Alliteration
(3) Personification (4) Synecdoche
93. In the context of the poem, what does "mocked" most likely mean in "The hand that mocked them" ?
- (1) Ridiculed (2) Imitated or copied
(3) Defied (4) Laughed at
94. The poem is structured as :
- (1) A sonnet
(2) Free verse
(3) A narrative told through reported speech
(4) A ballad
95. The irony in the poem centres on :
- (1) The contrast between Ozymandias's boastful words and the ruined state of his statue
(2) The traveller's inability to appreciate ancient art
(3) The sculptor's misrepresentation of the king's character
(4) The narrator's disbelief in the traveller's story
96. The phrase "sneer of cold command" suggests that Ozymandias was :
- (1) A benevolent ruler
(2) An insecure leader seeking validation
(3) An arrogant and tyrannical ruler
(4) A misunderstood historical figure

97. The "colossal Wreck" in the poem refers to :

- (1) The entire civilization that Ozymandias ruled
- (2) The broken statue of Ozymandias
- (3) The desert landscape
- (4) The traveller's disappointment

98. The final lines of the poem emphasize :

- (1) The sculptor's talent for capturing emotion
- (2) The vastness of Ozymandias's former kingdom
- (3) The complete desolation surrounding the ruins
- (4) The historical significance of archaeological discoveries

99. The poem suggests that the most enduring element of Ozymandias's legacy is :

- (1) His architectural achievements
- (2) His military conquests
- (3) The record of his character preserved in art
- (4) His influence on desert geography

100. What perspective does the poem ultimately take on human ambition and the desire for immortality ?

- (1) It celebrates the human drive to create lasting monuments
- (2) It suggests that true immortality comes through compassionate leadership
- (3) It presents ambition as dangerous and misguided
- (4) It implies that all human attempts at lasting fame are ultimately futile

SEAL

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C

SET-Y

UG-4Yr.EE-June, 2025

SUBJECT : English

10339

Sr. No.

Time : 1¼ Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Total Questions : 100

Roll No. (in figures) _____ (in words) _____

Name _____ Date of Birth _____

Father's Name _____ Mother's Name _____

Date of Examination _____

(Signature of the Candidate)

(Signature of the Invigilator)

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4. Question Booklet along with answer key of all the A, B, C & D code shall be got uploaded on the University Website immediately after the conduct of Entrance Examination. Candidates may raise valid objection/complaint if any, with regard to discrepancy in the question booklet/answer key within 24 hours of uploading the same on the University Website. The complaint be sent by the students to the Controller of Examinations by hand or through email. Thereafter, no complaint in any case, will be considered.
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UG-4Yr.-EE-June, 2025/(ENGLISH)(SET-Y)/(C)

SEAL

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by Percy Bysshe Shelley

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And wrinkled lip, and sneer of cold command,
Tell that its sculptor well those passions read
Which yet survive, stamped on these lifeless things,
The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed;
And on the pedestal, these words appear:
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(3) Personification (4) Synecdoche
23. In the context of the poem, what does "mocked" most likely mean in "The hand that mocked them" ?
- (1) Ridiculed (2) Imitated or copied
(3) Defied (4) Laughed at
24. The poem is structured as :
- (1) A sonnet
(2) Free verse
(3) A narrative told through reported speech
(4) A ballad
25. The irony in the poem centres on :
- (1) The contrast between Ozymandias's boastful words and the ruined state of his statue
(2) The traveller's inability to appreciate ancient art
(3) The sculptor's misrepresentation of the king's character
(4) The narrator's disbelief in the traveller's story
26. The phrase "sneer of cold command" suggests that Ozymandias was :
- (1) A benevolent ruler
(2) An insecure leader seeking validation
(3) An arrogant and tyrannical ruler
(4) A misunderstood historical figure

27. The "colossal Wreck" in the poem refers to :
- (1) The entire civilization that Ozymandias ruled
 - (2) The broken statue of Ozymandias
 - (3) The desert landscape
 - (4) The traveller's disappointment
28. The final lines of the poem emphasize :
- (1) The sculptor's talent for capturing emotion
 - (2) The vastness of Ozymandias's former kingdom
 - (3) The complete desolation surrounding the ruins
 - (4) The historical significance of archaeological discoveries
29. The poem suggests that the most enduring element of Ozymandias's legacy is :
- (1) His architectural achievements
 - (2) His military conquests
 - (3) The record of his character preserved in art
 - (4) His influence on desert geography
30. What perspective does the poem ultimately take on human ambition and the desire for immortality ?
- (1) It celebrates the human drive to create lasting monuments
 - (2) It suggests that true immortality comes through compassionate leadership
 - (3) It presents ambition as dangerous and misguided
 - (4) It implies that all human attempts at lasting fame are ultimately futile

