DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY, ROHTAK



Syllabus Master of Arts (History) Two Year Programme w.e.f. Session 2021-22

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME

- PSO1 : The M.A. History programme seeks to create, preserve and disseminate knowledge to build competitive capability for holistic developed of man and society.
- PSO2 : This programme not only facilitate the students in enhancing their knowledge of the specializations of their choice, but also in fostering other important attributes of a civilized human society.
- PSO3 : Students understand the different streams of History, viz. Archaeology, Ancient, Medieval and Modern History.
- PSO4 : A critical understanding of the significance of historiographical developments since the professionalisation of the discipline and their relevance to a student's specialist area of study.
- PSO5: A comprehensive understanding of the epistemological and methodological distinctiveness of history as a discipline, and an ability to reflect on the significance of the influence of other disciplines on the development of historical method.
- PSO6 : A conceptual understanding that enables the student to evaluate critically scholarly writing in history and to undertake informed source-criticism.

First Semester

Paper Code	Nomenclature	Term End Examination (Theory)	Assignment	Total Marks	Credit	Exam Time
20HIS21C1	Ancient Societies-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS21C2	Medieval Societies (India)	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS21C3	Modern World : Socio-Economic Trends	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS21C4	History of Haryana (ET. to Sultanate) -I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS21C5	State in India (ET. to Sultanate)-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS21D1	Science & Tech. in Pre-Colonial India	80	20	100	5	3 Hours

Second Semester

Paper Code	Nomenclature	Term End Examination (Theory)	Assignment	Total Marks	Credit	Exam Time
20HIS22C1	Ancient Societies-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS22C2	Medieval Societies (Islamic & Europe)	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS22C3	Modern World : Political Trends	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS22D1	History of Haryana (Mughal to 1947)	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20HIS22D2	State in India (Mughal to Modern Times)-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20GENF1	Moral Education	40	10	50	2	2 Hours
20JRMO1	Media & Society	80	20	100	3	3 Hours

Second Semester Third Semester 2022-23

Paper Code	Nomenclature	Term End Examination (Theory)	Assignment	Total Marks	Credit	Exam Time
21HIS23C1	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS23GD1	Pol. Hist. of India (1757-1947)-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS23GD2	Indian National Movement (1885-1919)-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS23GD3	Society & Culture of India (1757-1947)-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS23GD4	Economic Hist. of India (1757-1947)-I	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
20ENVO2	Disaster Management	80	20	100	3	3 Hours

Fourth Semester

Paper Code	Nomenclature	Term End Examination (Theory)	Assignment	Total Marks	Credit	Exam Time
21HIS24C1	Historiography: Concepts, Methods & Tools-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS24GD1	Pol. Hist. of India (1757-1947)-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS24GD2	Indian National Movement (1920- 1947)-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS24GD3	Society & Culture of India (1757-1947)-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours
21HIS24GD4	Economic Hist. of India (1757-1947)-II	80	20	100	5	3 Hours

SEMESTER-I

Paper : Ancient Societies-I Paper Code: 20HIS21C1

Course Outcome:

CO1 : Critically evaluate the development of human society and various cultures from stone age to iron age, world wide phenomenon.

CO2: Critically discuss major cultural structures, events and than shaping the world context.

CO3: Evaluate and analyze different sources (particularly archaeological) in overseas.

CO4 : Critically evalute the concept the decline of different civilizations.

CO5 : Critically evaluate the concept of relation of civilizations to each other.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Stone Age and Chalcolithic Cultures:

- a) Origin of tool making
- b) Palaeolithic Cultures of the World: Lower, Middle and Upper
- c) Palaeolithic Art
- d) Mesolithic and Neolithic Cultures: Origin of agriculture and settled life.
- e) Chalcolithic cultures and craft specialization.

Unit - II

Bronze Age Civilization in Mesopotamia

Origin of Early City States, Origin of Empires.

(Sumerian and Akkadian) State Structure, Economy, Social Stratification and Religion. Bronze Age Civilization in Egypt.

Origin, State Structure, Economy & Trade, Social life, Religion.

Unit - III

Harappan Civilization:

- a) Pre-Harappan and Early Harappan Cultures.
- b) Origin, authors and extent of the Harappan Civilization.
- c) Development of Harappan Civilization.
- d) Trade, Economy, Social and Religious Life.
- e) Decline and Legacy of Harappan Civilization.

Unit IV

Chinese Civilization:

Beginning Middle Kingdom, Shang Civilization, Socio-Economic Life and Religious Beliefs

Mayan Civilization

Socio-Economic Life, Arts, Science and Technology.

Inca Civilization

Socio-Economic Life, Arts, Science and Technology.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Allchin, B&R: The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, Cambridge

University Press, Cambridge, 1988

Beers Burton F.: World History: Patterns of Civilization, Prentice Hall,

New Jersey, 1993.

Child, V.G.: What Happened in History, Penguin Books, 1964.

Demarest, A.A.: Ancient Maya, Stanford University Press, 2005 (6th ed.)

Goyal, Shriram: Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyatayen, Vishvavidyalaya

Prakashan Varanasi, 1994.

Kramer, S.N.: The Sumerians, University Press Chicago, 1963.
Pathak, S.M.: Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyataon ka Itihas. Bihar Hindi

Granth Academy, Patna, 1986.

Possehi, G.L. (ed.): Harappan Civilization: A Contemporary Perspective,

American Institute of Indian Studies, New Delhi. 1982.

Ray, Uday Narayain, : Vishva Sabhyata Ka Itihas, Lok Bharti, Allahabad, 1982. Sharer, Robert, J. : Daily Life in Maya Civilization, Greenwood Press London,

2009.

Sharer, Robert, J.: Daily Life in Inca Civilization, Greenwood Press London,

2009.

Silverman, David, R.: Ancient, Egypt Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1997. Singh, Purushottam,: The Neolithic Origins, Agam Kala Prakashan, Delhi, 1997.

Spievogei, Jackson, J. James, : Ancient Civilization, McGraw Hill, New York, 2007.

A. banks et.al.

Thapiyal, K.K. & Shukla, S.P.: Sindhu Sabhyata, Uttar Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy,

Lucknow, 1976.

Paper: Medieval Societies (India)

Paper Code: 20HIS21C2

Course Outcome:

- CO1: Critically evaluate the various developments in feudal Europe, Islamic World and Medieval World.
- CO2: Critically evaluate the concept the decline of feudalism and advent of capitalism.
- CO3: Critically analyze and describe the rise of Middle East, Identify and describe the emergence of the Arab Caliphate, the Umayyad dynasty and abbasid dynasty.
- CO4 : Evaluate and analyze the different aspects of administrative units specially in Indian context.
- CO5 : Critically understand the society through the religion.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Structural Changes and Continuities:

- a) Transition from Ancient to Medieval Society and Advent of Turks.
- b) Structure of medieval State (Sultanate and Mughal)
- c) Theories on the Decline of Mughal Empire

Unit - II

Administrative Institutions

- a) Iqtadari System
- b) Mansabdari-Jagirdari System
- c) Zamindari Policy of Mughals.

Unit - III

Economic Developments

- a) Urbanization (Sultanate)
- b) Technological changes (Sultanate)
- c) Village Community (Sultanate & Mughals)

Unit IV

Social and Religious Salients:

- a) Bhakti Movement
- b) Sufi Movement
- c) Structure of Society (Sultanate & Mughals)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Ali, M.Athar: The Mughal Nobility Under Aurangzeb. Asia Publishing

House, Bombay, 1966.

Ashraf, K.M.: Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan,

Munshiram Manoharlal, Delhi, 1970.

Chandra Satish,: Essays on Medieval Indian History, Oxford University,

Press, New Delhi. 2003.

Chandra Satish, : Essays in Medieval Indian Economic History, Munshiram

Manoharlal, Delhi, 1987.

Chandra Satish, : Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, People's

Publishing House, Delhi, 1987.

-do-: Medieval India, Vols. 1 & 2, Har-Anand Publications,

Delhi.

Datta, Rajat: Rethinking A Millennium: Perspectives on Indian History

from the Eight to Eighteenth Century, Aakar Books, Delhi,

2008.

Husain, Yusuf: Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture, Asia Publishing

House, Bombay.

Irfan Habib (ed.): Madhyakalinbharat, Vols. 1-8, Rajkamal Prakashan,

Delhi. 2003.

Jackson, Peter: The Delhi Sultanate, A Political and Military History,

Cambridge University Press, New York, 1999.

Kulke, Hermann (ed.): State in India 1000-1700, Oxford University Press, New

Delhi, 1997

Mehta, J.L.: Madhyakaleen Bharat: Ek Sankshipt Itihas, Arun Publishing House, Chandigarh,

2012.

Mukhia, Harbans: Perspectives on Medieval History, Vikas Publication,

New Delhi, 1993.

Raychaudhuri, Tapan & : Cambridge Economic History of India C. 1200-1750, Vol.

I, Irfan Habib (eds.) Orient Longman, Delhi. 1982.

Sarkar, Jadunath: The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 Vols. Orient Longman,

Delhi, 1988-92 (Fourth edn.)

Siddiqui, I.H. (ed.): Medieval India: Essays in Intellectual Thought Culture.

Munshiram Manoharlal Publisher. New Delhi. 2003.

