



PROSPECTUS

Centralized Online Admissions

(MDU, KUK, CDLU, BPSMV, IGU, CRSU, CBLU)

SESSION 2018-19



Conducted by

MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY, ROHTAK

(A State University established under Haryana Act No. 25 of 1975)

(NAAC Accredited 'A' Grade)

PROSPECTUS

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SESSION 2018-19

for Various PG programmes in

- **Life Sciences**
- **Forensic Science**
- **Physics**
- **Chemistry**
- **Mathematics**
- **Pharmaceutical Sciences**

to be conducted by

MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY ROHTAK-124001 (HARYANA)

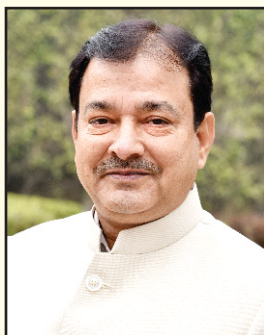
A State University established under Haryana Act No. 25 of 1975

NAAC Accredited 'A' Grade

www.mdurohtak.ac.in

CONTENTS

Sr.No.	Particulars	Page No.
1.	Vice-Chancellor's Message	4
2.	Vice-Chancellors, Registrars and Coordinators of the Participating Universities	5
3.	Officers of the Maharshi Dayanand University	6-7
4.	Centralised Online Admissions Coordination Committee/ICT Committee	8
5.	About the Universities	9-15
6.	Programmes Offered, Duration and Eligibility	16-19
7.	University-wise seat matrix for various Programmes	19-30
8.	General Instructions	31-32
9.	How to Apply	33-35
10.	Important Dates	36
11.	Counselling Schedule	37
12.	Rules/Guidelines for Entrance Examinations	38-39
13.	Distribution & Reservation of seats in various programme	40
14.	Guidelines for Reservations	41
15.	Admission Procedure	42
16.	List of Heads of the Departments of participating Universities	43-46
17.	Syllabi for Entrance Examinations	47-98
18.	Appendix 'A' to 'N'	99-116



Vice-Chancellor
Maharshi Dayanand University
Rohtak

Prof. Bijender K. Punia

Message

This is with great pleasure, M.D. University, Rohtak presents the prospectus for Centralized Online Admission (Session 2018-2019) entrusted to the University as per directions issued by Haryana Government conveyed vide letter no. KW/18/488-2015 UNP (1) dated 28/12/2016 of Director, Higher Education, Haryana.

M.D. University, Rohtak will conduct Centralized Online Admission in respect of M.Sc. [Biochemistry/ Biotechnology/ Bioinformatics/ Medical Biotechnology/ Botany/ Environmental Science/ Environmental Biotechnology/ Food Technology/ Food Science and Technology/ Genetics/ Microbial Biotechnology/ Microbiology/ Zoology/ Energy and Environmental Science/ Agricultural Biotechnology/ Forensic Science/ Chemistry/ Chemistry (Mathematical Stream)/ Chemistry (Non-Mathematical Stream)/ Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (Mathematical Stream)/ Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (Non-Mathematical Stream)/ Mathematics/ Mathematics with Computer Science/ Physics] and M. Pharma [Industrial Pharmacy/ (Pharmaceutics) (Drug Regulatory Affairs)/ Pharmaceutics/ Drug Regulatory Affairs/ Pharmaceutical Chemistry/ Pharmacognosy/ Pharmacology] programmes for the session 2018-2019 of the Seven State Universities of Haryana (Maharshi Dayanand University, Rohtak; Kurukshetra University, Kurukshetra; Ch. Devi Lal University, Sirsa; Bhagat Phool Singh Mahila Vishwavidyalaya; KhanpurKalan, Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur, Rewari; Ch. Ranbir Singh University, Jind; and Ch. BansiLal University, Bhiwani).

Best Wishes to all the candidates who would be taking part in this Centralized Online process for admission to various academic programmes in the State Universities of Haryana. May you all achieve your academic and career goals!

(Bijender K. Punia)

Vice-Chancellors and Registrars of the Participating State Universities

University	Vice-Chancellor	Registrar
M.D.University, Rohtak	Prof. Bijender K. Punia	Dr Jitender Kumar Bhardwaj
K.U. Kurukshetra	Prof. Kailash Chandra Sharma	Dr. Parveen Kumar Saini
Ch. Devi Lal University, Sirsa	Prof. Vijay K. Kayat	Prof. Aseem Miglani
BPSMV, Khanpur Kalan	Prof. Sushma Yadav	Dr. Ritu Bajaj
Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur	Prof. S.P. Bansal	Dr. Madan Lal Goel
Ch. Ranbir Singh University, Jind	Prof. R.B. Solanki	Dr. Rajbir Singh
Ch. Bansi Lal University, Bhiwani	Prof. R.K. Mittal	Smt. Rekha Jangra

Coordinators of the Participating State Universities

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K.U. Kurukshetra	Prof. Pardeep Kumar	7082113185	coordinatorcoacc@kuk.ac.in
Ch. Devi Lal University, Sirsa	Prof. Vikram Singh	01666-239818	vikramsingh@cdu.ac.in
BPSMV, Khanpur Kalan	Dr Sunil Sangwan	9466423424	sunil.bpsmv@gmail.com
Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur	Dr Satinder Bal Gupta	9466338880	satinderbal@gmail.com
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Ch. Bansi Lal University, Bhiwani	Dr Rahul Tripathi	9468155116	rahultripathi.phy@cblu.ac.in

OFFICERS OF THE MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY

Chancellor
Prof. Kaptan Singh Solanki
Governor, Haryana

Designation and Name	Telephones (O)
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Finance Officer Mr Mukesh Bhatt	295258
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Proctor Prof. S.C. Malik	393274
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Dean, Students' Welfare Prof. Raj Kumar	393510
Librarian Dr.Satish Kumar Malik	393004 393330
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Chief Warden (Girls) Dr.(Mrs.) Rajesh Dhankhar	393221

Designation & Name	Telephones (O)
Dean, Faculty of Commerce Prof. Ram Rattan Saini	393514
Dean, Faculty of Education Prof. Bhagat Singh	266551 393221
Dean, Faculty of Engineering & Technology Prof. Rahul Rishi	393274
Dean, Faculty of Humanities Prof. Surender Kumar	393559
Dean, Faculty of Law Prof. A.S.Dalal	393403
Dean, Faculty of Life Sciences Prof. (Mrs.) Pushpa Dahiya	393068
Dean, Faculty of Management Sciences Prof. Ajit S. Boora	393436
Dean, Faculty of Performing & Visual Arts Prof. Hukam Chand	266662
Dean, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences Prof. Munish Garg	393222
Dean, Faculty of Physical Sciences Prof. V.K.Sharma	393314
Dean, Faculty of Social Sciences Prof. (Mrs.) Nina Singh	393258

Rohtak STD Code : 01262

Centralized Online Admissions Coordination Committee

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Prof. Sanjay Dahiya Deputy Coordinator	hod.physics@mdurohtak.ac.in	393336
Prof. Anil Chhillar Member	anil.chhillar@mdurohtak.ac.in	393567
Dr Ajit Singh Member	akumar.cbt.mdu@gmail.com	393590

ICT Committee

Designation and Name	E-mail	Telephones (O)
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Prof. Rahul Rishi	dir.uiet@mdurohtak.ac.in	393274
Prof. Yudhvirsingh	yudhvirsingh@rediffmail.com	274532
Dr G.P. Saroha	dir.ucc@mdurohtak.ac.in	393548
Sh. Vikas Nagil	vikas@mdurohtak.ac.in	393597

Rohtak STD Code : 01262

HELP DESK

For Technical Assistance/ Online Portal:

Contact no. : - **For Online Registration: 0120-4160880/4160881** or via email id: mducee@admissionhelp.com

Online/Web Support Panel URL: <http://mducee.admissionhelp.com>

HELPPDESKS: - DDE Building, Near Gate no. 1, M.D University, Rohtak (For technical Assistance)

For **General information about admission/Prospectus: - 01262-393580** (Academic Branch, University Secretariat, MDU, Rohtak)



Maharshi Dayanand University, Rohtak

Maharshi Dayanand University, ab initio established as Rohtak University, Rohtak, came into existence by an ACT No. 25 of the Haryana Legislative Assembly in 1976 with the objective to promote inter-disciplinary higher education and research in the fields of environmental, ecological and life sciences. It was renamed as Maharshi Dayanand University in 1977 after the name of great visionary and social reformer, Maharshi Dayanand. The University is located at Rohtak in the state of Haryana--about 75 kms from Delhi on Delhi-Hisar National Highway (NH-10). The sprawling University campus, spread over an area of 627.85 acres, is well laid with state-of-the-art buildings and magnificent road network. Educational and research programmes are offered through its 38 departments. More than 276 institutions/colleges of General education, Law, Engineering, Technology, Computer Sciences and Management Sciences located in 9 districts of the State are affiliated to this University.

The University has established Sir Chhotu Ram Chair, Dr B.R. Ambedkar Chair, Jawahar Lal Nehru Chair, Maharshi Dayanand Chair, Maharshi Balmiki Chair, Surya Kavi Pt. Lakhmi Chand Chair, Ch. Ranbir Singh Chair, Sant Kabir Chair, Dr Mangal Sen Chair and Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyay to conduct research on the life and contribution of these eminent and illustrious Indians in their respective spheres.

There are as many as 12 teaching blocks, 18 hostels, an elegant Central Library, majestic Tagore Auditorium equipped with modern gadgetry and amenities, modern Radhakrishnan Auditorium, Students' activity centre, Campus School, Health Centre, Faculty House, Sports Stadium, Swimming Pool, Dr Mangal Sen Multipurpose Gymnasium Hall, Community Centre, Printing Press, Canteens, Shopping Complex and an Administrative Block. About 550 residential units are available for the teaching and non-teaching staff. There is a very robust Campus Wide Network-an amalgam of cable and wi-fi technologies. A serene 'Yajanshala' addresses the spiritual needs of the campus community.

The University Library has a rich collection of knowledge resources-3,64,734 volumes of books including 16,558 thesis, and 53,518 bound volumes of Journals. Besides, online access is provided to various e-Books and e-Journals.

Excellent standards of teaching and research, well qualified faculty members, effective administrative functioning, congenial academic environment, pulsating campus life, national and international linkages, timely holding of examinations and time-bound declaration of results, ample avenues for holistic development of personality of students, a community-service approach, administrative mechanism based on e-governance etc. are the salient features of this University.

The University has many other facilities/services such as computing and internet facilities, University Centre for Competitive Examinations, National Service Scheme, SC/ST cell, Foreign Students' Cell, Career Counseling and Placement Cell, Guidance and Counseling Cell, Internal Quality Assurance Cell and Students' welfare services

The overall developmental strides of the University culminated in '**A' grade** accreditation from NAAC in July 2013. Further, the University has got **44th ranking** in the National University rankings conducted by National Institutional Ranking System, Ministry of HRD, Govt of India. Maharshi Dayanand University is a pioneer University with overall excellence, global outlook, deep commitment towards social & community causes and work of nation-building.

For more information, you may visit to the website: www.mdurohtak.ac.in.



Kurukshetra University Kurukshetra

Kurukshetra University is a premier institutions of Higher learning Established on 11th January,1957 as a Sanskrit University, Now it offers education and research programmes in diverse areas of science, business studies, social sciences, performing art and sports. Located on the southern bank of famed Brahm Sarovar, University has a sprawling campus spread over 473 acres.

By virtue of its commitment to excellence in teaching and research, the University has been awarded **A⁺Grade by NAAC** and has been placed at 8th position amongst the State Universities of the country in Category-I by MHRD and has been granted academic autonomy.