31. The Bhakti Movement poet-saint Mirabai's compositions were primarily dedicated to which deity ?
 (1) Lord Shiva (2) Goddess Durga
 (3) Lord Krishna (4) Lord Rama
32. Which ancient Indian text is considered the oldest of the Vedas and contains hymns and mantras to various deities ?
 (1) Samaveda (2) Yajurveda
 (3) Atharvaveda (4) Rigveda
33. Which literary movement in modern Indian literature was characterised by realistic depictions of society and anti-colonial sentiments ?
 (1) Romanticism (2) Symbolism
 (3) Progressive Writers' Movement (4) Beat Generation
34. Which ancient Indian playwright wrote "Abhijnanashakuntalam" (The Recognition of Shakuntala) ?
 (1) Kalidasa (2) Bharata (3) Bhasa (4) Shudraka
35. Which Indian author won the International Booker Prize in 2022 for the novel "Tomb of Sand," making history as the first book originally written in an Indian language to win this prize ?
 (1) Perumal Murugan (2) Amitav Ghosh
 (3) Vivek Shanbhag (4) Geetanjali Shree
36. The prestigious Jnanpith Award is given for outstanding contribution in which field ?
 (1) Classical dance (2) Literature
 (3) Visual arts (4) Classical music

37. Which Indian filmmaker won the Palme d'Or at the Cannes Film Festival for "Pather Panchali" ?
(1) Ritwik Ghatak (2) Mira Nair (3) Satyajit Ray (4) Shyam Benegal
38. Who is the author of "The Ministry of Utmost Happiness," published in 2017 after a 20- year fiction writing hiatus ?
(1) Arundhati Roy (2) Vikram Seth (3) Amitav Ghosh (4) Kiran Desai
39. The Dadasaheb Phalke Award, India's highest award in cinema, was most recently awarded to which personality in 2024 ?
(1) Amitabh Bachchan (2) Rajinikanth
(3) Waheeda Rehman (4) Kamal Haasan
40. Which Indian city was designated as the UNESCO World Book Capital for 2025 ?
(1) Mumbai (2) Kolkata (3) Varanasi (4) New Delhi
41. The study of how sentences are structured is known as :
(1) Morphology (2) Phonology (3) Pragmatics (4) Syntax
42. Which of the following is an example of a neologism ?
(1) Smartphone (2) Carriage (3) Bonnet (4) Thrice
43. What figure of speech is used in "The leaves danced in the wind" ?
(1) Simile (2) Metaphor (3) Hyperbole (4) Personification
44. Which of the following is an example of alliteration ?
(1) "How now, brown cow?"
(2) "The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain."
(3) "I like to eat, eat apples and bananas."
(4) "She sells seashells by the seashore."

45. The use of a word to modify or govern two or more words when it is appropriate to only one of them is called :
- (1) Pleonasm (2) Zeugma (3) Synecdoche (4) Syllepsis
46. The word "ubiquitous" means :
- (1) rare (2) expensive (3) ancient (4) everywhere present
47. "Ephemeral" most closely means :
- (1) eternal (2) short-lived (3) beautiful (4) mysterious
48. An "analogy" is :
- (1) A comparison between two things (2) A type of clock
(3) A scientific study (4) A form of poetry
49. "Ambiguous" means :
- (1) clear and precise (2) having multiple possible meanings
(3) very long (4) scientifically proven
50. The root "bio" means :
- (1) book (2) water (3) earth (4) life
51. What does the phrasal verb "look down on" mean ?
- (1) To search for information
(2) To visit someone
(3) To admire or respect someone
(4) To regard with contempt or disdain

52. Which sentence uses the phrasal verb "put off" *correctly* ?
- (1) She put off her coat when she entered the room
 - (2) They put off the lights before leaving
 - (3) We decided to put off the meeting until next week
 - (4) He put off his resignation letter on the desk
53. What does the phrasal verb "give up" mean in the sentence "After three hours, the rescue team gave up the search" ?
- (1) To abandon or quit
 - (2) To return something
 - (3) To sacrifice
 - (4) To surrender to authorities
54. Select the *correct* meaning of "run into" in "I ran into an old friend at the grocery store."
- (1) To collide with someone
 - (2) To meet someone by chance
 - (3) To enter quickly
 - (4) To experience problems
55. In the sentence "Please fill this form," the correct particle is :
- (1) up
 - (2) out
 - (3) in
 - (4) through
56. The use of words to imitate the sound they denote is known as :
- (1) Symbolism
 - (2) Imagery
 - (3) Alliteration
 - (4) Onomatopoeia
57. In the phrase "the foot of the mountain," what figurative device is being used ?
- (1) Personification
 - (2) Simile
 - (3) Metaphor
 - (4) Hyperbole