Streusand, Douglas E.: The Formation of the Mughal Empire, Oxford University

Press, Delhi, 1989.

Verma, H.C. (Ed.): Madhyakalin Bharat, Vols. 1 & 2. Hindi Madhyam

Karyanvaya Nideshalaya University of Delhi.

Paper: Modern World (Socio-Economic Trends)

Paper Code: 20HIS21C3

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students' enable to understand the various socio-economic trends in modern period.

CO2 : Critically evaluate how the modern west was emerged through renaissance and and other socioeconomic developments.

CO3: Critically analyse the rise of capitalism and imperialism led all these developments.

CO4 : Critically evaluate how the new political system emerged based on representative system.

CO5: Explain and analyse the rise of new order in the world in the form of socialism and about the world crisis of 1919 and 1939 which led to world wars.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Rise of Modern World:

- a) Renaissance
- b) Reformation

Age of mercantilism and the Beginnings of Capitalism:

- a) Features of Mercantilism
- b) Mercantile Activities of Different Countries
- c) Beginnings of Capitalism

Unit - II

Agricultural Revolution in Western Europe:

- a) Agricultural System in Pre-Modern Period
- b) Development of New Methods and Knowledge
- c) Impact of the New Agriculture

Development of Science and Technology

- a) Its History
- b) Technological Revoluation
- c) Impact of the Revolution.

Unit - III

Development of Capitalism:

- a) Britain
- b) France
- c) Germany
- d) Japan

Development of Imperialism:

a) Geographical Expansion : Asia & Africab) Its Theories : Economic and Non-Economic

Unit IV

Stages of Colonialism in India:

- a) Mercantile Capital Stage
- b) Industrial/Free Trade Capital Stage
- c) Finance Capital Stage

The Far East and Western Economic Dominance:

- a) Japan
- b) China: Opium Wars and the Development of Treaty Port System

SUGGESTED READINGS

Carr, E.H.: The Bolshevik Revolution, Vol. I, Pelican.

Chandra, Bipan: Nationalism and Colonialism in India, 1996

Cipola, C.M.: Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol. III, 1976.

Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism.

Dobb, Maurice,: Studies in the Development of Capitalism, 1974

Dutt, R.P.: India Today Emerson, Rupert: From Empire to Nation: The Rise

to Self Assertion of Asian and African People.

Fairbank, John, K.: East Asia: Modern Transformation.

Hilton, Rodney: Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, 1976. Hobsbawm, E.J.: Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970.

Jophson, Chatness A.: Peasant Nationalism and Communist Power: The Emergency of

Red China 1937-1945

Joll, Jomes: Origin of the First World War. (1984) Lichthein, George,: A Short History of Socialism, 1976.

Lucas, Colin: The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political

Culture. Vol. 2, Pergoman, 1988.

Riasanovsky, N.V.: A History of Russia, Oup. 1984.

Roth, J.J. (Ed.): World War II: A Turning Point in Modern History, 1967.

Snyder, Louis L. : The Meaning of Nationalism Sanchuman, F. : International Relations

Thompson, David: Europe Since Napoleon.

Paper-: History of Haryana (Earliest Times to Sultanate)

Paper Code: 20HIS21C4

Course Outcome:

CO1 : Students undertand the theme of regional history is explored through study of Haryana from stone age to independence of India.

CO2: Critically analyse the rise of various cultures are explored in the region of Haryana.

CO3: Critically evaluate the efforts of the people of this region in the foreign invasions.

CO4: Critically analyse the rise of state formation and new power in the region of Haryana.

CO5: Explain and analyse the Turkish Invasion and it's impact on Haryana.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Early Phase:

- a) Sources of Ancient History of Haryana
- b) The Stone Age
- c) Harappan Civilization : General Features
- d) Vedic Civilization : Origin and Development, Traditional History of the Kurus.

Unit-II

Towards State Formation:

- a) Origin and Development of Monarchy
- b) Historicity of the Battle of Mahabharata
- c) Yaudheyas
- d) Agras and Kunindas
- e) Pushpabhutis

Unit-III

Rise of New Powers:

- a) Gurjara- Pratiharas
- b) Tomaras
- c) Chahmanas
- d) The Battles of Tarain and their impact

Unit-IV

Sultanate Period:

- a) Sources of Medieval History of Haryana
- b) Haryana on the eve of Turkish Invasion
- c) Revolts of Meos and Rajputs
- d) Provincial Administration.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Buddha Prakash, Haryana through the Ages, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, 1962.
- _____, Glimpses of Haryana, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, 1969.
- Das Gupta, K.K., Tribal History of Ancient India,
- Devahuti, D., Harsha: A Political Study, Oxford Clarendom Press, 1970.
- Dwivedi, H.N., Dilli ke Tomar (736-1193), Vidya Mandir Prakashan, Gwalior, 1973.
- Goyal, J.B., (ed.) Haryana-Puratattna, Itihas, Sanskriti, Sahitya evom Lokwarta, Delhi, 1966.
- Gupta, S.P. & Rama & Chandran, K.S., Mahabharata: Myth and Reality, Agam Prakashan, New Delhi, 1976.
- Phadke, H.A. Haryana: Ancient and Medieval, Harman Publication House, New Delhi, 1990.
- Phogat, S.R., Inscriptions of Haryana, Kurukshetra University Kurukshetra, 1978.
- Puri, B.N., History of Gurjar-Prathiharas, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1968.
- Sen, S.P. (Ed.), Sources of the History of India, Vol. II, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1979.
- Sharda, Sadhu Ram, Haryana-Ek Sanskritik Adyayan, Bhasha Vibhag, Haryana, Chandigarh, 1978.
- Sharma, D., Early History of Chahamanas, Delhi, 1959.
- Singh, Fauja (ed.), History of the Punjab, Vol. I-III, Publication Bureau, Punjab University, Patiala, 1997-2000.
- Suraj Bhan, Excavations at Mithathal (1968) and other Explorations in Satluj Yamuna Divide, Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra, 1975.
- Tripathi, R.S., History of Kanauj, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1964.
- Yadav, K.C., Haryana: Itihas evom Sanskriti, Part 1 & 2, Manohar Publisher, New Delhi,1994 (2nd Ed.)

Paper: State in India (Earliest Times to Sultanate)

Paper Code: 20HIS21C5

Course Outcome:

- CO1: Evaluate and analyze of institutional history that how the institution of state rise and develop in India.
- CO2: Critically evaluate the nature of the state changes with the time and dynasty.
- CO3: Analyze the emergence of the Mauryan and Gupta empire during the classical age in India
- CO4: Identify and analyze key facets of Indian Society and the rise of technology and commerce.
- CO5: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Towards Formation of State:

- a) Different Theories of the formation of State
- b) Proto State
- c) Chiefdoms of Later Vedic Times

Unit - II

The Mauryan State:

- a) Central Administration
- b) Provincial Administration

The Gupta Polity

- a) Central Administration
- b) Administrative Units

Unit - III

Delhi Sultanate:

- a) Islamic Theory of State
- b) Nature of State under the Sultans
- c) State and the Ulemas.

Unit IV

Delhi Sultanate:

- a) Central Administrative
- b) Provincial Administration
- c) Military Organization.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Altekar, A.S.: State and Government in Ancient India, Motilal

Banarsidass, Delhi,

Chandra, Bipan : Nationalism and .Colonialism in India, 1996 Bhandarakar, D.R. : Some Aspects of Hindu Polity, B.R. Publishing

Corporation, New Delhi, 1988.

Chandra, Satish,: Medieval India (From Sultanate to the Mughals, 1206-

1526), Vol. I, Har-Anand Publications, Delhi, 1997 (in

Hindi also)

Dishitar, V.R.R.: The Mauryan Polity, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1993.

The Gupta Polity, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1993.

Dutta, K.P.: Administrative Aspects of Medieval Institutions in India,

J.K. Enterprises, Delhi, 1973.

Ghosal, U.N.: A History of India Political Ideas, Oxford University

Press, 1968.

Habib, Irfan, : Madhakaleen Bharat, Vols. I-VIII, Ram Kamal Prakashan,

Delhi, 1981-2003.

Habibullah, A.B.M.: The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India, Central Book

Depot, Allahabad, 1961 (in Hindi also)

Sarkar, B.K.: Political Institution and Theories of the Hindus, CC and

Company Ltd., Calcutta, 1994 (reprint)

Sharma, R.S.: Aspect of Political Ideas & Institutions in Early India,

Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1996 (4th Edn.)

Tripathi, R.P.: Some Aspects of Muslim Administration, Central Book

Depot, Allahabad, 1989.

Verma, H.C.: Madhyakaleen Bharat (750-1540AD), Vol. I, Hindi

Madhyam Karyanvaya Nideshalaya, University of Delhi,

1983.

Paper: Science and Technology In Pre-Colonial India

Paper Code: 20HIS21D1

Course Outcome:

CO1 : Critically, students to know the evolution and development of science and technology through the ages in India upto 18th century.

CO2 : Evaluate and analyze the history of various fields of science viz. Physical, Chemical, Mechanical, Astronomy, Mathematics and Medicine etc.

CO3 : Explain and acquainted with the internal evolution and external influences on science & technology in India.