Kurukshetra University embodies the values of *Yogastha Kuru Karmani*, enshrined in Bhagwadgita, which embodies performing activities while remaining in Yoga. Those passing out of the precincts of the University imbibe the social, moral and ethical values. The University equips the students with skill, insights, attitudes and practical experiences to carve out discerning citizens out of them.

The University offers 175 courses on the campus in various stream – humanities, sciences, engineering, commerce, business studies, environment science, pharmacy, law, management, fine arts etc in 47 Departments/ Institutes through a highly qualified faculty. The University also has 282 affiliated colleges and institutes.

The campus of the University has often been rated as one of the most beautiful campuses in India. It resembles a large, self-contained educational village with lecture theaters, smart class rooms, Wi-Fi campus, libraries, laboratories, on campus hostel accommodation, cafeterias, canteens, market, swimming pool, gymnasium, bank, ATM's, post office and world-class sports facilities. The campus provides complete tranquility desired by a learner.

In its commitment to facilitating the experiences of the students, the University has opened online platforms for payment of fees. Digitization of the University functioning is in process and the University aspires to give the gift of being an efficient, transparent and digital centre for higher learning.

For more information, you may visit to the website: www.kuk.ac.in



Chaudhary Devi Lal University, Sirsa

Established on 2nd April, 2003, Chaudhary Devi Lal University, Sirsa is named after Jan Nayak Chaudhary Devi Lal, the former Deputy Prime Minister of India and the former Chief Minister of Haryana. This University, set up by the Government of Haryana under Act 9 of 2003 passed by the State Legislature, has a sprawling campus of 213 Acres 4 Kanal 12 Marlas at Barnala Road, Sirsa. The main objective of the University is to facilitate, promote and excel in Higher Education, Research and Consultancy in the contemporary as well as emerging areas of knowledge. The inception of high-tech culture involving computer-based facilities, internet connectivity and modern administrative techniques are integral characteristics of this University. To enhance the standard of higher education and increase the research activities the University has been connected to National Knowledge Network (NKN). This connectivity has been provided through one GBPS (optical fiber) dedicated line under NMEICT project of Ministry of HRD India. Wi-Fi facility has also been provided in the University campus. Affiliation of colleges situated in Sirsa and Fatehabad districts in 2011 has been another milestone for this University.

There are 24 Teaching Departments offering 61 programmes in the University. University College has also been established from the Academic Session 2018-19. Well-known, reputed and experienced academicians and professionals have been associated in preparing the academic curriculum of different programmes. It is important to mention here that special attention has been given to follow the guidelines of the UGC and other regulatory bodies in preparing the programme curriculum. The university also offers various programmes through the University Centre for Distance Learning. The emphasis is to impart quality education by providing congenial and liberal atmosphere in the campus through the promotion of extracurricular activities. Sports events of North Zone and All India Intersarsity level and University Youth Festival were successfully organized in addition to encouraging students to participate in such activities and events outside the campus to enable them achieve overall growth of their personality.

The University has three Teaching Blocks, Guest House, Vice Chancellor's residence and 144 houses for the teaching and non-teaching staff and five well-furnished hostels for boys and girls. The silent Generator Sets are also available in the university to meet out the requirement of power during power failure. Approximately 16500 plants/trees of various types have been planted in the university campus.

The University has developed its own Media Centre equipped with hi-tech gadgets. The University has well-equipped laboratories. The University has a majestic building housing Vivekananda Library. There is a good stock of books and study material of high standard in the University library. Research Journals of National and International repute are being subscribed. The construction of Multipurpose Hall has been completed. 11 KVA sub-station, Day Care Center, Solar Water Heater Systems have been established and raising of boundary has been done.

The University has ATM facility of Oriental Bank of Commerce and State Bank of India. A branch of Oriental Bank of Commerce started functioning in the year 2011. The branch is located in the University Shopping Complex which also houses the University Health Centre. Medical facilities have been made available to the students through a regular appointed Medical Officer and technical staff.

The University has adopted innovative methods in conducting University examinations. The students of this university have shown commendable results in academics as well as co-curricular activities. With the present pace of progress already acquired, the university looks forward to having a promising future.

For more information, you may visit to our website: www.cdlu.ac.in



Bhagat Phool Singh Mahila Vishwavidyalaya, Khanpur Kalan

“Steeped in the ancient *Gurukul* system of India and equipped with the latest teaching aids efficiently handled by highly qualified faculty” defines BPS Mahila Vishwavidyalaya. Established as a *Kanya Gurukul* by legendary Bhagat Phool Singh Ji in 1936, the institution took off with just three girls amidst severe social opposition but strong support of the villagers who graciously donated their land for the purpose.

The nascent idea of girls’ education was watered and nurtured into a young plant by his daughter Subhashini Ji who started constituent institutions like BPS Memorial Girls’ College (1967), BPS College of Education (1968), MSM Ayurvedic College (1973), BPS Mahila Polytechnic (1984), TIG Bhainswal Kalan (1999) and PSD Girls’ Law College (2003). The fragrance of the growing plant spread further and in 2006, the Government of Haryana, upgraded it into Bhagat Phool Singh Mahila Vishwavidyalaya, the first state University for women in North India.

The University is spread over 500 acres of land in the Rural Heartland of Haryana. The Campus, sprawling with greenery, is pollution-free and offers a perfect ambience for academic pursuits. In March 2017, the university was awarded the Green Campus Award by the Women Agency for Generating Employment. The ambience is furthered by the *Mantras* that are recited during the *havan* organized twice every day. The students have access to free wi-fi on Campus. In addition, the university has a hospital, an ambulance, a post office, two banks, ATMs and a Mini-Market for purchasing items of daily need. To make the students feel completely at home, hostels with spacious rooms and basic amenities have been constructed.

The University has high standards of teaching and focus is primarily on a “holistic development” of the personality of each student. More than 7000 students are enrolled in various programmes, including Ph.D. In addition, the university has non-conventional programmes on its roster. The students can pursue Programmes in Herbal Medicine, Integrated Energy Resource Management and Micro Finance in the Centre for Society-University Interface & Research (CSUIR). The students are offered mandatory Programmes in a Foreign Language and Communication Skills training in the Learning Resource Centre (LRC) to further enhance their employability skills. To ensure global exposure to the students, the university has signed MoUs with various International Universities and Institutions.

The university also encourages the students to participate in co-curricular and extra-curricular activities. There are facilities for various games on Campus and a Football Academy for girls shall soon become functional. A Career Counselling Cell has been established, in collaboration with United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Moreover, to boost employability, the university intends to launch a Two-wheeler Driving Training Facility for students on Campus. The University is also engaged in social activities, especially in the ten villages that have been adopted by the university. An Apparel Skill Development Centre, on Campus, imparts free of cost training to village women.

Joining the University shall offer you the opportunity to see yourself groomed and nurtured intellectually, professionally and socially by the finest in the academic field.

For more information, you may visit to our website: www.bpsmv.digitaluniversity.in



Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur

Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur, Rewari was established on September 07, 2013 by an Act 29 of 2013 of the State of Haryana with the objectives 'to facilitate and promote higher education with special emphasis in emerging areas of Information Technology and Computer Education, Commerce, Humanities, Medical and Management Studies' and also to achieve excellence in these connected fields. It is named after Smt. Indira Gandhi, the first woman Prime Minister of India. The University is being recognized by the University Grants Commission under Section 2(f) and 12(b) for recognition of degrees.

The University is located in village Meerpur of district Rewari in the State of Haryana. It is well connected to road and rail network. The International Airport, New Delhi is located at a distance of about 80 kms away from the campus. The Rewari Railway Station is about 13 kms away from the campus. The City Bus Service for the University Campus is easily available from the Bus Stand, Rewari

The University has been running about 39 courses/programmes in the University Teaching Department. Further, the university is planning to introduce many more courses/programmes from the current academic session. The Colleges/Institutes situated in Districts Rewari and Mahendragarh are affiliated with Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur.

The University is situated over a sprawling area of about 100 acres. The campus is laid out with picturesque landscape, numerous states of art buildings of various designs and wide road network. It presents a manifestation of harmony in architecture and natural beauty. The University has three Teaching Blocks, University Library and separate Block for University Institute of Engineering & Technology. There are two separate specious hostels for boys and girls furnished with all modern facilities. There are residential houses of different types for various categories of employees. The University has a branch of a nationalized bank **O.B.C.** with ATM facilities. There is healthy and pollution free environment in the campus. The University has also running its cafeteria. There is a high-tech University Campus with campus-wide-network – an amalgam of cable and Wi-fi technologies, with 1GBPS internet connectivity.

For more information, you may visit to our website: www.igu.ac.in



Chaudhary Ranbir Singh University, Jind

The CRS University was established by State Legislator Act 28 of 2014. The University is recognized under section 2(f) and 12(B) of UGC Act 1956 and is also a member of Association of Indian Universities (AIU). The University with the vision of imparting quality education by creating most conducive ambience for the creation and dissemination of knowledge guided by innovative thinking, scientific enquiry, sublime human values, sustainable ecology, democratic ethos and well being of society.

The University has an alluring campus of 75 acre on Rohtak Bypass Road, Jind. It has a newly constructed Academic Block, Teaching Block, Girls Hostel, Boys Hostel, Shopping complex and Bank facilities for students and staff. The whole campus has internet connectivity and free Wi-Fi access for all the students, teachers and staff members. University has a Central Library with 14,000 books on relevant subjects.

The University offering various courses and research programmes in various departments. Since its inception, these departments and students have brought the name of the university on the top. During the session 2014-15, Ms. Jyoti got 1st position in National Taekwondo championship, Mr. Mahesh Kumar got 1st position in National Netball championship and Ms. Kavita got 3rd position in All India Inter University Wrestling Championship. During the Session 2015-16, University organised North Zone Inter University Handball Championship and got 1st position in both men and women sections. The University teams in both sections secured bronze medal in All India Inter University Handball Championships. The University also organised All India Inter University Yoga Championship and secured Individual 3rd position in both men and women sections. During the Session 2016-17, University organised All India Inter University Circle Style Kabaddi and secured 3rd position in men section and 4th position in this tournament. University secured 3rd position in All India Inter University Wushu Championship. University team got 1 silver medal and 2 bronze medals in All India Inter University Wrestling Championship. The University Handball Players Kumari Ritu and Gurmail received Honour of BHIM Award (5 Lac Rs, BHIM Partima, Blazer, Scroll, Tai) from Hon'ble Governor of Haryana Prof. Kaptan Singh Solanki at Rajbhavan on 19th February, 2017. During the Session 2017-18, the University has established Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Centre for Human Transformation, Career Development and Entrepreneurship. The University has also established Bharat Bodh Deergha (Bharat Bodh Gallery) for inculcating the values of National Pride and National Commitment, Teaching to live together for Social Harmony, Education about Bhartiya Sanskriti, Bhartiya Gyan and Gouravshali Bhartiya Itihas among students.

The University has established Language Lab which is open for all students of the University to help them to improve their communication skills and achievement of the goal of overall personality development. The classrooms are equipped with smart boards. The University has also established multiple computer labs well equipped with latest softwares, optical fibre based networking and high speed network. The Psychology lab of the University is fully equipped with latest psychological apparatus. It also provides the Research space to students for conducting experiments.

NSS Unit of the Unit was established with the objective of providing the youth with an opportunity to develop their overall personality by taking part in various social services schemes. NSS Unit of the University was started in March 2015 with the objective of "Personality development through social service" and having motto "Not me but you". NSS unit has got 100 dedicated volunteers with one NSS Coordinator and three programme officer. NSS unit has organized three Annual camps on different themes and one special camp was organized themed on "Digital Financial Literacy" and for the imitative university got 14th position out of more than 4500 institutes of India. Hon'ble MHRD Minister Shri Prakash Javadekar and IT Minister Shri Ravi Shankar Prasad conferred the award to the University at Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi on 8th March 2017. Four NSS Volunteers and NSS Programme officer also received the award for their outstanding performance in "VISAKA" mission of MHRD. Apart from this, NSS Volunteers have taken part in one day workshop on financial literacy at KUK.