58. What is the term for words that have opposite meanings ?
(1) Homonyms (2) Antonyms (3) Synonyms (4) Homophones
59. Identify the figure of speech in "I'm so hungry I could eat a horse" :
(1) Metonymy (2) Paradox (3) Simile (4) Hyperbole
60. The difference between what is said and what is meant is known as :
(1) Irony (2) Pragmatics (3) Euphemism (4) Syntax
61. Which sentence is grammatically *correct* ?
(1) Each of the students have submitted their assignment
(2) Each of the students has submitted their assignment
(3) Each of the students has submitted his or her assignment
(4) Each of the students have submitted his or her assignment
62. Identify the type of sentence : "Although it was raining, we decided to go for a walk."
(1) Simple sentence (2) Compound sentence
(3) Compound-complex sentence (4) Complex sentence
63. Which word is misspelled ?
(1) Separate (2) Definately (3) Receive (4) Occurred
64. In the sentence "The dog chased the cat up the tree," what is the direct object ?
(1) Dog (2) Cat (3) Tree (4) Chased
65. Which sentence uses the apostrophe *correctly* ?
(1) The eat's are sleeping in the sun
(2) Its time to go home now
(3) The children's toys are scattered everywhere
(4) I need to buy some apple's for the pie

66. Choose the **correct** form : "I have this book before."
- (1) read (2) red (3) readed (4) reading
67. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
- (1) Running quickly, John caught the bus
- (2) Running quickly, the bus was caught by John
- (3) John, running quickly, caught the bus
- (4) The bus was caught by John, who was running quickly
68. What type of pronoun is "myself" in the sentence "I did it myself" ?
- (1) Personal pronoun (2) Reflexive pronoun
- (3) Demonstrative pronoun (4) Relative pronoun
69. Which sentence uses parallel structure ?
- (1) She likes swimming, to dance, and reading
- (2) She likes swimming, dancing, and to read
- (3) She likes swimming, dancing, and reading
- (4) She likes to swim, dancing, and to read
70. Identify the subordinating conjunction: "We'll go to the beach unless it rains."
- (1) We'll (2) to (3) it (4) unless
71. The famous rock-cut caves of Ajanta contain paintings primarily depicting :
- (1) Hindu mythology
- (2) Mughal court scenes
- (3) Life of Buddha and Jataka tales
- (4) Daily life of common people

72. Who among the following is known as the "Father of Modern Indian Art" ?
(1) Raja Ravi Varma (2) Jamini Roy
(3) M. F. Husain (4) Nandalal Bose
73. The Nataraja bronze sculptures representing Shiva as the cosmic dancer are primarily associated with which dynasty ?
(1) Gupta (2) Pallava (3) Chola (4) Pandya
74. The traditional art form of Madhubani painting originates from which Indian state ?
(1) West Bengal (2) Rajasthan
(3) Gujarat (4) Bihar
75. Which of the following dance forms is indigenous to Kerala and combines elements of martial arts, theater, and music ?
(1) Bharata Natyam (2) Mohiniyattam
(3) Kathakali (4) Kuchipudi
76. The Kangra School of painting, known for its delicate lines and cool colors, primarily focused on themes related to :
(1) Krishna and Radha's love (2) Historical battles
(3) Portraits rulers (4) Abstract concepts
77. The ancient caves of Ellora represent artistic contributions from which religious traditions ?
(1) Only Buddhism
(2) Only Hinduism
(3) Only Jainism
(4) All three : Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism

78. Which Indian artist was known for his "Progressive Artists' Group" and his paintings often depicted the struggles of urban life ?
- (1) Nandalal Bose (2) M. F. Husain
(3) Rabindranath Tagore (4) Raja Ravi Varma
79. Which of the following works by Rabindranath Tagore was originally written in Bengali as "Gitanjali" before he translated it into English, helping him win the Nobel Prize ?
- (1) The Home and the World (2) Gora
(3) The Gardener (4) Song Offerings
80. Who is the author of the controversial novel "The Satanic Verses" ?
- (1) Salman Rushdie (2) V. S. Naipaul
(3) Anita Desai (4) Khushwant Singh

READING COMPREHENSION : PROSE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 81-85 :

The human brain remains perhaps the most complex and mysterious object in our universe. Weighing approximately three pounds, this intricate organ contains about 86 billion neurons, each connected to thousands of others through synapses. Despite tremendous advances in neuroscience, we still understand relatively little about how these billions of connections generate consciousness, memories, emotions, and the full range of human cognitive experiences.

Modern imaging techniques such as functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI) and Positron Emission Tomography (PET) allow scientists to observe the brain in action, revealing which regions become active during specific tasks. However, these tools show only the broad strokes of neural activity-like observing traffic patterns from space without seeing individual vehicles or drivers. The fundamental mechanisms by which neurons encode information and translate electrical signals into subjective experiences remain elusive.