CO4: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

- 1) Science and technology-Meaning, scope and importance, technology and society. Sources of History of Science and technology in India.
- 2) Origins and development of technology in pre-historic period. Beginnings of agriculture and its impact on the growth of science and technology.
- 3) Science and technology during Vedic and later Vedic times including physical and biological sciences.

UNIT-II

- 1) Major developments in the history of science and technology from AD 1st century to c. 1200.
- 2) Developments in astronomy with special references to Aryabhata, Varamihira and Bhaskara-I.
- 3) Developments in medicine and surgery: Charaka and Sushruta Samhitas and subsequent developments in human anatomy, physiology and materia medica.

UNIT-III

- 1) Concept of rationality and scientific ideas in Arab thought and its reception in India.
- 2) New Developments in technology Persian wheel; gun-powder, textiles, bridge building, etc.

UNIT-IV

- 1) Developments in medical knowledge and interaction between Unani and Ayurveda and Alchemy.
- 2) Astronomy in the Arab world and its impact on India with special reference to Sawai Jai Singh.

SUGGESTED READING:

Arnold Devid,: Science, Technology and medicine in Colonial India. The New

Cambridge History of India Series, OUP, Cambridge, 1999.

Kumar, Deepak: Science and the Raj, OUP, Delhi, 1995

Kumar, Deepak,: Disease and Medicine in India: A Historical Overview, Tulika

Publications, Delhi. 2000

Prakash Gyan,: Another Reason: Science and the Imagination of Modern, OUP,

Delhi, 2000

Qaiser, A.J.,: The Indian Response to European Technology and Culture, OUP,

Delhi, 1982.

Raina, D. and Habib I., (Ed.): Situating History of Science: Dialogues with Joseph Needham,

OUP, Delhi, 1999

Sangwan, S.,: Science, Technology and Colonization: Indian Experience,

Anamika, Delhi, 1990.

SEMESTER-II

Paper: Ancient Societies-II Paper Code: 20HIS22C1

Course Outcome:

- CO1: Critically evaluate the development of human society and various cultures from Stone age to Iron age, world wide phenomenon.
- CO2: Critically discuss major cultural structures, events and than shaping the world context.
- CO3: Evaluate and analyze different sources (particularly archaeological) in overseas.
- CO4: Critically evalute the concept the decline of different civilizations and concept of relation of civilizations to each other.
- CO5: Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Iron Age Cultures in India:

- a) The beginning of Iron Age in India: Problems and Issues
- b) Megalithic Culture of India: Origin, Distribution, Typology and Material Culture.
- c) Painted Grey Ware Culture: Distribution, Material remains.
- d) Second Urbanization.

Unit - II

Iron Age Culture in Greece:

- a) Early Civilization in the Aegean
- b) Greek City States (Athens and Sparta): Political, Social and Economic Life, Greeco-Persian Wars, Peloponnesian Wars.
- c) The Athenian Empire, Athenian Democracy, Contribution of Greek Civilization.

Iron Age Culture in Rome:

- a) Roman Republic and Empire : Social and Economic Life
- b) Science & Technology
- c) Decline of Rome
- d) Contribution of Roman Civilization

Unit - III

Indian State and Society (Vedic Times to Gupta Period):

- a) The Vedic Age: Society, State Structure, Economy, Religion.
- b) The Age of Reason and Revolt: Jainism and Buddhism
- c) Agrarian Empires (Mauryan and Gupta): Society and Economy. 18

Unit IV

Indian State and Society in Post Gupta Period:

- a) Urban Decay in India
- b) Decline of Trade
- c) Origin and Development of Feudalism in India
- d) Nature of Indian Feudalism.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Camp, John M.: Ancient Greece: From Prehistoric to Hellenistic Times, Yale

University Press, 1996.

Goyal, Shriram,: Vishva ki Prachin Sabhyatayen, Vishvavidyalaya Prakashan,

Varanasi, 1994.

Gupta, P.L.: The Imperial Guptas: Cultural History, Varanasi

Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, 1979.

Jha, D.N.: Studies in Early Indian Economic History, Anupma

Publication, 1980.

Korovkin, F.: (Tr. by Bhatt, B.P.) Prachin Vishva Itihas ka Paricheya,

Peoples Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982.

Kosambi, D.D.: An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, Popular

Prakashan Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009 (reprint)

Majumdar, R.C.: The Vedic Age of History and Culture of the Indian People,

Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, 1996.

Mortimer, C.: The Fall of Rome: Can it be Explained?, Holt, Rinehart and

Winston, 1963.

Pathak, S.M.: Vishva Ki Prachin Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Bihar HIndi Granth

Academy, Patna, 1986.

Ray, U.: Vishva Sabhyataon ka Itihas, Lok Bharti, Allahabad, 1922. Runnels, Curtis and M.Priscila,: Greece Before History, An Archaeological Companion and

Guide, Stanford University Press, 2001.

Sharma, R.S.: Indian Feudalism, Macmillian India Ltd., New Delhi, 2005

(Hindi also)

Sircar, D.C., : Land System and Feudalism in Ancient India, India Centre

of Advance Study in Anceitn Indian History and Culture,

1966.

Swain, James E.: A History of World Civilization, Eurasia Publishing House,

New Delhi, 1984 (5th Edn. reprint)

Thakur, V.K.: Urbanization in Ancient India, Abhinav Publications, New

Delhi, 1981.

Thapar, Romila: History of India, Vol. I, Penguin Press, 1990.

Rhys, T.S.: Buddhism: Its History and Literature, New York, 1989.
----:
Gupta Samrajya, Varanasi Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan,

1979.19

Paper: Medieval Societies (Islamic and Europe)

Paper Code: 20HIS22C2

Course Outcome:

CO1: Critically evaluate the various developments in feudal Europe, Islamic World and Medieval World.

CO2: Critically evalute the concept the decline of feudalism and advent of capitalism.

CO3: Critically analyze and describe the rise of Middle East, Identify and describe the emergence of the Arab Caliphate, the Umayyad dynasty and abbasid dynasty.

CO4: Evaluate and analyze the different aspects of administrative units specially in Indian context.

CO5 : Critically understand the society through the religion.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

Islamic: Political:

- a) Rise of Islam: Socio-Political Background and Rise of Prophet Muhammad, His Life and Teachings.
- b) Evolution of Islamic State : Medina to Caliphate c) Evolution of Islamic State : Umayyad to Abbasid

Unit - II

Islamic: Social, Economic and Cultural

- a) Society under the Caliphate
- b) Economy under the Caliphate
- c) Contribution of Arab Civilization.

Unit - III

Europe: Political Structures:

- a) Transition from Ancient to Medieval Society
- b) State and Church, Church and Society
- c) Feudalism: Manorial System, Serfdom

Unit IV

Europe : Economic, Religious, Cultural Salient:

- a) Trade and Commerce
- b) Technology
- c) Protestantism Reformation d) Renaissance

SUGGESTED READINGS

Anderson, P.: Passage from Antiquity to Feudalism, New Left Books,

London, 1996.

Arnold, T.W.: The Caliphate, Oxford University Press, 1999.

Bloch, Marc. H.: Feudal Society, 2 Vols. Chicago University Press, Chicago,

1961.

Hitti, P.K.: The Arabs: A Short History, Macmillan and Company,

London, 1948.

Holt, Peter Malcolm

and A.K. Lambton (eds.) : The Cambridge History of Islam, 2 Vols. Cambridge

University Press, Cambridge, 1970.

Levy, R., : Social Structure of Islam, Cambridge University Press,

New York, 1969.

Lewis, Bernard,: The Middle East: A Brief History of the Last 2000 Years,

Touchstone, New York, 1997.

----:: The Arabs in History, Oxford University Press, Oxford,

1973.

-----: Islam in History, Open Court Publishing Company, Peru

(Illinois) 2001.

Mukhia, Harbans: The Feudalism Debate, Manohar Publishing House, Delhi

2003 (in Hindi also)

Pirenne, Henri: Economic and Social History of Medieval Europe,

Routledge, Oxford, 2006.

Postan, M.M.: Medieval Trade and Commerce, Cambridge University

Press, Cambridge, 1970.

White, Jr., Lynn.: Medieval Technology and Social Change, Oxford

University Press, 1973.

Paper: Modern World (Political Trends)

Paper Code: 20HIS22C3

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students' enable to understand the various socio-economic trends in modern period.

- CO2: Critically evaluate how the modern west was emerged through renaissance and and other socio-economic developments.
- CO3: Critically analyse the rise of capitalism and imperialism led all these developments.
- CO4: Critically evaluate how the new political system emerged based on representative
- CO5: Explain and analyse the rise of new order in the world in the form of socialism and about the world crisis of 1919 and 1939 which led to world wars.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

French Revolution:

- a) Aims
- b) Achievements
- c) Reaction in Europe

Development of Liberalism in Britain:

- a) Background: Classical Liberalism
- b) Beginning of Modern Liberalism
- c) Results and Analysis

Rise of America:

- a) American Revolution
- b) New Slavery
- c) Economic Power

Unit - II

Rise of New Order:

- a) Socialist Movement
- b) Russian Revolution-1917
- c) Russia after Revolution
- d) Reaction in the West

Theories of Nationalism:

- a) Italy
- b) Germany
- c) Japan: Rise of Japan as Colonial Power and its Pan Asiatic Scheme.