The University has also Guidance and Counselling cell to assist the students in career opportunities in various fields and to improve their personal trades.

For more information, you may visit to our website: www.crsu.ac.in



Chaudhary BansiLal University, Bhiwani

Established by the Government of Haryana under Act 25 of 2014, Chaudhary Bansi Lal University, Bhiwani was envisioned to be a centre of excellence in the realms of Sports, Health and Sciences. It has been recognized by the UGC under 2F. A boon for the educationally deprived people of the region, the University has been established as a teaching-cum-affiliating University to facilitate higher education in multidiscipline. Located to the west of Delhi and south of Chandigarh at a distance of 125 and 285 Kilometres, respectively, the University envisages itself in a great role to play in enlightening and empowering the students of the area. Admissions and Examination immediately after its inception, the University sprang into action and began the admission process in all earnestness. More than five hundred students were admitted in the faculties of Science, Commerce and Humanities. In fact, within a short span of twenty one days, the whole process of admissions as well as the recruitment of faculties was completed and the teaching programs were triggered without any delay. The University ensured that the classes were held seriously and regularly. The students were motivated to attend the classes. They were also motivated on a regular basis not to copy in the examinations. It resulted into **copying-free examinations**, well appreciated by the students, in particular, and the society at large. The results were also declared in a record time of fifteen days.

The University has been established as a teaching-cum-affiliating University to facilitate higher education in multi-disciplines with special emphasis on sports and physical education and to achieve excellence in these and connected fields. In a short span, Chaudhary Bansi Lal University has made rapid strides in spreading the education of Science, Sports and Health in the region. The University has started Post-graduate Courses in 19 Departments belonging to 09 Faculties. Choice Based Credit System has been implemented. Currently 69 Colleges of region Bhiwani and Charkhi Dadri are also now affiliated to Chaudhary Bansi Lal University.

For more information, you may visit to our website: www.cblu.ac.in

Programmes Offered, Duration and Eligibility

Following are the programmes offered by the seven state universities. Six groups have been formed for these subjects. Different entrance tests will be conducted for the different groups as mentioned below from A to F. Candidate willing to appear in different entrance tests will have to deposit additional fee as mentioned in point 3 of General Instructions.

Group	Name of the Programme	Minimum Duration (Years)	Eligibility	
A	Life Sciences	M.Sc. (Biochemistry)	2	B.Sc/B.Sc (Hons.) in Biochemistry/Biotechnology, or, Bachelor degree in Pharmacy, or B.Sc. (Pass) with any of three subjects, viz. Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Microbiology, Genetics, Medical Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Biochemical Engineering (out of the three subjects, at least two should be related to Biology) with atleast 50% marks in aggregate, or, any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Biotechnology)	2	Bachelor degree in Biological Sciences with Chemistry as a subsidiary subject/ Agriculture Science/ Fisheries/ Horticulture/ B.Tech. (Food Technology)/ B.Tech. (Biotechnology)/ B.Sc. (Biotechnology)/ B.Sc. (Microbiology)/B.Sc. (Environmental Science)/ B.Sc. (Biomedical Engineering)/ B.Sc. (Biochemistry)/ B.V. Sc./ B.E. (Technology)/ B.Pharma/ MBBS/ B.Sc. (Bioinformatics)/ B.Tech. or B.E. (Bioinformatics)/ B.D.S. with atleast 50% marks or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Agricultural Biotechnology)	2	
		M.Sc. (Bioinformatics)	2	Bachelor degree in Biological Sciences with Chemistry as a subsidiary subject/ B.Tech. or B.E. (Biotechnology)/ B.Sc. (Biotechnology)/ B.Sc. (Microbiology)/ B.Sc. (Environmental Science)/ B.Sc. (Biomedical Engineering)/ B.Sc. (Biochemistry)/ B.V. Sc./B.Pharma./ MBBS/ B.Sc. (Bioinformatics) with atleast 50% marks or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Medical Biotechnology)	2	
		M.Sc. (Botany)	2	B.Sc. (Hons.) in Botany/ B.Sc. (Pass) with Botany and any two of the subjects, viz., Anthropology, Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Chemistry, Environmental Science, Genetics, Microbiology, and Zoology with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Environmental Sciences)	2	B.Sc. (Hons. Or Pass) in any discipline of Sciences & Technology with 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Energy and Environmental Science)	2	-do-
		M.Sc. (Environmental	2	-do-

		Biotechnology)		
		M.Sc. (Food Technology)	2	B.Sc.(Pass) degree in Medical or Non-Medical Sciences or B.Sc. (Hons.) with any of the subjects of medical or non-medical sciences or B.Sc.(Hons) or B.Sc. (Pass) degree in subjects of applied sciences including Agriculture/ Fisheries/ Horticulture/ Food Science/Food Processing Technology/Home Science (10+2 with Science subjects only)) or B.E./B.Tech Food Technology/ Sugar Technology/Agriculture Processing Engineering. / Post Harvest Technology with at least 50% marks in aggregate in above all the degrees/programmes or any other equivalent examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Food Science & Technology)	2	-do-
		M.Sc. (Genetics)	2	B.Sc. (Hons.) in any of the subjects, viz., Biochemistry, Botany, Environmental Sciences, Genetics, Microbiology or Zoology/ B.Sc. (Pass) with any three of the subjects, viz., Anthropology, Biomedical Engineering, Biotechnology, Botany, Chemistry Fisheries, Genetics, Haematology, Immunology, Industrial Microbiology, Medical Biochemistry, and Zoology / Bachelor Degree in Pharmacy /Home Science /Agriculture Science /Veterinary Science /B.E. / B.Tech. (Biotechnology /Bioinformatics) with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Microbial Biotechnology)	2	B.Sc. (Hons) in any of the subjects viz. Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Botany, Genetics, Industrial Microbiology, Microbiology, Medical Biochemistry or Zoology/B.Sc. (Pass) with any three of the subjects viz. Biochemistry, Environmental Science, Biotechnology, Botany, Chemistry, Genetics, Industrial Microbiology, Microbiology, Microbiology and Zoology/Bachelor degree in Pharmacy/Agriculture Science/Veterinary Science with at least 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Microbiology)	2	-do-
		M.Sc. (Zoology)	2	B.Sc. (Hons.) in Zoology/ B.Sc. (Pass) with Zoology and any two of the subjects, viz., Anthropology, Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Botany, Chemistry, Environmental Science, Fisheries, Genetics, Geology and Microbiology with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
B	Forensic Science	M.Sc.(Forensic Science)	2	B.Sc. (Forensic Science)/B.Sc. (Pass/Hons) with any of the two subjects viz. Botany, Biotechnology, Biochemistry, Chemistry, Mathematics, Physics and Zoology, B.Sc. Biosciences/Biomedical/Biological Sciences, BDS with at least 50% marks in aggregate

				or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
C	Pharmaceutical Sciences	M. Pharm. (Industrial Pharmacy)	2	B. Pharma. with at least 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by M.D. University, Rohtak as equivalent thereto, and must possess a valid GPAT score. In case GPAT qualified students are not available and the seats remain vacant then the seats will be filled up on the basis of merit in the Common Entrance Examination
		M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics) (Drug Regulatory Affairs)	2	-do-
		M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutics)	2	-do-
		M. Pharm. (Drug Regulatory Affairs)	2	-do-
		M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)	2	-do-
		M. Pharm. (Pharmacognosy)	2	-do-
		M. Pharm. (Pharmacology)	2	-do-
D	Chemistry	M.Sc. (Chemistry)	2	B.Sc. (Hons.) in Chemistry/ B.Sc. (Pass) with Chemistry as one of the main subjects with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. Chemistry (Mathematical Stream)	2	50% of the seats in M.Sc.(Chemistry) shall be filled up by candidates who have passed B.Sc. Examination with Chemistry, Mathematics and one other subject at the B.Sc. level, with minimum 50% marks in aggregate.
		M.Sc. Chemistry (Non-Mathematical Stream)	2	50% of the seats in M.Sc.(Chemistry) shall be filled up by the candidates who have passed B.Sc. Examination with atleast 50% marks in aggregate with Chemistry and any other two subjects except Mathematics at B.Sc. level.
		M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (Mathematical Stream)	2	50% of the seats in M.Sc.(Chemistry) shall be filled up by candidates who have passed B.Sc. Examination with Chemistry, Mathematics and one other subject at the B.Sc. level, with minimum 50% marks in aggregate.
		M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (Non-Mathematical Stream)	2	50% of the seats in M.Sc.(Chemistry) shall be filled up by the candidates who have passed B.Sc. Examination with atleast 50% marks in aggregate with Chemistry and any other two subjects except Mathematics at B.Sc. level.
E	Mathematics	M.Sc. (Mathematics)	2	B.A./B.Sc. (Hons.) in Mathematics/ B.A. or B.Sc. (Pass) with Mathematics as one of the subjects with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
		M.Sc. (Math. With Computer Science)	2	

F	Physics	M.Sc. (Physics)	2	B.Sc. (Hons.) in Physics/ B.Sc. (Pass) with Physics and Mathematics as two of the main subjects with atleast 50% marks in aggregate or any other examination recognized by State Universities of Haryana as equivalent thereto.
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UNIVERSITY-WISE SEAT MATRIX FOR VARIOUS PROGRAMMES

MAHARSHI DAYANAND UNIVERSITY, ROHTAK

Sr. No	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid the time of admission*
1.	M.Sc. Physics	09	26	11	08	05	01	60	4447/-
2.	M.Sc. Chemistry	13	39	15	12	09	02	90	4447/-
3.	M.Sc. Mathematics	09	25	10	08	06	02	60	4324/-
4.	M.Sc. Mathematics with Computer Sci.	09	24+1**	10	08	06	02	60	30904/-
5.	M. Pharm. (Industrial Pharmacy)	1	4	2	2	1	0	10	31032/-
6.	M.Pharm. (Pharmaceutics) (Drug Regulatory Affairs)	2	4	1	2	1	0	10	31032/-
7.	M.Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)	2	6	3	2	2	0	15	31032/-
8.	M.Pharm. (Pharmacognosy)	2	6	2	1	1	0	12	31032/-
9.	M.Pharm. (Pharmacology)	1	4	2	2	1		10	31032/-
10.	M.Sc. Environmental Science	05	15	06	05	03	01	35	10447/-
11.	M.Sc. Environmental Biotechnology	03	09	03	03	02	00	20	10447/-
12.	M.Sc. Microbial Biotechnology	03	09	03	04	00	01	20	10447/-
13.	M.Sc. Zoology	06	17	07	05	04	01	40	10447/-
14.	M.Sc. Bioinformatics	03	09	03	03	02	00	20	10447/-

15.	M.Sc. Biotechnology	03	09	03	03	02	00	20	10447/-
16.	M.Sc. Agri. Biotech	03	09	03	03	02	00	20	10447/-
17.	M.Sc. Botany	06	17	07	05	04	01	40	10447/-
18.	M.Sc. Microbiology	02	10	05	03	04	01	25	10447/-
19.	M.Sc. Biochemistry	06	17	07	05	04	01	40	10447/-
20.	M.Sc. Genetics	05	12	05	04	03	01	30	10447/-
21.	M.Sc. Food Technology	03	08	03	03	02	01	20	10447/-
22.	M.Sc. Medical Biotechnology	02	04	02	01	01	00	10	10447/-
23.	M.Sc. Forensic Science	04	11	04	03	02	01	25	10447/-

* For more details regarding fee structure and other fee to be charged i.e. hostel fee, examination fee, etc. the website of the university be visited.

** To be allotted to ESM/FF within Haryana General category.

SUPERNUMERARY SEATS

In addition to the sanctioned seats, supernumerary seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories will have to apply online and after that their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.