Perhaps most perplexing is the phenomenon of consciousness itself-how does a collection of cells, however numerous and intricately connected, generate awareness and a sense of self? This question, sometimes called "the hard problem of consciousness," sits at the intersection of neuroscience, philosophy, and psychology, challenging researchers across disciplines to reconsider fundamental assumptions about the relationship between matter and mind.

81. According to the passage, why is the brain difficult to understand completely?

- (1) It contains too few neurons to study effectively
- (2) Its complexity and the mechanisms of consciousness remain mysterious
- (3) Modern imaging techniques are too primitive to be useful
- (4) Scientists lack interest in studying neural connections

82. What limitation of modern brain imaging techniques does the passage identify?

- (1) They are prohibitively expensive for widespread research
- (2) They cause damage to the neural tissues being studied
- (3) They show only broad patterns of activity rather than detailed neural mechanisms
- (4) They cannot distinguish between different brain regions

83. The metaphor comparing brain imaging to "observing traffic patterns from space" suggests that current techniques :

- (1) Provide a global perspective but miss individual details
- (2) Are primarily conducted by satellite technology
- (3) Are too distant from the subject matter to be useful
- (4) Focus too much on movement rather than structure

84. The passage refers to "the hard problem of consciousness" as :
- (1) A technological challenge in building artificial neural networks
 - (2) The difficulty in treating neurological disorders
 - (3) The philosophical question of how physical brain matter creates subjective awareness
 - (4) The evolutionary puzzle of why humans developed larger brains than other primates
85. Which field is **not** mentioned as contributing to the study of consciousness ?
- (1) Mathematics
 - (2) Neuroscience
 - (3) Philosophy
 - (4) Psychology

READING COMPREHENSION : PASSAGE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 86-90 :

The invention of the printing press in the 15th century by Johannes Gutenberg revolutionized the spread of knowledge. Before this innovation, books were laboriously copied by hand, making them expensive and rare. The printing press made books more affordable and accessible, leading to increased literacy rates across Europe. This technological advancement had profound social and cultural implications, contributing to the Renaissance, the Reformation, and the Scientific Revolution. The democratization of knowledge through printed materials challenged existing power structures and enabled new ideas to spread more rapidly than ever before.

86. The main idea of the passage is :

- (1) Johannes Gutenberg was a famous inventor
- (2) Books were expensive before the printing press
- (3) The printing press revolutionized the spread of knowledge
- (4) The Renaissance occurred in the 15th century

87. According to the passage, what effect did the printing press have on literacy ?

- (1) It decreased literacy rates
- (2) It increased literacy rates
- (3) It had no effect on literacy
- (4) It only affected wealthy people

88. The word "laboriously" most nearly means :

- (1) quickly
- (2) carelessly
- (3) with great effort
- (4) expertly

89. The passage suggests that the printing press :

- (1) Only affected religious movements
- (2) Had wide-ranging social and cultural effects
- (3) Was rejected by most people
- (4) Only benefited the wealthy

90. What does "democratisation of knowledge" mean in this context ?

- (1) Making knowledge available to more people
- (2) Political changes in democracies
- (3) Voting on what books to print
- (4) Government control of printing

91. Identify the word most nearly opposite in meaning to munificent :
- (1) Generous (2) Stingy
(3) Bountiful (4) Profuse
92. Which word is most nearly opposite in meaning to obsequious ?
- (1) Servile (2) Submissive
(3) Defiant (4) Sycophantic
93. Engineers built new channels to the excess monsoon water-doing the very opposite of inundate.
- (1) Flood (2) Deluge
(3) Immerse (4) Drain
94. While some speakers rambled on, Ananya's remarks were refreshingly, the opposite of a garrulous style.
- (1) Terse (2) Verbose
(3) Talkative (4) Loquacious
95. Choose the best words suitable to be opposite to the word 'sedulous' :
- (1) Diligent (2) Lazy
(3) Assiduous (4) Industrious
96. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
- (1) Walking through the forest, the birds sang loudly
(2) The birds sang loudly as we walked through the forest
(3) While walking through the forest, we heard birds singing loudly
(4) The birds, singing loudly, were visible through the forest canopy

97. Identify the complex sentence :
- (1) The sun was shining, and the birds were singing
 - (2) Although the sun was shining, the air was cold
 - (3) The sun was shining; the birds were singing
 - (4) The sun was shining, but the air was cold
98. In which sentence is the semicolon used **correctly** ?
- (1) John likes to run; and swim
 - (2) They visited Paris, France; London, England; and Rome, Italy
 - (3) We need the following items; milk, bread, and eggs
 - (4) I have a big test tomorrow; I need to study
99. Which sentence demonstrates **correct** use of the past perfect tense ?
- (1) The train had already departed when we arrived at the station
 - (2) The train already departed when we arrived at the station
 - (3) The train has already departed when we arrived at the station
 - (4) The train was already departing when we arrived at the station
100. Which sentence contains a **correctly** placed apostrophe ?
- (1) The childrens' toys were scattered across the floor
 - (2) The children's toys' were scattered across the floor
 - (3) The childrens toys were scattered across the floor
 - (4) The children's toys were scattered across the floor

Total No. of Printed Pages : 21

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ARE ASKED TO DO SO)

D

SET-Y

UG-4Yr.EE-June, 2025

SUBJECT : English

Sr. No.10340...