Unit - III

First World War:

- a) Origin
- b) Nature
- c) Impact
- d) Peace Settlement

Totalitarian Regimes:

- a) Fascism in Italy
- b) Nazism in Germany
- c) Communist Revolution in China 1949

Unit IV

Second World War:

- a) Origin
- b) Nature
- c) Impact

Cold War Period:

- a) NATO
- b) Warsaw Pact
- c) Non-Alignment Movement

SUGGESTED READINGS

Antheny D. Smith
Theories of nationalism, New York, 1983
The Nation in History, Oxford, 2000.
Carr, E.H.
The Bolshevik, Revolution, Vol. I, Pelican
Nationalism and Colonialism in India, 1996.

Cipola, C.M. Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vol. III, 1976.

Desai, A.R. Social Background of Indian Nationalism.

Dobb, Maurice Studies in the Development of Capitalism, 1974
Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation : The Rise to Self Assertion of

Asian and African People.

Fairbank, John, K. East Asia: Modern Transformation.

Hilton, Rodney Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, 1976.
Hobsbawan, E.J. Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970.
Johnson, Chatness, A. Peasant Nationalism and Communist Power:
The Emergency of Red China 1937-1947, 1962.

Joll, Jomes, Origin of the First World War, 1984.

Lichthein, George A Short-History of Socialism, 1976. Riasanovsky, N.V. A History of Russia, OUP, 1984

Roth, J.J. (ed.) World War II: A Turning Point in Modern History, 1967.

Sachuman, F.,

Snyder, Louis, L.

The Meaning of Nationalism.

Thompson, David

Europe Since Napoleon

Paper-IX: History of Haryana (Mughals to 1947)

Paper Code: 20HIS22D1

Course Outcome:

CO1: Students undertand the theme of regional history is explored through study of Haryana from stone age to independence of India.

CO2: Critically evaluate the efforts of the people of this region in the foreign invasions.

CO3: Critically analyse the rise of state formation and new power in the region of Haryana.

CO4: Explain and analyse the Turkish Invasion and it's impact on Haryana.

CO5: Evaluate and analyze the different aspects of ancient to modern administrative units.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

Mughal Period:

- a) First and Second Battle of Panipat, Hemu's Life & Achievements
- b) Revolt of Satnamis
- c) Paragana Administration
- d) Economy Land Revenue System
- e) Irrigation System
- f) Bhakti and Sufi Movements

UNIT-II

Politico-Religious Developments:

- a) Marathas Incursion
- b) George Thomas
- c) Sikh Intrusion
- d) Arva Samai
- e) Sanatan Dharma Sabha
- f) Development of Education & Literature

UNIT-III

Political Movements:

- a) Revolt of 1857: Causes, events, nature & effects
- b) Rise of Nationalism
- c) Political Condition (1885-1919)
- d) Unionist Party and Sir Chhotu Ram

UNIT-IV

Gandhian Movements:

- a) Non-Cooperation
- b) Civil Disobedience
- c) Ouit India Movement
- d) Praja Mandal Movement

SUGGESTED READINGS:

Ashraf, K.M. Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, Pearl

Publication, Calcutta, 1983.

Formation of an Identity: A Social History of Jats, Oxford Datta, Nonica,

University Press, New York, 1999.

The Marathas and Battle of Panipat, New Delhi. Gupta, H.R.

Irfan, Habib Cambridge Economic History of India, Cambridge University

Press, Cambridge, 1982.

Freedom Struggle in Haryana, Vishal Publication, Kurukshetra, Jagdish, Chander

1982.

Kenneth, W. Jones Arya Dharam, Manohar Book Service, New Delhi, 1976. Haryana: A Historical Perspective, New Delhi, 1986. Mittal, S.C.

Pardaman Singh & S.P. Shukla (ed.)

Freedom Struggle in Harvana and the Congress, 1885-1985, Published by Harvana Pradesh Congress (I) Committee, 1985.

Ancient and Medieval, Harman Publication, Delhi, 1990. Phadke, H.A. Haryana:

Prem Chaudhary, Punjab Politics: The Role of Sir Chhotu Ram, Vikas Publishing

House, New Delhi, 1985.

Ranjeet Singh Haryana ke Arya Samaj ka Itihas, Rohtak, 196 (in Hindi) Shukla, S.P.

India's Freedom Struggle and Role of Haryana, Criterion

Publication, 1985.

Sir Chhotu Ram: His Life and Times, Sterling Publication, New Verma, D.C.

Delhi. 1981.

Yadav, K.C. Rao Tula Ram and Revolt of 1857, S. Parmod and Co. Jallandhar

City, 1975.

Revolt of 1857 in Haryana, Manohar Publication, New Delhi

Paper X: State in India (Mughals to Modern Times)-II

Paper Code: 20HIS22D2

Course Outcome:

- CO1: Evaluate and analyze of institutional history that how the institution of state rise and develop in India.
- CO2: Critically evaluate the nature of the state changes with the time and dynasty.
- CO3: Analyze the emergence of the Mauryan and Gupta empries during the classical age in India
- CO4: Identify and analyze key facets of Indian Society and the rise of tchnology and commerce.
- CO5 : Formulate logical arguments substantiated with historical aspects.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: Nine questions are to be set in all spreading into five units Each of the first four units shall contain two questions from each unit of the syllabus and Unit-V (Q. No. 9) which will be compulsory, shall contain eight short answer type questions (two marks each) covering the entire syllabus. The Candidates shall be asked to attempt five questions in all selecting one question from each unit including compulsory question. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit - I

The Mughal State:

- a) Nature of Mughal State
- b) Central Administrative
- c) Provincial Administrative

Unit - II

Administrative Institutions:

- a) Jagirdari System
- b) Mansabdari System
- c) Zamindari System

Unit - III

Colonial State:

- a) Political Economy
- b) State Apparatus
- c) Instruments of Legitimization

Unit IV

Independent India:

- a) Constitutional Continuity
- b) Constitutional Change
- c) Visions of Modern Indian State: Nationalist, Communalist, Communist.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Alam, Muzaffer & Subramanayam, Sanjay (ed.)

The Mughal State, Oxford, 2000

The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India, Awadh & Punjab.

Anderson, Perry Lineages of the Absolutist State.

Athar, M.Ali The Mughal Nobility under Aurangazeb.

Banerjee S.N. A Nation in Making.

Chandra Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court (1707- 1747AD)

Day, U.N. The Mughal Government

Dodwell, H.H. (ed.) Cambridge History of India, Vol. V and VI Douglas, Strensand, The Formation of the Mughal Empire

Emerson, Rupert, From Empire to Nation: The Rise of Self-Assertions of Asian

and African People.

Habib, Irfan Madhyakaleen Bharat. Vol. I to VIII Relevant Articles.

An Examination of Wittfogel's.

Theory of Oriental Despotism in Studies in Asian History.

Hobsbawm, E.J. Nation and Nationalism, Cambridge, 1970.

The Central Structure of the Mughal Empire.

Joll, James Origin of the first World War, Longman, 1984.

Louis, I. Snyder The Meaning of the Nationalism.
Philips, C.H. The East India Company, 1784-1834.
Qureshi, I.H. The Administration of the Mughal Empire.

Richards, J.F. Kingship and Authority in South Asia (Modison-1978)

Saran, P. Provincial Govt. of the Mughals.

Sutherland, L. East India Company and the State, 1952.

Verma, H.C. Madhyakaleen Bharat.

Second Semester (Foundation Elective Paper) MORAL EDUCATION

Paper Code: 20GENF1

Total Marks: 50
Time: 02 Hours
Theory Marks: 40
Assignment: 10

Instructions

There will be a total of five questions. Question No. 1 will be compulsory and shall contain eight to ten short answer type questions without any internal choice and it shall cover the entire syllabus. The remaining four questions will include two questions from each unit. The students will be required to attempt one question from each unit. The students will attempt three questions in all.

UNIT I

Guiding principles for life

Ethics

- a. Guidelines set by society
- b. Changes according time and place

Morals

- c. Guidelines given by the conscience
- d. Always constant

Ethics in the workplace

- a. Respect for each other
- b. Obedience to the organization
- c. Dignity of labour
- d. Excellence in action

UNIT II

Concept of Trusteeship

- a. Everything belongs to society
- b. Man is only a caretaker
- c. Our responsibility to ensure welfare of all

Importance of service

- a. Responsibility of an individual
- b. Man is only a caretaker
- c Our responsibility to ensure welfare of all

Master of Arts (Economics)

Second Semester MEDIA AND SOCIETY Paper Code 20JRM01

Time Allowed 3 hrs

Max. Marks 100 Theory Marks 80 Assignment 20

UNIT I

- 1. Media Definition
- 2. Relationship of Media in Society
- 3. Impact of Media on society recent trends
- 4. Media and Social Development

<u>UNIT II</u>

- 1. Media Literacy
- 2. Impact of Media on children and youth
- 3. Media and gender issues
- 4. Media and Rural Society

UNIT III

- 1. Media and Violence
- 2. Media and Rising Crime
- 3. Media and Democracy
- 4. Media and development of Scientific temperament
- 5. Media and environmental issues

UNIT IV

- 1. Media Accountability.
- 2. Media and Economic development
- 3. Media and Nation Building
- 4. Popular culture and media