For Kashmiri Migrants:

- Two supernumerary seats in each course offered in the University Teaching Departments and the University Institute of Law and Management Studies, Gurugram, (except the courses run under the norms of BCI, NCTE& PCI) have been earmarked for Kashmiri Migrants.

For Sports :

- One seat in each course (except the courses run under the norms of AICTE, PCI and NCTE) where the strength is upto 30 and 2 seats where the strength is more than 30 have been earmarked for outstanding sportspersons over and above the sanctioned intake, subject to the fulfillment of other conditions, the admission against seats be made according to the following criteria in order of preference :-

i) Category A-I :

a) The candidate should have won 1st/ 2nd/3rd position in Olympic Games, World Championship, World Cup, World University Games, Davis Cup, Wimbledon Championship, U.S. French and Australian Open Tennis Championships, Thomas Cup, Uber Cup, and all England Badminton Tournament.

b) Participation in the above mentioned tournaments.

ii) Category A-II :

a) 1st/2nd/3rd position in Champions Trophy, Commonwealth Games, Commonwealth Championships, Asian Games, Asian Championships, Asian Cup, World Inter-national Athletic Permit Meet and SAF Games.

(b) Participation in the tournaments mentioned in A-II point.

iii) Category B:

- a) 1st /2nd/3rd position in AIU Tournaments/National Games/National Championships/ Federation Cup organized by National Sports Federations recognized by the Govt. of India.
 - b) Participation in the games mentioned in B category.
- iv) **Category C :**
- a) 1st /2nd /3rd position in Zonal Inter-University Tournaments/Zonal National Tournaments/representation of AIU team.
 - v) Only those games which are recognized and adopted by the Inter-University Sports Board of India and approved by AIU will be considered for determining admission against sports seats. List of games approved by AIU is available at Appendix-L.
 - vi) The candidates should be eligible for Inter-University Tournaments during the year of admission.
 - vii) There should be continuity of participation of applicant at various levels including Inter-University Tournaments and his performance should not be more than one year old.
 - viii) The candidate better in sports will be admitted as per merit decided by the Admission Committee of the concerned Department/College. **In case of any dispute in this regard, the decision of the committee comprising the following shall be final :-**
 - i) **Dean of the concerned Faculty.**
 - ii) **Director (Sports)**
 - iii) **Head, Department of Physical Education**
 - ix) In case of tie in sports merit, the candidate better in academic merit shall be given preference.
 - x) It will be mandatory for the admitted students to participate in the sports activities of his/her Dept./University.
 - xi) The age of the student should not exceed 28 years.
 - xii) The sports certificates and photographs of the player must be attested by the Secretary of the concerned Federation.
 - xiii) The candidate must possess the gradation certificate (other than University Tournaments) from the Sports Dept. of his/her state, on the basis of his/her representation/position at National/International/Zonal/State level tournaments in the games recognised by AIU from time to time.

For Youth Festival/Cultural Activities.

3. One supernumerary seat in each course (except the courses run under the norms of AICTE, NCTE& PCI) in University Teaching Departments has been earmarked to promote cultural activities subject to the fulfillment of the following conditions :
- i) Any position in the National Youth Festival organized by the Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi.
 - ii) First position holder in the North Zone Inter University Youth Festival organized by the Association of Indian Universities.
 - iii) The age of the student should not exceed 23 years.

- iv) It will be mandatory for the admitted students to participate in the cultural activities of his/her Department/University and should have consistently participated in the youth festivals.
 - v) The maximum age limit to participate in the Youth Festival of MDU and Association of Indian Universities is 25 years. So when a student takes admission in any Department with an age of 23 years can participate for next two years as per rules.
4. There is provision of having 15% additional supernumerary seats for foreign candidates, out of which 1/3rd seats have been earmarked for the children of Indian workers in the Gulf countries and Southeast Asia. These seats will not be filled, if such foreign candidates are not available. (Except the courses run under the norms of AICTE/PCI). There will be separate Prospectus for Foreign Students.
 5. Ten per cent seats over and above the existing sanctioned intake are meant for actual NRI candidates and their children or wards in all programmes (**except the courses run under the norms of AICTE, NCTE & PCI**). The following documents will be required for admission against these seats :
 - i) Original Certificate/Mark Sheet of qualifying examination.
 - ii) Attested copies of Passport and Visa of the applicant/parent.
 - iii) Foreign Bank Account No. or NRI Account No. of the applicant/parent.
 - iv) Declaration regarding Non-Resident Indian status of the applicant/parent. (Appendix- M).

Once a candidate is admitted to a programme as an NRI candidate, he/she will remain in this category for the full duration of the programme. The University's decision regarding status of foreign/NRI candidate will be final.

6. Five additional seats over and above in M.Sc. Forensic Science, Department of Genetics have been reserved for Military Personnel / Police Personnel and Personnel from Health Department, Haryana.
7. One supernumerary seat for single girl child has been earmarked over and above the sanctioned seats for admission to various PG Courses (excluding M.Phil/Ph.D) being run in the University Teaching Departments and UILMS, Gurugram (except the courses run under the norms of BCI, NCTE, PCI & AICTE) from the session 2018-19.
8. One supernumerary seat for wards of M.D. University, Rohtak employees has been earmarked over and above the sanctioned seats for admission to various PG Courses (excluding M.Phil/Ph.D) being run in the University Teaching Departments and UILMS, Gurugram (except the courses run under the norms of BCI, NCTE, PCI & AICTE) from the session 2018-19.
9. One supernumerary seat for Centre and State Govt. nominated/sponsored personnel has been earmarked over and above the sanctioned seats for admission to various PG Courses (excluding M.Phil/Ph.D) being run in the University Teaching Departments and UILMS, Gurugram (except the courses run under the norms of BCI, NCTE, PCI & AICTE) from the session 2018-19.

Admission against the supernumerary seats given in point 1 to 9 shall be made on the basis of marks in the qualifying examination and candidates will not be required to appear in the entrance examination wherever prescribed. They are required to apply on separate application form to the concerned Department/Institute by the date notified in the schedule of admissions along with all documents / testimonial. However, if any of the candidate wants to seek admission against General Category quota, he/she shall be required to appear in the Entrance Examination wherever prescribed after filling separate Application Form by due date. Eligibility conditions will be same as applicable to the General Category candidates.

- Note :
- (i) **Duly filled application forms for admission against the supernumerary seats received after due date shall not be considered.**
 - (ii) **Admission shall be made by the Admission Committee of the concerned Department as per given schedule.**

KURUKSHETRA UNIVERSITY, KURUKSHETRA

Sr. No	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid the time of admission*
1.	M.Pharma (Pharmaceutics)	02	04	01	01	01	--	09	80,500/-
2.	M.Pharma (Pharmacology)	01	04	02	01	01	--	09	80,500/-
3.	M.Pharma (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)	01	04	02	01	--	01	09	80,500/-
4.	M.Pharma (Pharmacognosy)	01	02	01	01	01	--	06	80,500/-
5.	M.Sc. (Biotechnology)	06	17	07	05	04	01	40	9,839/-
6.	M.Sc. (Botany)	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	7,085/-
7.	M.Sc. (Bio –Chemistry)	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	7,875/-
8.	M.Sc. (Environmental Sc.)	6	17	07	05	04	01	40	20,181/-
9.	M.Sc. Chemistry (Mathematical Stream)	9	25	10	08	06	0 2	60	7,085/-
10.	M.Sc. Chemistry (Non-Mathematical Stream)	9	25	10	08	06	0 2	60	7,085/-
11.	M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (under SFS) (Mathematical Stream)	01	04	02	01	01	01	10	50,400/-
12.	M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (under SFS) (Non-Mathematical Stream)	01	04	02	01	01	01	10	50,400/-
13.	M.Sc. Microbiology	08	21	08	07	05	01	50**	9,169/-
14.	M.Sc. Physics	18	51	20	17	11	3	120	7,085/-
15.	M.Sc. (Mathematics)	23	64	25	20	14	4	150	7,085/-

16.	M.Sc. Zoology	09	26	10	08	06	01	60	7,085/-
17.	M.Sc. Forensic Science	05	12	05	04	03	01	30	52,400/-

* For more details regarding fee structure and other fee to be charged i.e. hostel fee, examination fee, etc. the website of the university be visited.

Additional Seats (To be filled up by Physical Counselling only)

In addition to the above sanctioned seats, there will be additional seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories **will have to apply online and after that their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.**

- (A) Two additional seats will be for outstanding sports persons over and above the sanctioned seats for the outstanding sports persons (except the courses in which admissions are being made by the Haryana State Counseling Board/A.I.E.E.E.) as per the following criteria :

Norms For Outstanding Sports Person : Outstanding Sports Person means a person who has atleast represented the University or State in the Inter University or Senior National Level Championship or above. This include (Senior National, Federation Cup, National League, Inter Zonal National, National Games/National University Games during the course of his/her Graduate/Post Graduate studies).

Guidelines for Sports Seats

Sports Certificate for admission will only be considered, if the candidate produce the Gradation Certificate **from the respective Govt.** in respect of the game/sports for which the candidate claim outstanding sports person seat.

In case any state **does not issue the Gradation Certificate**, the following criteria will be adopted :

- In case of International/National participation or Position Holder, a certificate of authenticity will be required **from concerned National Federation/State Association.**
- In case of Inter University Participation or Inter University Position Holder other than Kurukshetra University, a certificate of authenticity **from the Head of Sports of the concern University will be required.**
- The game/event must be in the scheduled list of Association of Indian University Sports Calendar.
- The tournament must be organised by recognised Federation/Association duly affiliated with State Olympic Association/Indian Olympic Association and Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports.
- Achievement during the course of Graduate and Post-Graduate studies will be considered for admission in Post-Graduate courses including Law (3 Year).**
- No lower sports Achievements as prescribed above will be considered for admission for out standing sports person category, even if the seats remain vacant.

Criteria to decide the Merit

- In case of tie in the sports achievement level then the maximum number of achievements above the minimum eligibility under sports criteria will be taken into account for deciding the merit.
- If still there is tie, then the marks obtained in the Entrance Test will be considered for deciding the merit.
- If still there is tie, then the marks obtained in the Qualifying Exam. will be considered for deciding the merit.
- If still there is tie, then the age will be considered for the merit (Higher in the age will be considered for the merit).

No weightage will be given for participating/winning positions in the sports and games organised by Nehru Yuva Kendra, CBSE Nationals /Vidya Bharti Nationals /Rural Tournaments /Panchayat Tournaments /Novaodya Nationals and invitation non-recognised tournaments/sports festivals.

- One additional seat in all courses will be for NCC cadets who have attended the Republic Day (R.D.) Parade and Camp over and above the sanctioned seats.
- One additional seat in all courses will be for NSS Merit Certificate holders who have attended the Republic Day (R.D.) Parade and Camp over and above the sanctioned seats.
- Two additional seats in all courses will be for Kashmiri Migrants.

(E) Supernumerary Seats for International Students:

15% seats in all courses are classified as supernumerary seats for Foreign Students out of which 10% shall be earmarked for foreigners and 5% seats shall be earmarked for wards of Indians working in Gulf and South East Asia. These seats are interchangeable. Foreign students, if admitted, will have to produce No Objection Certificate from the Ministry of External Affairs and/or Ministry of Education, Govt. of India, irrespective of anything contained in any other Handbook Calendar published by this University.

***Note-1 :** Two additional seats for Kashmiri Migrants in M.Pharmacy.

ELIGIBILITY for M.Sc. Chemistry and M.Sc. Chemistry with Specialization in Pharmaceuticals

- (i) **Mathematical Stream:** 50% of the seats in M.Sc.(Chemistry) shall be filled up by candidates who have passed B.Sc. Examination with Chemistry, Mathematics and one other subject at the B.Sc. level, with minimum 50% marks in aggregate.
- (ii) **Non-Mathematical Stream:** 50% of the seats in M.Sc.(Chemistry) shall be filled up by the candidates who have passed B.Sc. Examination with atleast 50% marks in aggregate with Chemistry and any other two subjects except Mathematics at B.Sc. level.