Time : 1½ Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Total Questions : 100

Roll No. (in figures) _____ (in words) _____

Name _____ Date of Birth _____

Father's Name _____ Mother's Name _____

Date of Examination _____

(Signature of the Candidate)

(Signature of the Invigilator)

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STARTING THE QUESTION PAPER.**

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2. The candidates **must return** the question booklet as well as OMR Answer-Sheet to the Invigilator concerned before leaving the Examination Hall, failing which a case of use of unfair-means / mis-behaviour will be registered against him / her, in addition to lodging of an FIR with the police. Further the answer-sheet of such a candidate will not be evaluated.
3. Keeping in view the transparency of the examination system, carbonless OMR Sheet is provided to the candidate so that a copy of OMR Sheet may be kept by the candidate.
4. Question Booklet along with answer key of all the A, B, C & D code shall be got uploaded on the University Website immediately after the conduct of Entrance Examination. Candidates may raise valid objection/complaint if any, with regard to discrepancy in the question booklet/answer key within 24 hours of uploading the same on the University Website. The complaint be sent by the students to the Controller of Examinations by hand or through email. Thereafter, no complaint in any case, will be considered.
5. The candidate **must not** do any rough work or writing in the OMR Answer-Sheet. Rough work, if any, may be done in the question booklet itself. Answers **must not** be ticked in the question booklet.
6. **There will be no negative marking. Each correct answer will be awarded one full mark. Cutting, erasing, overwriting and more than one answer in OMR Answer-Sheet will be treated as incorrect answer.**
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8. **Before answering the questions, the candidates should ensure that they have been supplied correct and complete booklet. Complaints, if any, regarding misprinting etc. will not be entertained 30 minutes after starting of the examination.**

UG-4Yr.-EE-June, 2025/(ENGLISH)(SET-Y)/(D)

READING COMPREHENSION : PROSE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 1-5 :

The human brain remains perhaps the most complex and mysterious object in our universe. Weighing approximately three pounds, this intricate organ contains about 86 billion neurons, each connected to thousands of others through synapses. Despite tremendous advances in neuroscience, we still understand relatively little about how these billions of connections generate consciousness, memories, emotions, and the full range of human cognitive experiences.

Modern imaging techniques such as functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging (fMRI) and Positron Emission Tomography (PET) allow scientists to observe the brain in action, revealing which regions become active during specific tasks. However, these tools show only the broad strokes of neural activity-like observing traffic patterns from space without seeing individual vehicles or drivers. The fundamental mechanisms by which neurons encode information and translate electrical signals into subjective experiences remain elusive.

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1. According to the passage, why is the brain difficult to understand completely ?

- (1) It contains too few neurons to study effectively
- (2) Its complexity and the mechanisms of consciousness remain mysterious
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4. The passage refers to "the hard problem of consciousness" as :
- (1) A technological challenge in building artificial neural networks
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 - (3) The philosophical question of how physical brain matter creates subjective awareness
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5. Which field is *not* mentioned as contributing to the study of consciousness ?
- (1) Mathematics
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READING COMPREHENSION : PASSAGE

Read the following passage and answer the questions 6-10 :

The invention of the printing press in the 15th century by Johannes Gutenberg revolutionized the spread of knowledge. Before this innovation, books were laboriously copied by hand, making them expensive and rare. The printing press made books more affordable and accessible, leading to increased literacy rates across Europe. This technological advancement had profound social and cultural implications, contributing to the Renaissance, the Reformation, and the Scientific Revolution. The democratization of knowledge through printed materials challenged existing power structures and enabled new ideas to spread more rapidly than ever before.

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- (4) expertly

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 - (2) Political changes in democracies
 - (3) Voting on what books to print
 - (4) Government control of printing
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 - (2) Goddess Durga
 - (3) Lord Krishna
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12. Which ancient Indian text is considered the oldest of the Vedas and contains hymns and mantras to various deities ?
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 - (3) Atharvaveda
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20. Which Indian city was designated as the UNESCO World Book Capital for 2025 ?
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 - (3) The children's toys are scattered everywhere
 - (4) I need to buy some apple's for the pie
26. Choose the *correct* form : "I have this book before."
- (1) read
 - (2) red
 - (3) readed
 - (4) reading

27. Which sentence contains a dangling modifier ?
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 - (3) John, running quickly, caught the bus
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33. Engineers built new channels to the excess monsoon water-doing the very opposite of inundate.
- (1) Flood
 - (2) Deluge
 - (3) Immerse
 - (4) Drain