SEMESTER - III

Paper: Historiography: Concepts, Methods and Tools-I

Paper Code: 21HIS23C1

Number of credits: 5 Nature of course: Core

Aim of the course: The broad aim is to acquaint students with the basic understanding of the subject history, its philosophy, the research method and other basic ideas. Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students will have developed their ability to assess critically historical analysis and argument, past and present.
- CO2: Students will have gained an understanding of the development of the academic study of history throughout the world since the later eighteenth century
- CO3: Students will have gained an awareness of recent and contemporary debates in the theory, practice of historical writing and gained debate in history thinker
- CO4: Students will have gained insight into how historical arguments have been and are made become aware of historiographical traditions outside the West
- CO5: students will have had the opportunity to think reflexively about the nature of the historical enterprise within society

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

History Definition and Scope The Major Trends in History:-

- a) From the Earliest times to Positivism and Documented History
- b) From Political/ Military to Social History
- c) The New Trends: Postmondernism and Gender

Some Major Thinkers on History

- a) The Khaldun (1332-1406)
- b) G.W.F. Hegal (1770-1831)
- c) Karl Marx (1818-83)
- d) Fernand Braudel (1902-1985)

Unit-II

Sources and their evaluation

- a) Collection and Selection of Data
- b) Kinds of evidence
- c) External Criticism of sources
- d) Internal Criticism of sources

Methodology

- a) Generalization
- b) Causation
- c) Objectivity

Unit-III

The Pre-modern Traditions of Historical Writing

A. Early Tradition B. Medieval Traditions

- a) Greeco-Roman Traditions; a) Western
- b) Chinese Traditions b) Arabic & Persian
- c) Ancient Traditions c) Indo-Persian

Unit-IV

History and other Disciplines

- a) History and the Social Sciences in General
- b) History and Geography
- c) History and Economics
- d) History and Sociology
- e) History and Anthropology
- f) History and Psychology
- g) History and political Science

Suggested Readings

Alvesson Mats (2002): Postmodernism and Social Research

Bentley, Michael (1997): Companion to Historiography

Bloch, Marc (1954): The Historian's Craft (Knopf, 1953) Translated from

French by Peter Putnam (in Hindi)

Bloch, Marc (2000): Itihaskar Ka Shilp

Boyd, Kelly (ed.) (1999): Encyclopaedia of Historians and Historical Writing, Vol.

1 & 2

Canon, John (ed.) (1980): The Historians at Work (George Allen & Unwin, London,

1980)

Carr, E.H.: What is History (Macmillan, London, 1964, 1983) (in

Hindi also)

Chaube, Jharkhande (1999): Itihaas - Darshan

Collingwood, R.G. (2004): The Idea of History (Oxford University Press, 1946, 1972,

2004)

Gardiner, Patrick (ed.): Theories of History (New York 1969)

Hobsbawm, Eric J. (2003): Itihaskar ki Chinta

Hughes-Warrington-Marine: Fifty Great Thinkers on History (2004 Indian Reprint)

Lambert, Peter and Phillip

Sccofield (2004): Making History An Introduction to the Practices of a

Discipline

Marwick, Arthur: The Nature of History (Macmillan, London, 1970, 1984)

(in Hindi also)

Marwick, Arthur (2008): Itihas Ka Swarup

Marwick, Arthur (2001): New Nature of History Knowledge, Evidence, Language Sheikh Ali, B. History: Its Theory and Method (Macmillan, Madras, 1978)
Sreedharan, E. (2004): A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC to AD 2000 (Orient

Longman, Delhi, 2000)

Stone, Lawrence (1987): The Past and the Present (Revised)

Verma, Lal Bahadur (1984): Itihas Ke Bare Mein

Woolf, D.R. (ed.) (1988): A Global Encyclopaedia of Historical Writing (1 & 2)

Paper: Political History of India (1757-1947) I

Paper Code: 21HIS23GD1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the sources of Modern Indian History i.e. Archival Records, Private Papers, Newspapers, Periodicals and Oral Traditions.

CO2: Students understand the pre-colonial Indian Polity.

CO3: Students understand the emergence of British Power and Indian resistances.

CO4: Students understand the diplomatic means of British Expansion and Paramountecy and aftermaths.

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks

Unit-I

1. Sources of Modern Indian History:

- a. Archival Records
- b. Private Papers
- c. News Papers
- d. Periodicals
- e. Oral Traditions

2. Pre-Colonial Indian Polity:

- a. Decline of Mughal Empire
- b. Rise of Successor States

Unit-II

1. Emergence of British Power: 1757-1765

- a. English East India Company History 1600 AD 1757 A.D.
- b. Battle of Plassev
- c. Battle of Buxar
- d. Political Settlement of 1765

2. The Indian Resistance

- a. Anglo Mysore Relations 1767-1799
- b. Anglo-Maratha Relations 1775-1818

Unit-III

1. Diplomatic Means of British Expansion:

- a. Subsidiary Alliance System
- b. Political Settlement of 1817-1818
- c. Doctrine of Lapse

2. The Paramountecy and aftermath:

- a. Conquest of Sind
- b. Annexation of Punjab

Unit-IV

1. Beyond Natural Frontiers:

- a. Nepal
- b. Burma

2. The People's Response:

- a. Discontent and Disaffection during Company's Rule
- b. Revolt of 1857 Nature, Participation and Impact

Suggested Readings:

Dodwell, H.H (ed.): The Cambridge History of India Vol. V, Cambridge, 1934,

1937

Sutherland, Lucy: The East India Company in the 18th Century Politics,

Oxford, 1952

Gupta, Brijan K.: Siraj-ud-daula and the East India Company, 1962

Khan, Mohibul Hasan: Tipu Sultan

Roberts, P.E.: India under Wellslev

Sinha N.K.: Ranjit Singh

Sen, S.N.: Eighteenth Fifty Seven, Delhi, 1957, Calcutta, 1958

Majumdar, R.C. (ed.): British Paramantacy and India's Renaissance Vol. X, Pt.1,

Bombay, 1965-68

": The Sepoy Mutiny and Revolt of 1857, Calcutta, 1957 Tara Chand: History of Freedom Movement Vol. I & II, Delhi, 1991 Misra. B.B.:

Central Administration of the East India Company 1773-

1834, Macmillan, 1959

": The Administrative History of India, 1834-1947 Stokes, Eric: English Utilitarian and India, Oxford, 1959 Philips, C.H.: The East India Company, 2nd edn., London, 1962

Metcalfe, T.R.: Aftermath of the Revolt, Princeton, 1964

Pannikar, K.M.: An Introduction to the study of the Relations of Indian

States with the Government of India, London, 1932

Spear, P.: History of India, Vol. II, Penguin, 1965 ": Master of Bengal: Robert Clive, 1976

Baneriee, A.C.: A New History of Modern India 1757-1947

Sardesai, G.S.: New History of the Marathas - Vols II. III, Bombay, 1946

Sardesai, G.S.: The Main Current of Maratha History.

Norris. J.A: The First Afghan War, 1838-42

Penderal Moon: Warren Hastings and British India, London, 1954

R.C. Majumdar, and Dutta K.K. & Ch., H.C. Ray : Prasad Bisheshwar : : Advanced History of India Vol. III, 4th ed. Delhi, 1978 Bondage and Freedom, Vol. I

Paper: Indian National Movement (1885-1919)

Paper Code: 21HIS23GD2

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Indian Nationalism and role of Indian National Congress sources.

CO2: Students understand the emergence of Communal Politics and Era-Communal Coordination India and the first world war

CO3: Students understand the emergence of British Power and Indian resistances.

CO4: Students understand constitutional development - British reaction

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Indian Nationalism:

- a. Emergence
- b. Causes
- c. Approaches

2. Indian National Congress

- a. Pre-Congress Political Associations
- b. Genesis
- c. Theories

Unit-II

1. Nationalist Agitation: 1885-1905

- a. Moderates Programmes and Ideology
- b. Revolutionary Movement The First Phase

2. Nationalist Agitation: 1905-1919:

- (a) Extremists- Programmes and Ideology
- (b) Anti-Partition of Bengal agitation- Swadesh Movement

Unit-III

1. Emergence of Communal Politics :

- a. Establishment of All India Muslim League 1906
- b. Hindu Mahasabha

2. Era of Communal Co-ordination:

- a. Lucknow Pact-aims and impact
- b. Home Rule Movement-aims, Programmes and impact

Unit-IV

1. India and the first World War:

- a. Impact of Indian National Movement
- b. Rise of Left in Indian Politics

2. Constitutional Development - A British Reaction:

- a. Indian Council Acts
- b. Morley Minto Reforms-1909
- c. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms-1919

Suggested Readings:

Seal, Anil The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968
Mehrotra, S.R. The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971
Tripathi, A. The Extremist Challenge: India between 1890-1910, Calcutta,

1967

Argov, Daniel Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement Desai, A.R. Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1959 (ed.) Tara Chand History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV., Delhi, 1961 Majumdar, R.C. History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, 1962-63

Dutt, R.P. India Today, Bombay, 1949 Mujeeb, M Indian Muslims, London 1967

Sarkar, S. Swadeshi Movement in Bengal-1903-1908, New Delhi, 1973

" Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

Das, M.N. India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964

Singh, Parduman Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910, Delhi, 2001 New

ed.