****Note :** Equal specialization in each stream i.e. Physical, Inorganic & Organic. in M.Sc. Chemistry (Final) will be allotted on the basis of merit of First Semester Examination and choice of the students out of existing strength of M.Sc.(Final).

*****Note :** (i) All seats in M.Sc. Chemistry with Specialization in Pharmaceuticals under SFS will however be filled up as per eligibility conditions mentioned above from both Mathematical & Non-Mathematical streams.

- (ii) There will be a Common Entrance Examination for admission to M.Sc. (Chemistry) & M.Sc. (Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals) SFS course and candidates can give their option in the Chemistry Department for admission to M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals upto one day before the date of counseling (1st, 2nd, 3rd and Final list and so on) for this course.

CHAUDARY DEVI LAL UNIVERSITY, SIRSA

Sr. No	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid the time of admission*
1.	M.Sc. (Biotechnology)	6	16	7	6	4	1	40	18390/-
2.	M.Sc. (Energy and Environmental)	6	16	7	6	4	1	40	11890/-
3.	M.Sc. (Chemistry)	8	21	8	7	5	1	50	11890/-
4.	M.Sc. (Physics)	8	21	8	7	5	1	50	11890/-
5.	M.Sc. (Mathematics)	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	7890/-
6.	M.Sc. (Food Science & Technology)	6	16	7	6	4	1	40	16890/-
7.	M.Sc. Botany	4	13	5	4	3	1	30	18390/-
8.	M.Sc. Zoology	4	13	5	4	3	1	30	18390/-

* For more details regarding fee structure and other fee to be charged i.e. hostel fee, examination fee, etc. the website of the university be visited.

Additional Seats (To be filled up by Physical Counselling only)

In addition to the above sanctioned seats, there will be additional seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories *will have to apply online and afterthat their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.*

S.No.	Category	No. of seats	Remarks
1.	Kashmiri Migrants	5%	Programme wise
2.	Outstanding Sports Persons	02*	
3.	NCC	--	--
4.	NSS	--	--
5.	Supernumerary seats for Foreign Students	--	--
6.	Supernumerary seats for Single Girl Child	--	--
7.	Supernumerary/Additional Seats for Transgender (if any)	--	--
8.	Supernumerary/Additional Seats under any other category (if applicable)	-4-	--

* **For admission against such seats the candidate will be required to submit the grading certificate of sports issued by the Director of Sports and Youth Welfare, Govt. of Haryana, Chandigarh.**

BHAGAT PHOOL SINGH MAHILA VISHWAVIDYALAYA, KHANPUR KALAN

Sr. No.	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	KKGC*	BKGC*	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid at the time of admission**
1.	M.Sc. Mathematics	5	10	5	4	3	1	1	1	30	20000/-

*The reservation for the students of Khanpur Kalan(KKGC) and Bhainswal Kalan(BKGC) has duly been approved by State Govt.

**For more details regarding fee structure and other fee to be charged i.e. hostel fee, examination fee, etc. the website of the university be visited.

Additional Seats (To be filled up by Physical Counselling only)

In addition to the above sanctioned seats, there will be additional seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories *will have to apply online and afterthat their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.*

1. Two additional/Supernumerary seats have also been allowed to the student from Jammu & Kashmir in every programmes offered by the university

INDIRA GANDHI UNIVERSITY, MEERPUR

Sr. No	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid the time of admission*
1.	M.Sc. Chemistry	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	10,000/-
2.	M.Sc. Mathematics	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	10,000/-
3.	M.Sc. Mathematics with Computer Science	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	20,000/-
4.	M.Sc. Physics	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	10,000/-
5.	M.Sc. Botany	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	10,000/-
6.	M.Sc. Zoology	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	10,000/-
7.	M.Sc. Environmental Science	9	25	10	8	6	2	60	10,000/-

* For details regarding fee structure, hostel fee, enrolment of students, submission of registration/ continuation Return, student's conduct and discipline Rules, prohibition of ragging visit the website of concerned university.

Additional Seats (To be filled up by Physical Counselling only)

In addition to the above sanctioned seats, there will be additional seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories **will have to apply online and after that their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.**

1. Two additional seats in each course/programmes offered in the University Teaching Departments, Indira Gandhi University Meerpur, Rewari (except the course run under the norms of BCI, PCI and NCTE) shall be earmarked for Kashmiri Migrants.
2. One seat in each course (except the courses run under the norms of PCI, AICTE and NCTE) where the strength is up to 30 and 2 seats where the strength is more than 30 are earmarked for outstanding sportspersons over and above the sanctioned intake. The eligibility criteria will be as under:
 - (i) Category A-I:
 - a) The candidate should have won 1st, 2nd, 3rd position in Olympic Games, World championship, World Cup, World University Games, Davis Cup, Wimbledon Championship, U.S. French and Australian Open Tennis Championships, Thomas Cup, Uber Cup, and All England Badminton Tournament.
 - b) Participation in the above mentioned tournaments.
 - (ii) Category A-II:
 - a) 1st, 2nd, 3rd position in Champions Trophy, Commonwealth Games, Commonwealth Championships, Asian Games, Asian Championships, Asian Cup, World Inter-national Athletic Permit Meet and SAF Games.
 - b) Participation in tournaments mentioned in A-II point.
 - (iii) Category B:
 - a) 1st, 2nd, 3rd position in AIU Tournaments/National Games/National Championships/
 - b) Participation in the games mentioned in B category.
 - (iv) Category C:

- a) 1st, 2nd, 3rd position in Zonal Inter-University Tournaments/Zonal National Tournaments/representation of AIU team.
 - (v) Only those games which are recognized and adopted by the Inter-University Sports Board of India and approved by AIU will be considered for determining admission against sports seats. List of games approved by AIU is available at Appendix-L.
 - (vi) The candidate should be eligible for Inter-University Tournaments during the year of admission.
 - (vii) There should be continuity of participation of applicant at various levels including Inter-University Tournaments and his performance should not be more than one year old.
 - (viii) The candidate better in sports will be admitted as per merit decided by the Committee consisting of Director (Sports), Chairperson, Physical Education and one of the teachers of the Physical Education Department.
 - (ix) In case of tie in sports merit, the candidate better in academic merit shall be given preference.
 - (x) It will be mandatory for the admitted students to participate in the sports activities of his/her Department/University and should have consistently participated in sports activities.
 - (xi) The age of the students should not exceed 28 years.
 - (xii) The sports certificates and photographs of the player must be attested by the Secretary of the concerned Federation.
3. One supernumerary seat in each course (except the courses run under the norms of PCI, AICTE and NCTE) in University Teaching Departments at Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur (Rewari) will be earmarked to promote cultural activities subject to the fulfillment of the following condition:
- i. Any position in the National Youth Festival organized by the Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi.
 - ii. First position holder in the North Zone Inter University Youth Festival organized by the Association of Indian Universities.
 - iii. The age of the student should not exceed 23 years.
 - iv. It will be mandatory for the admitted students to participate in the cultural activities of his/her Department/University and should have consistently participated in the youth festivals.
 - v. The maximum age limit to participate in the Youth Festival of IGU and Association of Indian Universities is 25 years. So a student who takes admission in any Department with an age of 23 years can participate for the next two years as per rules.
4. The Chairperson of the Department shall be competent to create 15% additional supernumerary seats for foreign candidates, out of which 5% seats shall be earmarked for the children of Indian workers in the Gulf countries and Southeast Asia. These seats will not be filled, if such foreign candidates are not available.
5. Ten percent seats over and above the existing sanctioned intake are meant for actual NRI candidates and their children or wards in all programmes (except the courses run under the norms of PCI, AICTE and NCTE). The following documents will be required for admission against these seats:
- (i) Original Certificate/Mark Sheet of qualifying examination.
 - (ii) Attested copies of Passport and Visa of the applicant/parent.
 - (iii) Foreign Bank Account No. or NRI Account No. of the applicant/parent.
 - (iv) Declaration regarding Non-Resident Indian status of the applicant/parent. (Appendix- N. Please see Appendices for this purpose).
- Once a candidate is admitted to a programme as an NRI candidate, he/she will remain in this category for the full duration of the programme. The University's decision regarding status of foreign/NRI candidate will be final.
6. Supernumerary seats as given below are reserved for Defense Personnel deputed by Director General Military Training, New Delhi.

Name of the Department	Name of Course Seats reserved	
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Management	MBA 2 Year	5

Law	LL.B	1
Computer Science & Engineering	MCA	2

7. As per HEC Haryana letter No. KW-18/158-2009 (UNP-1) dated 18.8.2010; two seats in each course offered at IGU, Meerpur, Rewari are reserved for the students of Meerpur village, Distt. Rewari where the intake of students is around 50. In case, the intake is more than 50 in any course, then two seats in every block of 50 could be added.

8. One additional seat in each course/programmes offered in the University Teaching Departments, Indira Gandhi University, Meerpur, Rewari (except PCI and AICTE courses/programmes) for single girl child of her parents. Such candidates are required to submit an affidavit on stamp paper worth Rs. 20/- duly attested by 1st Class Magistrate, to be obtained from the parents for the purpose.

Important Note :- No applicant shall be permitted to pursue two regular programmes simultaneously

CHAUDARY RANBIR SINGH UNIVERSITY, JIND

Sr. No	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid the time of admission*
1.	M.Sc. Mathematics	08	22	08	07	04	01	50	10490/-
2.	M.Sc. Physics	04	13	05	04	03	01	30	10490/-
3.	M.Sc. Chemistry	04	13	05	04	03	01	30	10490/-

* For more details regarding fee structure and other fee to be charged i.e. hostel fee, examination fee, etc. the website of the university be visited.

Additional Seats (To be filled up by Physical Counselling only)

In addition to the above sanctioned seats, there will be additional seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories **will have to apply online and afterthat their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.**

Sr. No.	Category	No. of Seats	Remarks
1	Kashmiri Migrants	2	
2	Outstanding Sports Person	2	
3	NCC cadets who have attended the Republic Day (R.D.) Parade and Camp over and above the sanctioned seats.	1	
4	NSS Merit Certificate holders who have attended the Republic Day (R.D.) Parade and Camp over and above the sanctioned seats.	1	
5	Supernumerary seats for International Students (10% seats for foreign students and 5% seats for Indian working in Gulf and South East Asia.	15%	
6	Supernumerary seats for Single girl child	1	

CHAUDARY BANSI LAL UNIVERSITY, BHIWANI

Sr. No	Programme	AIO	HG	SC	BC-A	BC-B	PH	Total Sanctioned Intake	Fee to be paid at the time of admission*
1.	M.Sc. Chemistry	09	26	10	08	06	01	60	10000/-
2.	M.Sc. Physics	04	13	05	04	03	01	30	10000/-
3.	M.Sc. Mathematics	06	17	07	06	03	01	40	10000/-
4.	M.Sc. Botany	03	08	03	03	02	01	20	10000/-
5.	M.Sc. Zoology	03	08	03	03	02	01	20	10000/-
6.	M.Sc. Biotechnology	03	08	03	03	02	01	20	10000/-
7.	M. Pharma (Industrial Pharmacy)	01	02	01	01	01	00	06	36000/-
8.	M. Pharma. (Drug Regulatory Affairs)	01	02	01	01	01	00	06	36000/-
9.	M. Pharma Pharmacology	01	02	01	01	01	00	06	36000/-

* For more details regarding fee structure and other fee to be charged i.e. hostel fee, examination fee, etc. the website of the university be visited.