34. While some speakers rambled on, Ananya's remarks were refreshingly, the opposite of a garrulous style.
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35. Choose the best words suitable to be opposite to the word 'sedulous' :
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- (2) The birds sang loudly as we walked through the forest
- (3) While walking through the forest, we heard birds singing loudly
- (4) The birds, singing loudly, were visible through the forest canopy
37. Identify the complex sentence :
- (1) The sun was shining, and the birds were singing
- (2) Although the sun was shining, the air was cold
- (3) The sun was shining; the birds were singing
- (4) The sun was shining, but the air was cold
38. In which sentence is the semicolon used *correctly* ?
- (1) John likes to run; and swim
- (2) They visited Paris, France; London, England; and Rome, Italy
- (3) We need the following items; milk, bread, and eggs
- (4) I have a big test tomorrow; I need to study

39. Which sentence demonstrates *correct* use of the past perfect tense ?

- (1) The train had already departed when we arrived at the station
- (2) The train already departed when we arrived at the station
- (3) The train has already departed when we arrived at the station
- (4) The train was already departing when we arrived at the station

40. Which sentence contains a *correctly* placed apostrophe ?

- (1) The childrens' toys were scattered across the floor
- (2) The children's toys' were scattered across the floor
- (3) The childrens toys were scattered across the floor
- (4) The children's toys were scattered across the floor

41. What does the phrasal verb "look down on" mean ?

- (1) To search for information
- (2) To visit someone
- (3) To admire or respect someone
- (4) To regard with contempt or disdain

42. Which sentence uses the phrasal verb "put off" *correctly* ?

- (1) She put off her coat when she entered the room
- (2) They put off the lights before leaving
- (3) We decided to put off the meeting until next week
- (4) He put off his resignation letter on the desk

43. What does the phrasal verb "give up" mean in the sentence "After three hours, the rescue team gave up the search" ?
- (1) To abandon or quit (2) To return something
(3) To sacrifice (4) To surrender to authorities
44. Select the *correct* meaning of "run into" in "I ran into an old friend at the grocery store."
- (1) To collide with someone (2) To meet someone by chance
(3) To enter quickly (4) To experience problems
45. In the sentence "Please fill this form," the correct particle is :
- (1) up (2) out (3) in (4) through
46. The use of words to imitate the sound they denote is known as :
- (1) Symbolism (2) Imagery
(3) Alliteration (4) Onomatopoeia
47. In the phrase "the foot of the mountain," what figurative device is being used ?
- (1) Personification (2) Simile (3) Metaphor (4) Hyperbole
48. What is the term for words that have opposite meanings ?
- (1) Homonyms (2) Antonyms (3) Synonyms (4) Homophones
49. Identify the figure of speech in "I'm so hungry I could eat a horse" :
- (1) Metonymy (2) Paradox (3) Simile (4) Hyperbole
50. The difference between what is said and what is meant is known as :
- (1) Irony (2) Pragmatics (3) Euphemism (4) Syntax

51. Identify the figure of speech in "The classroom was a zoo during the food fight" :

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| (1) Oxymoron | (2) Alliteration |
| (3) Simile | (4) Metaphor |

52. What literary device is used in "The soldiers fought like lions" ?

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| (1) Personification | (2) Metaphor |
| (3) Oxymoron | (4) Simile |

53. Which of the following is an example of assonance ?

- (1) She sells seashells by the seashore
- (2) The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain
- (3) Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers
- (4) Betty bought a bit of better butter

54. The phrase "to see the light" is an example of :

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| (1) Synecdoche | (2) Metonymy |
| (3) Idiom | (4) Allusion |

55. Which of the following illustrates the use of antithesis ?

- (1) "To err is human; to forgive, divine."
- (2) "The pen is mightier than the sword."
- (3) "A tale told by an idiot, full of sound and fury, signifying nothing."
- (4) "Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears."

56. Which sentence demonstrates correct subject-verb agreement ?
- (1) The group of students are studying for the exam
 - (2) The class of 2023 have graduated
 - (3) The committee has reached a decision
 - (4) Each of the boys have their own room
57. In the sentence "Either my brother or my sisters going to help," the correct verb is :
- (1) is (2) are (3) has (4) have
58. Choose the sentence with **correct** subject-verb agreement :
- (1) The jury was divided in their opinions
 - (2) Everybody were invited to the party
 - (3) Neither of the options look good
 - (4) Mathematics is my favorite subject
59. Which of the following sentences is grammatically **correct** ?
- (1) Neither the principal nor the teachers were informed
 - (2) Neither the teachers nor the principal were informed
 - (3) Neither the principal nor the teachers was informed
 - (4) Neither the teachers nor the principal was informed
60. Select the sentence with proper subject-verb agreement :
- (1) The number of students in this class are increasing
 - (2) A number of suggestions was made
 - (3) The number of applicants has doubled since last year
 - (4) A number of students is absent today