Dhankar, Jaiveer Singh Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000 Wolpert Stanley A. Tilak adn Gokhle, California, 1962

Yadav, B.D Allan Octavian Hume-Father of the Congress, Delhi, 1992

Madame Bhikhaiji Cama A True Nationalist, Delhi, 1952

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journal of History

Paper: Society and Culture of India (1757-1947) I

Paper Code: 21HIS23GD3

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students understand about the Pre-British Indian Society, British and Indian Society i.e. Christian Missionaries, British Social Policy and Approaches -Evangelicalist and Orientalist.
- CO2 : Critically analyze the grouth of new education system and role of press in sociopolitical consciousness
- CO3: Critically analyze the Indian literature and role in Indian cultural renaissance
- CO4 : Students understand about social reforms of 19th century in India and women's emancipation

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Pre-British Indian Society:

- a. General Features b. Rural Society
- c. Urban Society

Unit-II

1. British and Indian Society:

- a. Christian Missionaries b. British Social Policy
- c. Approaches-Evangelicalist and Orientalist

2. Growth of New Education:

- a. Wood's Dispatch and Aftermath
- b. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

Unit-III

1. Press

- a. Rise and Growth of Press
- b. Its Role in Socio-Political Consciousness

2. Literature:

- a Hindi Literature b. Bengali Literature
- c. Role in Indian Cultural Renaissance

Unit-IV

1. Social Reforms:

- a. Sati b. Infanticide
- c. Window Remarriage Movement d. Age of Consent Bill Agitation

2. Women's Emancipation

a. Status b. Property Rightsc. Socio-Political Participation

Suggested Readings:

Banga, Indu and Jaidev (eds.): Cultural Reorientation of Modern India, 1996

Bayly, C.A.: Indian Society and the Making of the English Empire

(Cambridge University Press, London, 1987)

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi (ed.): The Contested Terrarium: Perspectives on foundation in

India (Hyderabad, 1988)

": Education and the Dis-privileged: Nineteenth and

Twentieth Century in India

Forbes, Geraldine: Women in Modern India, (London, 1998)

Kumar, Ravinder: Essay's in Social History of Modern India (Modern, 1968)

': Adhunik Bharat Ka Samajik Itihas

Mani, Lata: Contentious Traditions: The Debate on Sati in Colonial

India (New Jersey, 1990)

Mukerji , D.P. : Indian Culture : A Sociological Study

Nair, Janaki: Women and Law in Colonial India: A Social History

Sangari, Kumkum & Sudesh Vaid (eds.)

: Recasting Women : Essay in Colonial History

Sharma, R.S. (ed.): Indian Society: Historical Probing in Memory of D.D.

Kosambi

Stokes, E.: English Utilitarians and India (London, 1959)
Ballhachet, K.A.: Social Policy and Social Change in India

McCully, B.T.: English Education and the origin of Nationalism

(Gloucester, 1966)

Ahmed A.F.S.: Social Ideas and Social change in Bengal

Ravinder Kumar: Western India in 19th Century

Kopf. D.: British Orientalism and the Bengal Renaissance

(Berkeley, 1969)

Majumdar, B.B.: History of India Social and Political Ideas Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism

Sinha, S.: "Social Change" in N.K. Sinha (ed) History of Bengal Mukherjee, S.N.: "The Social Implications of the Political thought of Indian

Society", Historical Probing (ed.) R.S. Sharma

Brun De: "Political and Social Trends in 18th Century in India" vide

Studies in Social and Economic History of India, Vol III

Das, M.N. Chopra: Social and Economic History of Vol. III

L.S.S,O' Malley: Modern Indian and the West Sumit Sarkar: Modern India (Delhi, 1983)

Narain V.A.: Social History of Bengali Literature

Ram Kumar Verma : A History of Hindi Literature

Bayly, C.A.: Indian Society and the Making of the English (London, 1987)

Forbes, Geraldine: Women in Modern India

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journal of History.

Paper: Economic History of India (1757-1947)-I

Paper Code: 21HIS23GD4

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students understand about the Pre-British Indian Society, British and Indian Society i.e. Christian Missionaries, British Social Policy and Approaches -Evangelicalist and Orientalist.

CO2 : Critically analyze the grouth of new education system and role of press in sociopolitical consciousness

CO3: Critically analyze the Indian literature and role in Indian cultural renaissance

CO4 : Students understand about social reforms of 19th century in India and women's emancipation

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Pre-colonial Indian Economy

- a) Rural economy: agriculture and artisans
- b) Urban economy: artisans and manufacture
- c) Rural and Urban trade

2. Disintegration of the pre-colonial economy

- a) Debate over de-industrialization
- b) Causes for the disintegration of the rural economy

Unit-II

1. Debate about Colonialism and its impact on Indian Economy

2. Population during the colonial period

- a) Estimates prior to the first Censos of 1872
- b) Patterns of population growth since 1872, with reference to Fertility rates, Mortality rates and Women-men ratio
- c) Debate over de-urbanization and trends of migration and workforce

3. National and Per-capita income:

- a) Estimates and comparison
- b) Contribution of Agriculture, Industry and Tertiary services

Unit-III

1. Rural Economy

- a) Colonial land revenue settlements: Permanent Settlement, Ryotwari and Mahalwari
- b) Commercialization of agriculture with reference to crop, land labour and credit markets.
- 2. Rural Indebtedness and institutions to meet rural credit needs in colonial India
- 3. Peasant Revolt

Unit-IV

- 1. Irrigation system and changes in it during the colonial period
- 2. Famines and the colonial Government:
 - a. Causes, geographical spread and number of famines in colonial
 - b. Evolution of the colonial policy regarding famines

Suggested Readings:

Bhatia, B.M.: Famines in India: A study in Some Aspects of the Economic

History of India, Bombay, 1967

Bhattacharya, Dhires: A Concise History of Indian Economy: From the mid-Eighteen

to the Present Century, Calcutta, 1972

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi: Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihaas, New Delhi and Patna, 1990

Davey, Brian: The Economic Development of India, Nottingham, 1975

Desai, A.R.: Peasant Struggles in India, Bombay, 1948

Gadgil, D.R.: The Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times, London, 1934

Habib, Irfan: Indian Economy, 1858-1914, New Delhi, 2007

Kumar, Dharma (ed.): The Cambridge Economic History of India Vol. 2: c. 1757-1970,

Cambridge, 1982

Mishra, Girish: Agrarian Problems of Permanent Settlement, Delhi, 1978

Mishra, Girish: Aadhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihas, Delhi, 1977

Mukherjee, Aditya: : "The Return of the Colonial in Indian Economic History: The

Last Phase of Colonialism in India", Presidential Address, Modern Section, Indian History Congress, 68th Session, New

Delhi.

Raj, K.N.: Essays on the Commercialization of Indian Agriculture

Roy, Tithankar: The Economic History of India, 1857-1947, New Delhi, OUP,

2006

Singh, V.B.: Economic History of India, 1857-1956, Bombay, 1975

Sivasubramonian, S.: National Income of India in the Twentieth Century, Unpublished

Ph.D. Thesis, Delhi University

Tomlinson, B.R.: The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970, Cambridge, 1993

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journal of History.

Third Semester Disaster Management Paper Code 21ENVO2

M. Marks = 100 Theory = 80 Assignment = 20 Time = 3 hrs

Note:

- 1. Seven questions will be set in all.
- 2. Question No. 1 will be objective covering the entire syllabus & compulsory. The remaining six questions will be set with two questions from each unit. The candidate will be required to attempt five in total, Question I and four by selecting at least one from each unit.

UNIT- I

Disaster- Causes and phases of disaster, Rapid onset and slow onset disasters. Nature and responses to geo-hazards, trends in climatology, meteorology and hydrology. Seismic activities. Changes in Coastal zone, coastal erosion, beach protection. Coastal erosion due to natural and manmade structures.

UNIT- II

Floods and Cyclones: causes of flooding, Hazards associated with flooding. Flood forecasting. Flood management, Integrated Flood Management and Information System

(IFMIS), Flood control. Water related hazards- Structure and nature of tropical cyclone, Tsunamis – causes and physical characteristics, mitigation of risks.

UNIT-III

Earthquakes: Causes and characteristics of ground-motion, earthquake scales, magnitude and intensity, earthquake hazards and risks, Volcanic land forms, eruptions, early warning from satellites, risk mitigation and training, Landslides.

Mitigation efforts: UN draft resolution on Strengthening of Coordination of Humanitarian Emergency Assistance, International Decade for Natural Disaster Reduction (IDNDR), Policy for disaster reduction, problems of financing and insurance.

Reference Books:

- 1. Bolt, B.A. Earthquakes, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York. 1988
- 2. Carter, N,W. Disaster Management: A Disaster Manager's Hand Book, Asian Development Bank, Manila. 1992

- 3. Gautam Ashutosh. Earthquake: A Natural Disaster, Ashok Publishing House, New Delhi. 1994
- 4. Sahni, P.and Malagola M. (Eds.). Disaster Risk Reduction in South Asia, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 2003.
- 5. Sharma, V.K. (Ed.). Disaster Management, IIPA, New Delhi. 1995.
- 6. Singh T. Disaster management Approaches and Strategies, Akansha Publishing House, New Delhi. 2006
- 7. Sinha, D. K. Towards Basics of Natural Disaster Reduction, Research Book Centre, New Delhi. 2006
- 8. Smith, K. Environmental Health, Assessing Risk and Reduction Disaster, 3rd Edition, Routledge, London. 2001 21.