Additional Seats (To be filled up by Physical Counselling only)

In addition to the above sanctioned seats, there will be additional seats for the following categories. The candidates seeking admission against these categories ***will have to apply online and afterthat their admission will be made by Physical Counselling only as per the rules of the University.***

1. One additional seat for outstanding sports persons
2. Two additional seats for Kashmiri Migrants.
3. One additional seat for single girl child
4. 15% for Foreign Candidate
5. 10% for NRI Candidate
6. One Seat for participating in Cultural Activities

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Eligibility condition will be 47.50% in case of SC/ST candidates. There will be no rounding of percentage for determining the eligibility for admission to various programmes.
2. Each candidate will have to upload the Aadhar Card or 10th standard certificate while applying online.
3. The application processing fee including Entrance Test Fee of a subject has been fixed Rs.600/- (Rs.150/-for SC/BC candidates of Haryana). If a student applied for more than one programme for which different entrance test is to be conducted, he/she will deposit Rs.300/- (Rs.75/-for SC/BC candidates of Haryana) for each such additional programme.
4. **The candidates will be given eight days window and only once i.e. from 1st July 2018 to 8th July 2018 to get themselves registered and to fill-in their choices. The choices locked by the candidates cannot be changed/edited and will remain the same for all the online counsellings.**
5. **Counseling fee of Rs.500/- is to be deposited only once at the time of registration for Counselling. No separate registration fee will be deposited for any subsequent counselling.**
6. Mode of payment will be through e-challan, internet banking, debit/credit card. Transactions charges, if any for payment of fee will be borne by the candidates.
7. The Entrance Examination will be conducted by M.D. University, Rohtak and the centre for examination will be M.D.University, Rohtak only.
8. The paper will comprise 100 marks. The weightage for the entrance examination will be as under:-

B.Sc. 1 st Year	30 Marks
B.Sc. 2 nd Year	30 marks
B.Sc. 3 rd Year	40 marks

The syllabi of Common Entrance examination for admission to M.Pharma Programmes will be as that of GPAT.

The candidates who possess valid GPAT score are exempted from appearing in the common entrance examination and will be admitted first on the basis of merit as per GPAT score (All India Rank). In case GPAT qualified students are not available and the seats remain vacant then the seats will be filled up on the basis of merit in the Common Entrance examination.

9. No candidate will be allowed to enter the centre, if he/she is possessing any electronic gadget including watch.
10. The duration of Entrance Test will be 90 minutes (1½ hr.). There shall be 100 objective multiple choice type questions of 1 mark each. The candidates will be awarded 1 (one) mark for every correct answer. There will be negative marking. ¼ Marks (.25 marks) for each wrong answer will be deducted.
11. There will be absolutely no weightage of any kind for admissions to the above programmes and admission will be made on the basis of marks obtained in the Entrance Test.
12. Medium of Common Entrance Examination will be English.
13. Three online counsellings will be conducted by the M.D.University, Rohtak and the last and final counselling will be conducted as physical counselling for the vacant seats by the respective universities.
14. Reservation policy of the State Govt. will be followed strictly for admission to these programmes.
15. After allotment of a seat/seats in any university, the applicant will report to the concerned University with all requisite documents/ certificates in original for verification and prescribed fee. List of documents required may be seen at **Appendix –N**.After verification of documents, he/she will deposit the admission fee, self-attested copies of the requisite documents and get admission. If he/she wants to attend next counseling for upgradation, he/she will have to deposit full fee or Rs. 5000/- whichever is less. The candidate who does not deposit the fee, will not be allowed to participate in the next online counseling, however, he/she may participate in physical counseling on merit basis, if seats are available. If he/she will take admission in another programme in the same university, this amount deposited by the applicant will be adjusted. Balance amount, if any will be paid/refunded to the applicant. If the applicant leaves the seat and takes admission in any other university, fee deposited by the applicant will be refunded later on as per fee adjustment/refund rules.
16. The candidates, who after allotment of a seat want to participate in the next counselling, may deposit their fee (full fee or Rs. 5000/- whichever is less) through Demand Draft in favour of Finance Officer/Registrar of the concerned university to avoid any delay in the adjustment/refund of fee as they may take back the DD if a seat in the next counselling is also allotted to them.

17. While depositing the fee after allotment of seat, the candidate will have to show his/her interest on a declaration form provided by the University as to whether he/she is interested to participate in the next counseling for upgradation or satisfied with this allotment of seat.
18. **If a candidate participates in next counselling for up-gradation and gets the upgraded seat, the seat allotted to him/her in the previous counselling will stand cancelled automatically, irrespective of whether he/she reports to the concerned department or not for the upgraded seat, and no claim against the cancelled seat will be entertained thereafter.**
19. The completion of all formalities including verification of certificates/ documents/testimonial and fee receipt etc. for admissions will be the responsibility of the University/Department/Institute concerned where admission is to be sought.
20. In case any student files civil suit in any Judicial Court against the orders declaring him/her ineligible, the said civil suit is required to be defended by the University/Department/ Institutes concerned.
21. The candidates be required to submit the proof of passing the qualifying examination with requisite marks up to 31.8.2018, otherwise their admission be cancelled by the concerned University.

HOW TO APPLY

1. The candidates are advised to read the Prospectus carefully before filling the online Application Form.
2. The University has adopted online procedure for admission. The Prospectus can, however, be obtained from the Assistant Registrar (Publication Cell), M.D. University, Rohtak either in person or on payment of Rs. 150/- in cash for reference **OR** can be free downloaded from the University Website www.mdurohtak.ac.in.
3. Change in programme or category, once opted for the purpose of admission, will not be allowed. The category and programme opted in the Online Application for admission shall be the basis for this purpose.
4. The candidates claiming the benefit of reservation shall submit a certificate to this effect from the competent authority. *Refer to Appendices A to M for instructions and formats of certificates.*
5. ***Other instructions regarding filling up and online submission of application for admission will be made available on the admission portal for centralised online admissions MDUCEE-2018. Candidates are advised to regularly visit the portal for information and updation uploaded by the University.***

INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING REGISTRATION FOR COUNSELLING

1. While preparing the result of the candidates appeared in M.D.UCEE-2018, the candidates will be awarded 1(one) mark for every answer. There will be negative marking. ¼ marks (0.25 marks) for each wrong answer will be deducted.
2. Candidates obtaining negative marks in the MDUCEE-2018 will not be eligible to participate in the Centralized Online Counseling. However, they may participate in the physical counseling on the basis of merit and subject to availability of the seats.
3. **The eligible candidates will have to register themselves for counseling and pay the counseling fee of Rs 500/- from 1st July 2018 to 8th July 2018. The Hall ticket number and password are required for the registration.**
4. The applicants are strongly advised to register online well in time without waiting for the last date.
5. The applicants must ensure that while filling online Counseling Form, they are providing their choices of universities and programmes.
6. Candidates have to fill in their choices of universities and programmes carefully and according to their preferences in decreasing order. Candidates are advised to fill in as many choices as possible for which he/she has appeared in the MDUCEE-2018.
7. Before giving the preference, candidates must check the breakup/availability of seats (university-wise and category wise) which is available on the website to confirm the seats.
8. **Candidate must “Lock” their choices. If a candidate fails to do so, their last saved choices will be locked automatically when the time-window of filling of choices closes.**
9. **The candidate's particulars i.e. date of birth, category, sub category filled at the time of MDUCEE-2018 examination cannot be changed/modified at the stage of online counseling and admission.**
10. There will be three rounds of online seat allocation process for academic programmes offered by the participating universities of MDUCEE-2018. The last and final counseling will be conducted as physical counseling for the vacant seats by the respective universities.
11. Allocation of the seats to a candidate is based on Merit, as per reservation roster, availability of seats in the concerned university and on the basis of preference of the candidates. The universities/programmes will be allotted to the candidates as per their preference.
12. On the basis of merit and preferences, if the seat is not available in the first choice given by the candidate, in the concerned category/sub-category then seat will be allotted in accordance with his/her next choice.
13. After allotment of a seat in any university, the applicant will report to the concerned University with hard copy of the downloaded application along with all requisite documents / certificates in original for verification on the prescribed date. After verification of documents, he/she will deposit the admission fee, self-attested copies of the requisite documents and get admission. If he/she wants to attend next counseling for up-gradation, he/she will have to deposit full fee or Rs. 5000/- whichever is less. The candidate who does not deposit the fee, will not be allowed to participate in the next online counseling, however, he/she may participate in physical counseling

on merit basis, if seats are available. If he/she will take admission in another programme in the same university, this amount deposited by the applicant will be adjusted. Balance amount, if any will be paid/refunded to the applicant. If the applicant leaves the seat and takes admission in any other university, fee deposited by the applicant will be refunded later on as per fee adjustment/refund rules.

14. The candidates, who after allotment of a seat want to participate in the next counselling, may deposit their fee (full fee or Rs. 5000/- whichever is less) through Demand Draft to avoid any delay in the adjustment/refund of fee as they may take back the DD if a seat in the next counselling is also allotted to them.
15. Candidate participating in subsequent rounds are required to fill option for 'freeze', or 'slide' the choice of academic programme.
16. After allocation of seat for any round, university-wise and category-wise vacant seats will be allotted to the candidates (in waiting) in subsequent round(s).
17. **The candidate shall be personally responsible in case he/she is not eligible to apply as per the given eligibility criteria.**

Documents Required at the Reporting University

(Original documents for verification/submission along with one set of self attested copies)

1. Computer generated application form duly signed by the applicant.
2. 10th Certificate
3. 12th Certificate
4. Mark sheet of the qualifying examination (B.A./B.SC./B.Pharmacy etc).
5. Latest Character Certificate
6. Certificate of Reserved Category and other related certificates, if applicable, as mentioned in the Prospectus.
7. Income certificate, if required.
8. Haryana Residence Certificate, if applicable
9. Undertaking certificate from the candidate and parents regarding antiragging as per norms of the concerned University.
10. Certificate of gap year, if any.

Important Instructions to be Followed after the Registration Process

- The Candidate must carefully secure the roll number and password.
- Candidate must take a printout of the final locked choices for submission during reporting.
- Candidate must click the "logout" button and close all the windows related to the session, for security reasons.
- Candidates are advised to keep changing the Password at frequent intervals.

Things to Remember

- The eligible candidates will be given eight days window and only once i.e. from 1st July 2018 to 8th July 2018 to get themselves registered and to fill-in their choices. The choices locked by the candidates cannot be changed/edited and will remain the same for all the online counsellings.
- Candidates who do not get registered themselves for counseling will not be allowed to participate in any round of online counseling.
- Candidates failing to fill in their choices within the stipulated time window will also not be able to participate in any round of online counseling.
- The candidates are advised to keep in mind that choices once LOCKED cannot be modified.
- If a candidate participates in next counselling for up-gradation and gets the upgraded seat, the seat allotted to him/her in the previous counselling will stand cancelled automatically and no claim against the cancelled seat will be entertained thereafter.

Supernumerary Seats

There are some supernumerary seats available in the participating universities for various categories such as Outstanding Sports Persons, Kashmiri Migrants, NRI, Foreign National Candidates, NCC, NSS, Single Girl Child, etc. as mentioned in the Prospectus. The candidates interested in taking admission against these categories will have to participate in Physical Counseling as per rules of the concerned participating University on the date mentioned in the Prospectus.