61. Which sentence is in the passive voice ?
- (1) The chef prepared a delicious meal
 - (2) The students completed the assignment
 - (3) The teacher graded the tests
 - (4) A delicious meal was prepared by the chef
62. Convert the active voice sentence " Alex is writing a letter" to passive voice :
- (1) A letter is being written by Alex
 - (2) A letter was written by Alex
 - (3) A letter has been written by Alex
 - (4) A letter will be written by Alex
63. Which is the passive form of "They have built a new bridge" ?
- (1) A new bridge is being built by them
 - (2) A new bridge has been built by them
 - (3) A new bridge was built by them
 - (4) A new bridge had been built by them
64. Identify the sentence in active voice :
- (1) The exhibition was opened by the mayor
 - (2) The documents were signed by the CEO
 - (3) The team completed the project ahead of schedule
 - (4) The book was written by a famous author

65. Which sentence correctly converts "The police are investigating the case" to passive voice ?
- (1) The case is investigating by the police
 - (2) The case has been investigated by the police
 - (3) The case was being investigated by the police
 - (4) The case is being investigated by the police
66. In today's digital era, social-media platforms seem, appearing in nearly every facet of modern life.
- (1) Omnipresent (2) Scarce (3) Lavish (4) Tedious
67. Despite the lively debate, Rohit remained, speaking only when directly addressed.
- (1) Garrulous (2) Reticent (3) Boisterous (4) Impudent
68. The film's soundtrack created an atmosphere of lingering sorrow.
- (1) Jovial (2) Resilient (3) Mournful (4) Ambiguous
69. Fashion trends are often; they vanish as quickly as they emerge.
- (1) Perpetual (2) Tangible (3) Elaborate (4) Transient
70. The union leader's stance stalled negotiations for weeks.
- (1) Uncompromising (2) Flexible
 - (3) Vacillating (4) Conciliatory
71. The study of how sentences are structured is known as :
- (1) Morphology (2) Phonology (3) Pragmatics (4) Syntax

72. Which of the following is an example of a neologism ?
(1) Smartphone (2) Carriage (3) Bonnet (4) Thrice
73. What figure of speech is used in "The leaves danced in the wind" ?
(1) Simile (2) Metaphor (3) Hyperbole (4) Personification
74. Which of the following is an example of alliteration ?
(1) "How now, brown cow?"
(2) "The rain in Spain stays mainly in the plain."
(3) "I like to eat, eat apples and bananas."
(4) "She sells seashells by the seashore."
75. The use of a word to modify or govern two or more words when it is appropriate to only one of them is called :
(1) Pleonasm (2) Zeugma (3) Synecdoche (4) Syllepsis
76. The word "ubiquitous" means :
(1) rare (2) expensive (3) ancient (4) everywhere present
77. "Ephemeral" most closely means :
(1) eternal (2) short-lived (3) beautiful (4) mysterious
78. An "analogy" is :
(1) A comparison between two things (2) A type of clock
(3) A scientific study (4) A form of poetry
79. "Ambiguous" means :
(1) clear and precise (2) having multiple possible meanings
(3) very long (4) scientifically proven

80. The root "bio" means :

(1) book

(2) water

(3) earth

(4) life

READING COMPREHENSION : POETRY

Read the following poem and answer the questions 81-90 :

Ozymandias

by Percy Bysshe Shelley

I met a traveller from an antique land,

Who said — "Two vast and trunkless legs of stone

Stand in the desert Near them, on the sand,

Half sunk a shattered visage lies, whose frown,

And wrinkled lip, and sneer of cold command,

Tell that its sculptor well those passions read

Which yet survive, stamped on these lifeless things,

The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed;

And on the pedestal, these words appear:

My name is Ozymandias, King of Kings;

Look on my Works, ye Mighty, and despair!

Nothing beside remains. Round the decay

Of that colossal Wreck, boundless and bare

The lone and level sands stretch far away."

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81. What is the main theme of the above poem "Ozymandias" ?
- (1) The enduring nature of art
 - (2) The transience of power and human achievement
 - (3) The beauty of ancient civilisations
 - (4) The relationship between travellers and history
82. What literary device is employed in the line "The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed" ?
- (1) Simile
 - (2) Alliteration
 - (3) Personification
 - (4) Synecdoche
83. In the context of the poem, what does "mocked" most likely mean in "The hand that mocked them" ?
- (1) Ridiculed
 - (2) Imitated or copied
 - (3) Defied
 - (4) Laughed at
84. The poem is structured as :
- (1) A sonnet
 - (2) Free verse
 - (3) A narrative told through reported speech
 - (4) A ballad
85. The irony in the poem centres on :
- (1) The contrast between Ozymandias's boastful words and the ruined state of his statue
 - (2) The traveller's inability to appreciate ancient art
 - (3) The sculptor's misrepresentation of the king's character
 - (4) The narrator's disbelief in the traveller's story