SEMESTER IV

Paper: Historiography: Concepts, Methods and Tools - II

Paper Code: 21HIS24C1

Number of credits : 5 Nature of course : Core

Aim of the course: The broad aim is to acquaint students with the basic understanding

of the subject history, its philosophy, the research method and other basic ideas.

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students developed their ability to assess critically historical analysis and argument, past and present.
- CO2: Students gained an understanding of the development of the academic study of history throughout the world since the later eighteenth century
- CO3: Students gained an awareness of recent and contemporary debates in the theory, practice of historical writing and gained debate in history thinker
- CO4: Students gained insight into how historical arguments have been and are made become aware of historiographical traditions outside the West
- CO5: students had the opportunity to think reflexively about the nature of the historical enterprise within society

Max.Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

Modern Approaches in History:

- a) Positivist
- b) Classical Marxist
- c) Later Marxist
- d) Gender in History
- e) Environment in History
- f) Annals

Unit-II

Modern Indian Approaches in History:

- a) Colonial History Writing
- b) Nationalist History Writing
- c) Communalist History Writing
- d) Marxist History Writing
- e) Cambridge School and
- f) Subaltern School

Unit-III

Major Debates in History:

- a) Rise of Feudalism
- b) Rise of Capitalism
- c) Origin of Imperialism
- d) Origin of Nationalism

Unit-IV

Making a Research Proposal:

- a) Choice of Subject
- b) Survey of literature
- c) Formulation of hypothesis
- d) Identification of sources
- e) Description of research methodology
- f) Elaboration of research proposal

Suggested Readings:

Anthias, Floya and

Nira Yuval-Davis : Woman, Nation, State Basingstoke, Macmillan and New York St.

Martin's Press

Bentley, Michael: Companion to Historiography, London Routledge, 1997

Bottomore, Tom: Theories of Modern Capitalism, New Delhi, Universal Book Stall Boyd, Kelly (ed.): Encyclopaedia of Historians and Historical Writings, Vols. I and

II, London/Chicago, Fitzroy Dearborn Publishers

Burke, Peter: New Perspectives of Historical Writing, 2nd Ed. Cambridge,

Polity Press, 2001

Chaube, Jharkhande : Itihaas-Darshan, Varanasi, Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, 1999. Clark, Stuard (ed.) : The Annals School : Critical Assessment Volume I Histories and

Overviews, London and New York, Routledge

Guha, Ramchandra: Environmentalism: A Global History, New Delhi, Oxford

University Press

Hilton, Rodney (ed.): The Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism, (in Hindi)

London, Verso

": Samantwaad Se Punjiwaad Mein Sankraman, Delhi Granth

Shilpi, 2008

Hobsbawm, Eric. J.: Itihaskar Ki Chinta, Delhi Granth Shilpi, 2008

Hughes, J. Donald: What is Environmental History? Cambridge/Malden Polity

Press, 2006

Hutchison, John and

Anthony D. Smith : Nationalism, Oxford and New York, Oxford University Press,

1994

Women and the Public sphere in the Age of the French Landes, Joan B.:

Revolution, Ithaca, NY, Cornell University Press, 1988

Marwick. Arthur: The Nature of History Macmillan, London, 1970, 1984

Mukhia, Harbans: The Feudalism Debate (in Hindi), New Delhi, Manohar, 2000 ":

Feudalism aur Gair-Europeve Samaj, Delhi Granth Shilpi (India),

2007

Owen, Roger and

Bob Sutcliffe (eds.): Studies in the theory of Imperialism, London, Longman, 1972

Sarkar, Sumit: Writing Social History (Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1997)

Samajik Itihaas - Lekhan Ki Chunauti, Delhi Granth Shilpi

Scot, John: Gender and the Politics of History, New York, Columbia

University Press, 1988

The Nation in History: Historiography Debates about Nations Smith, Anthony D.:

and Nationalism, Cambridge Polity Press, 2000

A Textbook of Historiography 500 BC- 2000AD, (Orient Sreedharan, E.:

Longman, Delhi, 2000)

Verma, Lal Bahadur: Itihaas Ke Bare Mein, New Delhi, Prakashan Sansthan, 1984

Protestant Acharshastra aur Puniwadi Chetna, Delhi Granth Weber, Max:

Shilpi (India), 2006

Woolf, D.R. (ed.): A Global Encyclopaedia of Historical Writing, Volumes 1 & 2,

New York & London, Garland Publishing, Inc. 1988.

Paper- Political History of India (1757-1947-II)

Paper Code: 21HIS24GD1

Course Outcomes

CO1: Students get the basic knowledge about the administrative structure i.e. District, provincial and central administration and to understand the Arms of the state i.e. Army, law, Police and Civil services.

CO2: Students understand the relation with Indian states, Afghan Policy, Foreign Policy of Colonial State, Foreign Affairs.

CO3: Student understand the Indian Union and Princely States, Vision of New India and India and World Non-Alignment Movement.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Administrative Structure:

- a) District Administration b) Provincial Administration
- c) Central Administration

2. Arms of the State:

- a) Army b) Law
- c) Police d) Civil Services

Unit-II

1. Relations with Indian States:

- a) Policy of Ring Fence b) Policy of Subordinate Isolation
- c) Policy of Subordinate union

2. Afghan Policy

- a) First Afghan War b) Policy of Masterly Inactivity
- c) IInd Afghan War

Unit-III

1. Foreign Policy of Colonial State:

a) Compulsions b) Evolution

2. Foreign Affairs

- a) N.W. Frontier Policy b) Persia and Persian Gulf Policy
- c) Tibet Policy

Unit-IV

1. Indian Union and Princely States:

- a) Problem
- b) Integration with India

2. Independent India:

- a) Visions of New India
- b) India and the World Non-Alignment Movement

Suggested Readings:

Smith B.: Life of Lord Lawrence, Vols.

Hunter W.W.: Earl of Mayo, 1876

Moulton, E.D.: Lord North brook's Indian Administration 1872-1876 Balfaur, E.: Lord Lyton's Administration, 1876-80, London, 1899

Davies C.C.: Problem of North West Frontier

Gopal S.: The viceroyalty of Lord Ripon 1880-84, London, 1899
Dodwell H. (ed.): Cambridge History of India Vol. VI, Cambridge, 1934
Majumdar, R.C.: The British Paramounty and Indian Renaissance Vol. IX,

X Pt. I Bombay

Dilks, David: Curzon in India 3 Vol.

Lover, Frazer: India under Curzon and Afghan

S. Chakarvarty : From Khyber to Oxus
A.C. Banerji : The Conquest of Burma

Ravinder Kumar : India and the Perisian Gulf Region Bisheshwar Prasad : Bondage and Freedom Vol. 2

": The Foundations of India's Foreign Policy, 1860-1882

Edward Thampson and

Garrett G.T.: The Rise and Fulfilment of British Rule in India, London,

1934

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journals of History.

Paper- Indian National Movement (1920-1947)

Paper Code: 21HIS24GD2

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the emergence of the mass movements. civil disobedience movement etc.
- CO2: Students understand the last phase of Revolutionary Movement. Indian National Congress and Socialist Movement.
- CO3 : Students understand the Quit Indian Movement, Emergence of States People's Conference, Praja Mandal Movement.
- CO4 : Students understand the Communalism at its Zenith. To understand the British Response Transfer of Power

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided intou four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Emergence of Mass Movements:

- a) Rise of Gandhi and Non-Cooperation khilafat Movement
- b) Swarajists-Programmes and Impact

2. Civil Disobedience Movement:

- a) Aims, Social Composition and Impact
- b) British Response Communal Award, Round table conference
- c) Government of India Act 1935

Unit-II

1. The Last Phase of Revolutionary Movement:

- a) Formation of H.R.A.-H.S.R.A.
- b) Aims and Activities
- c) Impact on National Movement

2. Indian National Congress and Socialist Movement:

- a) Congress Socialist Party
- b) Forward Bloc-I.N.A.