Instructions regarding Physical Counselling

1. The date (any date from 25-07-2018 to 30-07-2018) for Final Counseling (Physical) will be notified by the concerned department of the respective Universities subject to availability of seats. The University-wise and Programme-wise availability of seats will be made available on the Admission Portal of MDUCEE-2018 after the third online counselling.
2. The candidates who have appeared in the Entrance Test but did not get themselves registered for online counselling may also appear for physical counselling in the concerned Department to which they wish to seek admission.
3. All the eligible candidates are required to appear personally between 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. on the date notified by the concerned department of the concerned University and mark their presence by putting signatures in that department, if they wish to seek admission. No candidate will be allowed to participate in the physical counselling if he/she arrives after 11:30 a.m.
4. The copy of the list of candidates who will mark their presence between 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. on the notified date will be displayed by the concerned department at 11:45 a.m. and the counselling will start from 11:45 a.m. onwards. The admissions will be made on merit basis in the respective categories and subject to availability of seats amongst these candidates. The candidates are required to get their documents verified and deposit the full fee on the same day.
5. In case, at the time of Physical counselling, the seats of various reserved categories remain vacant and no eligible candidate of the reserved categories is available then the vacant seats may be thrown open to Haryana General Category/AIO category on that date itself as per the rules of the concerned university.
6. Counseling will be closed as soon as the seats are filled.

IMPORTANT DATES

Opening Date of Registration : 25.05.2018
Last Date of Submission of Online Applications : 15.06.2018 (23:59 hrs)

Sr. No.	Name of the Programme	Date & time of Entrance Exam.	Date of Declaration of Result
1.	M.Sc. (Biochemistry)	27.06.2018 (11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.)	28.06.2018
2.	M.Sc. (Biotechnology)		
3.	M.Sc. (Agricultural Biotechnology)		
4.	M.Sc. (Bioinformatics)		
5.	M.Sc. (Medical Biotechnology)		
6.	M.Sc. (Botany)		
7.	M.Sc. (Environmental Sciences)		
8.	M.Sc. (Energy & Environmental Science)		
9.	M.Sc. (Environmental Biotechnology)		
10.	M.Sc. (Food Technology)		
11.	M.Sc. (Food Science & Technology)		
12.	M.Sc. (Genetics)		
13.	M.Sc. (Microbial Bio-technology)		
14.	M.Sc. (Microbiology)		
15.	M.Sc. (Zoology)		
16.	M.Sc.(Forensic Science)	27.06.2018 (02.30 p.m.to 04.00 p.m.)	28.06.2018
17.	M. Pharm. (Industrial Pharmacy)	29.06.2018 (11.00 a.m.to 12.30 p.m.)	30.06.2018
18.	M. Pharm.(Pharmaceutics) (Drug Regulatory Affairs)		
19.	M. Pharm.(Pharmaceutics)		
20.	M. Pharm.(Drug Regulatory Affairs)		
21.	M. Pharm. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)		
22.	M. Pharm. (Pharmacognosy)		
23.	M. Pharm. (Pharmacology)		
24.	M.Sc. (Chemistry)	29.06.2018 (02.30 p.m.to 04.00p.m.)	30.06.2018
25.	M.Sc. Chemistry (Mathematical Stream)		
26.	M.Sc. Chemistry (Non-Mathematical Stream)		
27.	M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (Mathematical Stream)		
28.	M.Sc. Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals (Non-Mathematical Stream)	30.06.2018 (11.00 a.m.to 12.30 p.m.)	01.07.2018
29.	M.Sc. (Mathematics)		
30.	M.Sc. (Math. With Computer Science)	30.06.2018 (02.30 p.m. to 04.00 p.m.)	01.07.2018
31.	M.Sc. (Physics)		

The eligible candidates will have to register themselves for counselling and pay the counselling fee of Rs 500/- during opening of eight days window i.e. from 01-07-2018 to 08-07-2018. They will also have to submit the choices of the programmes and the Universities in preferemcial order latest by 08-07-2018. The choices locked by the candidates cannot be changed/edited and will remain the same for all the online counsellings.

Note: The candidates are advised to regularly visit the Admission Portal of Maharshi Dayanand University for (MDUCEE-2018) for information and updaton uploaded by the University.

COUNSELING SCHEDULE

The candidates will be given eight days window and only once i.e. from 1st July 2018 to 8th July 2018 to get themselves registered and to fill-in their choices. **Candidates failing to fill in their choices within the stipulated time window will not be able to participate in any round of online counselling. The choices locked by the candidates cannot be changed/edited and will remain the same for all the online counsellings.** The candidates are advised to keep in mind that choices once LOCKED cannot be modified. If a candidate fills the choices but do not LOCK them, his/her last saved choices will be locked automatically when the time-window of filling of choices closes.

Sr. No.	COUNSELLING	Date of Display of Merit List i.e. Allotment on the Admission Portal	Reporting Date (Verification of documents and depositing the fee)
1.	1st Counseling (category-wise)	11.07.2018	12.07.2018 to 13.07.2018 (up to 4:00 p.m.)
2.	2nd Counseling (if seats remain vacant) (category-wise)	15.07.2018	16.07.2018 to 17.07.2018 (up to 4:00 p.m.)
3.	3rd Counseling (if seats remain vacant) (category-wise)	19.07.2018	20.07.2018 to 21.07.2018 (up to 4:00 p.m.)
4.	Final Counseling (if seats remain vacant) on the basis of physical presence in the concerned university.	A date from 25-07-18 to 30-07-18 to be notified by the Concerned University	
5.	Last date for filling of vacant seats at institute level , if any, by the respective university at their own level on the basis of merit of Entrance Test.	To be notified by the concerned University	

Note :-

- (i) *Counselling will start at 10.00 a.m. onward on the above-mentioned dates for all the categories.*
- (ii) **If a candidate participates in next counselling for up-gradation and gets the upgraded seat, the seat allotted to him/her in the previous counselling will stand cancelled automatically, irrespective of whether he/she reports to the concerned department or not for the upgraded seat and no claim against the cancelled seat will be entertained thereafter.**

RULES AND GUIDELINES FOR ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

1. The Entrance Examination is meant to assess the candidates' suitability for the Programme to which he/she is seeking admission.
2. No candidate will be admitted to the Entrance Examination Hall unless he/she produces the Admit Card and valid ID proof.
3. No request for postponement of Entrance Examination will be entertained under any circumstances.
4. The question papers for various Entrance Examinations will consist of objective type multiple choice questions only.
5. The venue/centre for all Entrance Examinations will be Rohtak unless otherwise changed by the University through a special notification.
6. **There shall be negative marking in the entrance test for all the programmes.**
7.
 - i) The examinees, immediately after taking their seats, will be given a sealed Test Booklet containing an OMR/paper Answer Sheet and a Question Booklet containing serially numbered questions. The examinees are advised to read and follow the instructions on front and back-page of the question Booklet carefully.
 - ii) A Question Booklet Number and a Booklet Code (A or B or C or D) are given on the front page of the Question Booklet. The examinees must write the Number and the Code carefully in the appropriate places on the OMR/ Answer Sheet.
 - iii) The examinee must affix his/her signature on the front page of the Question Booklet at the place earmarked for this purpose.
 - iv) The Question Booklet has paper seal pasted on it. The examinees should open the Question Booklet by breaking the paper seal only when they are asked to do so by the Invigilator.
 - v) The examinees must check immediately after breaking the seal that the Question Booklet contains the same number of questions as indicated in the instructions at the top. If any deficiency is noticed in the Question Booklet, the Invigilator may be requested to replace the same immediately.
 - vi) The Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet must be returned to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall.
8.
 - i) The examinees must check their Answer Sheets which are serially numbered. If any discrepancy is detected, the same should be brought to the notice of the Invigilator immediately.
 - ii) Use good quality ball point pen (blue or black) strictly as directed on the OMR Answer Sheet.
 - iii) Do not fold or put any stray mark or do any rough work on the Answer Sheet.
 - iv) Fill in the Roll No., Question Booklet No., and Booklet Code in the blocks provided for the purpose on the OMR/paper Answer Sheet.
 - v) The examinee must affix his/her signature with the ball point pen at the appropriate place on the OMR/paper Answer Sheet.
9. The following procedure shall be followed in the Examination Hall:
 - i) No candidate will be allowed to enter the Examination Hall 15 minutes after the commencement of the examination.
 - ii) No candidate will be allowed to leave the Examination Hall before the expiry of time.
 - iii) The doors of Examination Hall will be opened 30 minutes before the time fixed for commencement of the Examination.
 - iv) Each examinee will be given a sealed Test Booklet with an Answer Sheet 10 minutes before the commencement of the Examination.
 - v) The examinees, immediately on receipt of the Test Booklet, will fill in the required particulars with the ball point (black or blue) pen only on its cover page.
 - vi) The examinees shall not open the Test Booklet until asked to do so by the Invigilator.
 - vii) Use of calculators, slide rules or log tables, books, papers, cellular phones or any other electronic device, etc. is not allowed.

- viii) The Examination will start exactly at the allotted time. The Invigilator will make an announcement to this effect. The examinees should start writing only after the announcement of the Invigilator.
 - ix) The Invigilator will check 'Admit Card' of each examinee during the Examination to satisfy himself about each of them. This 'Admit Card' must be deposited with the Invigilator on duty. The Invigilator will also put his signature in the place provided in the question booklet and OMR Answer Sheet.
 - x) The examinees shall bring their own ball point pens (blue or black), eraser, and foot-rule. These items will not be supplied by the University.
 - xi) After completing the test and before handing over the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet, the examinees must check again that all the particulars required in the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet have been correctly written.
 - xii) A signal will be given at the beginning of the Examination and at half-time. A signal will also be given before the closing time when the examinees must stop marking responses.
10. **Punishment for use of Unfair Means**
If any candidate is found guilty of any breach of rules mentioned in the Prospectus or guilty of using unfair means, he/she will be liable to be punished according to the Act, Statutes, Ordinances, and Rules & Regulations of M.D. University, Rohtak.
11. **Re-Checking**
There shall be no re-checking or re-evaluation of answer sheets of the Entrance Examination. No request in this regard shall be entertained.
12. If any person(s) or officer(s) or official(s) dealing with the conduct of Entrance Examination is found indulged in any act that would result in the leakage of the question paper(s) or renders help directly or indirectly in the use of unfair means in the examination, he/she shall be liable to be prosecuted under the Indian Penal Code.
13. **Legal Jurisdiction**
All disputes pertaining to the conduct of Entrance Examination and admissions shall fall within the jurisdiction of Rohtak only.
14. Enquiries regarding Entrance Examinations, if any, may be made till a day before the Entrance Examinations during office hours and not on the day of Entrance Examination with the offices where the Application Form has been submitted.

DISTRIBUTION & RESERVATION OF SEATS IN VARIOUS PROGRAMMES

The seat matrix has been prepared on the basis of the reservation policy notified by the Govt. of Haryana vide Notification No. 22/10/2013 - IGSIII dated 28/2/2013, and instructions received from the State Govt. from time to time on the following basis:

Category	Percentage
a) All India Open Category Seats (Including Haryana State) (AIO)	15% of the sanctioned intake
b) State Quota	85% of the sanctioned intake
(b-1) Haryana Open General Category(HOGC)	50% of the State Quota i.e. 42.5% of total intake
(b-2) Reserved Categories of Haryana	50% of the State Quota i.e. 42.5% of total intake
Scheduled Caste (SC)	20% of State Quota (17% of total intake)
Backward Classes of Haryana (A)(BCA)	16% of State Quota (13.6% of total intake)
Backward Classes of Haryana (B)(BCB)	11% of State Quota (9.35% of total intake)
Physically Handicapped (PH)	3% of State quota (2.55% of total intake).

In the event of quota reserved for Physically Handicapped remain unutilised due to non availability for suitable category of Handicapped Candidates, it may be offered to the Ex-Servicemen and their wards(1%) and the dependents of Freedom Fighters (1%).

Further, 3% reservation is also provided to Ex-serviceman/ Freedom Fighter and their dependants by providing reservation within reservation of 1% of General Category, 1% out of Scheduled Caste and 1% from Backward Classes category for admission to the various educational institutions of the Govt. and Govt. aided / Institutes located in Haryana. As far as Block allocation in Block-A and Block-B of Backward Classes category is concerned year wise rotational system will be adopted. For example if Block-A of Backward Classes are given seats in academic year 2014, the next Block i.e. (B) Block of Category of Backward Classes will be given seats in the next academic year 2015 and so on. Further, a roster register for reservation of seats for ex-servicemen/freedom fighter shall be maintained and carry forward all fractions till one seat is accumulated through different fractions over the years. As and when the total comes to one a seat will be provided.