86. The phrase "sneer of cold command" suggests that Ozymandias was :
- (1) A benevolent ruler
 - (2) An insecure leader seeking validation
 - (3) An arrogant and tyrannical ruler
 - (4) A misunderstood historical figure
87. The "colossal Wreck" in the poem refers to :
- (1) The entire civilization that Ozymandias ruled
 - (2) The broken statue of Ozymandias
 - (3) The desert landscape
 - (4) The traveller's disappointment
88. The final lines of the poem emphasize :
- (1) The sculptor's talent for capturing emotion
 - (2) The vastness of Ozymandias's former kingdom
 - (3) The complete desolation surrounding the ruins
 - (4) The historical significance of archaeological discoveries
89. The poem suggests that the most enduring element of Ozymandias's legacy is :
- (1) His architectural achievements
 - (2) His military conquests
 - (3) The record of his character preserved in art
 - (4) His influence on desert geography

90. What perspective does the poem ultimately take on human ambition and the desire for immortality ?
- (1) It celebrates the human drive to create lasting monuments
 - (2) It suggests that true immortality comes through compassionate leadership
 - (3) It presents ambition as dangerous and misguided
 - (4) It implies that all human attempts at lasting fame are ultimately futile
91. The famous rock-cut caves of Ajanta contain paintings primarily depicting :
- (1) Hindu mythology
 - (2) Mughal court scenes
 - (3) Life of Buddha and Jataka tales
 - (4) Daily life of common people
92. Who among the following is known as the "Father of Modern Indian Art" ?
- (1) Raja Ravi Varma
 - (2) Jamini Roy
 - (3) M. F. Husain
 - (4) Nandalal Bose
93. The Nataraja bronze sculptures representing Shiva as the cosmic dancer are primarily associated with which dynasty ?
- (1) Gupta
 - (2) Pallava
 - (3) Chola
 - (4) Pandya
94. The traditional art form of Madhubani painting originates from which Indian state ?
- (1) West Bengal
 - (2) Rajasthan
 - (3) Gujarat
 - (4) Bihar
95. Which of the following dance forms is indigenous to Kerala and combines elements of martial arts, theater, and music ?
- (1) Bharata Natyam
 - (2) Mohiniyattam
 - (3) Kathakali
 - (4) Kuchipudi

96. The Kangra School of painting, known for its delicate lines and cool colors, primarily focused on themes related to :
- (1) Krishna and Radha's love
 - (2) Historical battles
 - (3) Portraits rulers
 - (4) Abstract concepts
97. The ancient caves of Ellora represent artistic contributions from which religious traditions ?
- (1) Only Buddhism
 - (2) Only Hinduism
 - (3) Only Jainism
 - (4) All three : Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism
98. Which Indian artist was known for his "Progressive Artists' Group" and his paintings often depicted the struggles of urban life ?
- (1) Nandalal Bose
 - (2) M. F. Husain
 - (3) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (4) Raja Ravi Varma
99. Which of the following works by Rabindranath Tagore was originally written in Bengali as "Gitanjali" before he translated it into English, helping him win the Nobel Prize ?
- (1) The Home and the World
 - (2) Gora
 - (3) The Gardener
 - (4) Song Offerings
100. Who is the author of the controversial novel "The Satanic Verses" ?
- (1) Salman Rushdie
 - (2) V. S. Naipaul
 - (3) Anita Desai
 - (4) Khushwant Singh

Answer Keys of Bachelor of Arts (English) 4-year Entrance Test dated 22.06.2025

| Q. No. | A | B | C | D |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| 5 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| 9 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| 10 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| 11 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| 12 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 13 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| 14 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| 15 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| 16 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| 17 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 18 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 19 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 20 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| 21 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| 22 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 23 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 24 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 25 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| 26 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 27 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 28 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 29 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| 30 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| 31 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 32 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| 33 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 34 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 35 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| 36 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 37 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 38 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 39 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| 40 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| 41 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 42 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| 43 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| 44 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 45 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| 46 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| 47 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| 48 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 49 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| 50 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 1 |

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Answer Keys of Bachelor of Arts (English) 4-year Entrance Test dated 22.06.2025

| Q. No. | A | B | C | D |
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| 51 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 52 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 53 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| 54 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 55 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 56 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| 57 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 58 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 59 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| 60 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| 61 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| 62 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| 63 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 64 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| 65 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| 66 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 67 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 68 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 69 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| 70 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| 71 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| 72 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
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| 79 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| 80 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 81 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 82 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| 83 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 84 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 85 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 86 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 87 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 88 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| 89 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 90 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 91 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 92 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 93 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
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| 96 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 97 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 98 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 99 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 100 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 |