Unit-III

1. Quit Indian Movement:

a) Background

- b) Activities
- c) Impact

2. States People's Conference:

- a) Emergence
- b) Praja Mandal Movement in Various Indian States

Unit-IV

1. Communalism at its Zenith:

- a) Demand for Pakistan
- b) Growth of Muslim League
- c) Partition of India

2. British Response-Transfer of Power

- a) Cripp's Mission 1942
- b) Cabinet Mission- 1946
- c) Mount Batten Plan 1947

Suggested Readings:

Singh, I.P.: The Left Wing in India Bhuyan, Arun: The Ouit India Movement

Pradhan, G.: India's Struggle for Swaraj, Madras, 1924 Gopal, S.: Jawahar Lal Nehru Vol. I-3, Delhi, 1975, 1979

Ravinder Kumar: Essays in Gandhian Politics: The Rowlatt Satyagraha of

1919, London 1971

Communalism in Modern India, New Delhi, 1987 Chandra Bipan and others: Brown, Judith: Ganhi's Rise to Power: Indian Politics 1915-1922,

Cambridge, 1972

Khilafat Movement: The Religious symbolism and Minault, Gail:

Political Mobilization in India, New York, 1982

Dhankhar, Jaiveer S.: A Short History of Hindustan Socialist Republic an

Association, Delhi, 2001

Indian National Movement and he Constitutional Dev. Raghuvanshi, V.P.S.: Seal, Anil: The Emergence of Indian Nationalism, Cambridge, 1968 Mahrotra, S.R.: The Emergence of Indian National Congress, Delhi, 1971 Tripathi, A.: The Extremist Challenge: India between 890-1910.,

Calcutta, 1971

Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Argov, Daniel:

Movement

Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1949 Tara Chand: History of the Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, IV (4

Vols.). Delhi. 1961

History of Freedom Movement Vol. I, II, III, Calcutta, Majumdar, R.C.:

1962-63

India Today, Bombay, 1949 Dutt, R.P.:

Mujeeb, M.: **Indian Muslims**

Sarkar, S.: Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, New Delhi, 1973 ":

Modern India 1885-1947, New Delhi, 1983

Das, M.N.: India under Morley and Minto, London, 1964
Singh, Pardaman: Lord Minto and Indian Nationalism 1905-1910.

Dhankhar, Jaivieer S. : Prelude to Pakistan, Delhi, 2000 Wolpert, Stanley : Tilak and Gokhe, Calcutta, 1962

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journals of History

Paper- Society and Culture of India (1757-1947)- II

Paper Code: 21HIS24GD3

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Students get basic knowledge about the rise of new classes and role of middle class in Modernization.
- CO2: Students understand the causes and anture of Indian Cultural Renaissance Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj and Ram Krishnan Mission.
- CO3: Students understand the Wahabi Movement and Arya Samaj Movementm and Aligarh Movement.
- CO4 : Students understand the Rise and Growth of depressed class movement, untouchability etc.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. New Classes:

- a. Rise of New Classes
- b. Role of Middle Class in Modernization

2. Tradition and Modernity

- a. Concept
- b. Process

Unit-II

1. Indian Cultural Renaissance:

- a. Causes and Nature
- b. Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj

2. Legacy of Cultural Renaissance:

- a. Ram Krishan Mission
- b. Theosophical

Unit-III

1. Revivalist Movements:

- a. Wahabi Movement
- b. Arya Samaj Movement

2. Aligarh Movement

a. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh Movement

- b. Role in Education
- c. Impact on Indian Muslims

Unit-IV

1. Depressed Class Movement

- a. Its Rise and Growth
- b. Problem of Untouchability
- c. Factors for its Amelioration

2. British Rule and Indian Society

- a. Impact
- b. Continuity and change

Suggested Readings:

Baird, Robert (ed.): Religion in India, Delhi, 1981

De, Barun : Presidential Address to the Indian History Congress,

Dharwad Session, 1988

Jones, Kenneth W.: Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India, The

New Cambridge History of India, Cambridge University

Press, New York, 1994

": Arya Dhaarm, Berkeley, 1976

Niranjana-Tejaswini, P.: Interrogating Modernity: Culture and

Sudhir & Vivek Dhareshwar (eds.): Colonialism in India

Rao, M.S.A. (ed.): Social Movements and Transformation, Delhi, 1979

Stiniwas, M.N.: Social Change in Modern India

Unnithan, T.K.N, Indra Deva

Yogendra Singh (eds.): Towards a Sociology of Culture in India

Ranade, M.G.: Religion and Social Reforms, Collection of Essays and

Speeches

Misra, B.B.: The Indian Middle Class, Delhi, 1978

Heimsath, Charles: Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform, Princeton,

1964

Leach and Mukherjee : Elites in South Asia

Ahmed, A.F.S.: Social Ideas and Social Change in Bengal, 1818-1835,

Leiden, 1965

Jain, M.S.: The Aligarh Movement, Agra, 1965

Ahmed, Q.: The Wahabi Movement in India, Calcutta, 1966

Rai, Lal Lajpat : A History of the Arya Samaj

Majumdar, B.B.: History of Indian Social and Political Ideas

Desai, A.R.: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1981

Sinha, P.: Social Change in NK Singh (ed.) History of Bengal Sarkar, S.: Ram Mohan Roy and the Break with the Past(ed) V.C.

Ioshi

Pavloy, V.L.: Indian Middle Class: Its Origin and Development

Smith, W.C.: Modern Islam in India, London, 194

Sriniwas, M.N.: "A note on Sanskritisation and Westernisation" Caste in

Modern India and other Essays

Narain, V.A.: Social History of Modern India, Patna, 1968 O' Malley, L.S.S.: Modern Indian and the West, London, 1941

Das, M.N., Chopra, P.N. and Puri, B.N.:

Social and Economic History of India, Vol. III

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journals of History

Paper-Economic History of India (1757-1947) II Paper Code: 21HIS24GD4

Course Outcomes

- CO1: Student get basic knowledge about the foreign trade in colonial India with reference to Mercantilism, Industrial Capatalism and Finance Capitalism, Price Movements, Tarriff policy.
- CO2: Student to understand the Urban Markets and growth/decline of urban centres in colonial India, Industries and Industrial policy in colonial India.
- CO3: Student understand the theory about the Drain of wealth, Banking System
- CO4: Student understand the environment, forests and the colonial state, labour and the trade union movement, consequences of colonial rule on Indian economy.

Max. Marks: 100 Theory: 80 Assignment: 20 Time: 3 Hrs.

Note: The paper-setter is required to set 9 questions in all, out of which the students shall be required to attempt 5 questions in all. The syllabus of the paper has been divided into four units. The question paper of the course will have five units. Each of the first four units will contain two questions and the students shall be asked to attempt one question from each unit. Unit five of the question paper shall contain eight short answer type questions (2 marks each) covering the entire syllabus. Unit five shall be compulsory. All questions shall carry equal marks.

Unit-I

1. Foreign trade in colonial India with reference to

- a. Mercantilism
- b. Industrial capatalism
- c. Finance capitalism
- 2. Price Movements
- 3. Tariff Policy

Unit-II

- 1. Urban Markets and growth/decline of urban centres in colonial India
- 2. Industries in colonial India:
 - a. Select industries like: Cotton textiles, Jute, iron and steel
 - b. Industrial policy in colonial India

3. Artisans and small-scale industry, especially handlooms Unit-III

- 1. Theory about the Drain of wealth
- 2. Tax Structure, Public Expenditure and Government Revenues under the Crown, especially as per Act(s) of 1919 & 1935
- 3. Banking system

Unit-IV

- 1. Environment, Forests and the Colonial State
- 2. Labour and the trade union movement

3. Consequences of colonial rule on Indian economy.

Suggested Readings:

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar: Presidency Banks and the Indian Economy, 1876-1914

(Calcutta, 1989

Bagchi, Amiya Kumar: Private investment in India, 1990-1939 New Delhi:

1972-1979

Bhattacharya, Dhires: A Concise History of Indian Economy: From the Mid-

Eighteenth to the Present Century, New Delhi: Prentice-

Hall of India, 1989

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi: Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihaas, New Delhi and Patna:

Rajkamal Prakashan, 1990

Bhattacharya,

Sabyasachi & Jan Lucassen: : Workers in the Informal Sector : Studies in Labour

History, New Delhi: Macmillan India, 2005

Chandvarkar, Rajnarayan: Imperial Power and Popular Politics: Class, Resistance

and the State in India, 1850-1950, Cambridge:

Cambridge University Press, 1998

Chaudhari, K.N.: "Foreign Trade and Balance of Payments (1757-1947),"

in Dharma Kumar (ed.) (1983), Cambridge Economic of

India Volume II. 1983

Davey, Brian: The Economic Development of India Nottingham:

Spokesman Books, 1975

Gadgi, D.R.: The Industrial Evolution of India in recent Times, 1860-

1939 (Delhi: Oxford University Press, Fifth ed. 1973)

Habib, Irfan (Revised edn.): Indian Economy 1858-1914, New Delhi; Tulika Books,

2006

Hossain, Hameeda: The Company Weavers of Bengal: The East India

Company and the Organization of Textile Production in Bengal, 1750-1813 Calcutta, Oxford University Press,

1988

Kumar, Dharma (ed.): The Cambridge Economic History of India, Volume 2:

c. 1757-c. 1970, Hyderabad : Orient Longman, 1984

Mishra, Girish: Adhunik Bharat Ka Arthik Itihaas, New Delhi: Granth

Shilpi, 2004

Ray, Rajat K.: Industrialization in India: Growth and Conflict in the

Private Corporate Sector, 1914-47, Delhi: Oxford

University Press, 1979

Roy, Tirthankar: Traditional Industry in the Economy of Colonial India,

Cambridge; Cambridge University Press, 1999 Apart from handlooms, this book deals with Gold Thread,

brassware, leather and carpets also.

Roy, Tirthankar: The Economic History of India, 1857-1947 Second

Edition, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2006

Singh, V.B. (ed.): Economic History of India, 1857-1956 New Delhi; Allied

Publishers, 1975

Tomlinson, B.R.

(Indian edition): The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970 The New

Cambridge History of India III, 3, New Delhi: Foundation

Books, 1998

Note: In addition, students are advised to consult the current Research Journal of History..