GUIDELINES FOR RESERVATION

1. **The reservation of seats is as per the Reservation Policy of Haryana Govt. and is subject to change/amendment made by the State Govt. from time to time.**
2. Candidates belonging to SC/ST are required to submit a certificate from the competent authority as per **Appendix-C**. The list of Scheduled Castes notified by the Haryana Government, is available at **Appendix-J**.
3. Candidates belonging to Backward Classes are required to submit a certificate from the competent authority as per **Appendix-D**. The list of Backward Classes in Haryana notified by the Haryana Government, is available at **Appendix-I**. Circular no. 1170-SW(1)-95 dated 7.6.95 of the Haryana Govt. for excluding Socially Advanced Persons/Sections (Creamy Layer) from Backward Classes may be referred to at **Appendix-I**.
4. The children or Grand Children (Maternal & Paternal) of Freedom Fighters are required to submit a certificate from the competent authority as per **Appendix-E**.
5. Only those candidates who have permanent disability of not less than 40% (being otherwise fit for admission to the programme) will be considered for admission as Physically Handicapped. They will submit a certificate from the competent authority as per **Appendix-G**. Disability Certificate shall, however, be subject to verification by a Medical Board to be constituted by the University. The decision of Medical Board in this regard shall be final.
6. Children or Wards of Military Personnel (including personnel of Para-Military Forces killed in Action or Permanently Disabled in Action and Boarded Out from the Services or Ex-Servicemen and their wards will be considered for reservation. They will submit a certificate as per **Appendix-F**. The following categories of personnel of Territorial Army are included in the definition of Ex-Servicemen in terms of the State Govt. letter No. 12/18/2006-GS-II dated 8-01-2008:
 - i) Pension holders for continuous embodied service;
 - ii) Persons with disability attributable to military service;
 - iii) Gallantry Award Winners; and
 - iv) Such recruits boarded out/released on medical grounds and granted medical/disability pension.
7. A candidate who applies for a reserved category or for both reserved and general categories will be considered first in general category subject to the preference given for University/programme. In case, he is not selected in general category, he will be considered for reserved category. The Scheduled Castes/Backward Classes candidates who get selected /admitted in Educational/Professional/Technical Institutions and Universities in open competition on the basis of their own merit, will not be counted against the quota reserved for scheduled caste/ backward classes, rather they will be treated as open competition candidates. However, such candidates shall fulfill condition of eligibility regarding age etc. as are meant for general category candidates (Memo No.13864-75 dated 24.8.2012 received from the Principal Secretary to Govt. of Haryana, Welfare of Scheduled Caste and Backward Classes, Department, Chandigarh).
8. If a candidate belongs to more than one reserved category, he/she shall be required to give his/her preference at the time of filling up the admission form. Preference once given shall not be changed.
9. If any seat remains vacant in sub-categories of BC(A) and BC(B), the same will be filled up through the candidates belonging to other category. For example, if any seat in BC(B) category remains vacant, the same will be filled up from BC(A) category and vice-versa.
10. Benefit of reservation will be given to the reserved categories upto 3rd counselling. However, after third counselling rules of the concerned university will be followed regarding conversion of seats.

ADMISSION PROCEDURE

The following procedure shall be followed for selection of the candidates for admission to various programmes:

1. Mere possession of the prescribed academic qualifications does not entitle a candidate for admission to the programme. Candidates would be required to fulfill all the conditions as spelt out in the Prospectus.
2. The eligibility of the candidates shall be ascertained at the time of counseling in the case admissions are made on the basis of entrance test.
3. Merit list of all the eligible candidates shall be prepared as per criteria given in the Prospectus and shall be available on the website of the university.
4. If two or more candidates secure identical marks in entrance test then the candidate senior in age will be given preference.
5. Counseling for admission to the programmes will be held at the Depts./Institutes of the concerned universities as per "Counseling Schedule" given in the Prospectus. No separate communication shall be sent in this regard.
6. Preference once exercised by the candidate for any Programme/Dept./Institute/University shall be final. If a candidate does not get Programme/Dept./Institute/University of his/her choice, he/ she may opt to be wait-listed. However such candidate will be considered for admission as per merit subject to availability of seats in next counselling, if any.
7. Seats remaining vacant in one round of counseling, will be filled up in the subsequent round of counseling.
8. Counseling will be closed as soon as all the seats in each category are filled.
9. ***Details of participation in the counselling and procedure of seat allotment will be made available soon on the website of M.D. University, Rohtak.***
10. ***For other details such as regarding enrolment of students, submission of registration/ continuation Return, student's conduct and discipline Rules, prohibition of ragging, etc, the website of the concerned University may be visited.***

List of Heads of the Departments of Participating Universities

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SYLLABI FOR ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

(A) Life Sciences

SYLLABUS FOR COMMON ENTRANCE EXAM FOR M.SC. LIFE SCIENCE COURSES

DIVERSITY OF MICROBES (marks 4)

Bacteria: Structure, nutrition, reproduction and economic importance, **Cyanobacteria:** General characters; life-history of *Nostoc*.

Algae: General characters, classification (upto classes) and economic importance; General account of algal blooms, Important features and life-history (excluding development) of *Volvox*, *Oedogonium* (Chlorophyceae), *Vaucheria* (Xanthophyceae), *Ectocarpus* (Phaeophyceae) and *Polysiphonia* (Rhodophyceae).

Viruses: General account of Viruses including structure of TMV and Bacteriophages **Fungi:** General characters, classification (upto classes) and economic importance; General account of Lichens, Important features and life-history of *Phytophthora* (Mastigomycotina), *Mucor* (Zygomycotina), *Penicillium* (Ascomycotina), *Puccinia*, *Agaricus* (Basidiomycotina), *Colletotrichum* (Deuteromycotina).

CELL BIOLOGY (marks -6)

The Cell Envelopes: Structure and functions of Cell Wall, Plasma Membrane: Fluid mosaic model, various modes of transport across the membrane, mechanism of active and passive transport, endocytosis and exocytosis.

Ultrastructure of different cell organelles of animal and plant cells.

Endoplasmic Reticulum: types, role of ER in protein synthesis and transportation in animal cell. **Golgi complex:** Structure, Associated enzymes and role of golgi-complex in animal cell. **Ribosomes:** Types, biogenesis and role in protein synthesis.

Lysosomes: Structure, enzyme and their role; polymorphism, Peroxisomes and Vacuoles

Mitochondria: Mitochondrial DNA; as semiautonomous body, biogenesis, mitochondrial enzymes (only names), role of mitochondria,

Cytoskeleton: Microtubules, microfilaments, centriole and basal body. Cilia and Flagella

Ultra-structure and function of Chloroplast, Nucleus and Nucleolus, Chromosome: Morphology, ultra-structure - kinetochore, centromere and telomere fine structure of chromosomes, nucleosome concept and role of histones, Euchromatin and heterochromatin, lampbrush chromosomes and polytene chromosomes.

Cell Cycle: General account

Cell Division: Mitosis and Meiosis - Stages and Significance

Chromosomal aberrations: Structural and Numerical - deletions, duplications, translocations, inversions, aneuploidy, polyploidy, Sex chromosomes and Sex determination in Plants

Brief account of causes of cancer.

An elementary idea of cellular basis of Immunity.

DIVERSITY OF ARCHEGONIATES (marks-5)

Bryophyta- General characters, classification (upto classes), alternation of generations, evolution of sporophytes and economic importance, Structure and reproduction (excluding development) of *Marchantia* (Hepaticopsida), *Anthoceros* (Anthocerotopsida) and *Funaria* (Bryopsida).

Pteridophyta- General characters, classification (upto classes), alternation of generations, heterospory, apospory, apogamy and economic importance; General account of stellar evolution, Structure and reproduction (excluding development) of *Rhynia* (Psilopsida), *Selaginella* (Lycopsida), *Equisetum* (Sphenopsida) and *Pteris* (Pteropsida)

GENETICS (marks-10)

Elements of Heredity and variations.

Genetic Inheritance: Mendelism: Laws of Segregation and Independent Assortment; Gene interactions: Allelic and non-allelic interactions

Linkage and recombination: Coupling and repulsion hypothesis, crossing-over and chiasma formation; gene mapping.

Sex determination and its mechanism: male and female heterozygous systems, genetic balance system; role of Y - chromosome, male haploidy, cytoplasmic and environmental factors, role of hormones in sex determination.

Sex linked inheritance: Haemophilia and colour blindness in man, eye colour in *Drosophila*, Non-disjunction of sex-chromosome in *Drosophila*; Sex-linked and sex influenced inheritance.

Extra chromosomal and cytoplasmic inheritance: Kappa particles in Paramecium, Shell coiling in snails and Milk factor in mice, Presence and function of Mitochondrial and Plastid DNA; Plasmids.

Multiple allelism: Eye colour in *Drosophila*; A, B, O blood groups in man.

Genetic Material: Nature and function of genetic material; Structure and type of nucleic acids; DNA - the genetic material, DNA structure and replication, DNA-Protein interaction, The Nucleosome Model, Genetic Code, Satellite and Repetitive DNA. Protein synthesis

Genetic Variations: Mutations - spontaneous and induced; transposable genetic elements; gene mutations; chemical basis of mutations; transition, transversion, structural chromosomal aberrations (deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation); Numerical aberrations (autopolyploidy, euploidy and polyploidy in animals) DNA damage and repair.

Gene Expression: Modern concept of gene; RNA; Ribosomes; Transfer of genetic information - transcription and translation; Structure of proteins; Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes

Human genetics: Human karyotype, Chromosomal abnormalities involving autosomes and sex chromosomes, monozygotic and dizygotic twins.

Inborn errors of metabolism (Alcaptonuria, Phenylketonuria, Albinism, sickle-cell anaemia).

Applied genetics: Eugenics, eugenics and euphenics; genetic counseling, pre-natal diagnostics, DNA-finger printing, transgenic animals

LIFE AND DIVERSITY FROM PROTOZOA TO HEMICHORDATA (marks-5)

Phylum- Protozoa: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type study of *Plasmodium*; Parasitic protozoans: Life history, mode of infection and pathogenicity of *Entamoeba*, *Trypanosoma*, *Leishmania* and *Giardia*. **Phylum- Porifera:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type study - *Sycon*, Canal system in sponges, Spicules in sponges, **Phylum - Coelentrata:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity, economic importance, Type Study – *Obelia*, Corals and coral reefs, Polymorphism in Siphonophores, **Phylum - Helminths:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity, economic importance, Type study - *Fasciola hepatica*, Helminths parasites: Brief account of life history, mode of infection and pathogenesis of *Schistosoma*, *Ancylostoma*, *Trichinella*, *Wuchereria* and *Oxyuris*, **Phylum - Annelida:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance of Annelida, Type study - *Pheretima* (Earthworm), Metamerism in Annelida, Trochophore larva: Affinities, evolutionary significance, **Phylum - Arthropoda:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance of insects, Type study – *Periplaneta*, **Phylum - Mollusca:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type study – *Pila*, Torsion and detorsion in gastropoda, Respiration and foot, **Phylum - Echinodermata:** General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type Study - *Asterias* (Sea Star), Echinoderm larvae, Aristotle's Lantern, **Phylum – Hemichordata**, Type study: *Balanoglossus*

BIOLOGY AND DIVERSITY OF SEED PLANTS (marks-8)

General characters, origin and evolution of Gymnosperms, Geological Time Table; Evolution of Seed Habit, Pilger and Melchior's (1954) system of classification of Gymnosperms.

Palaeobotany- Fossils and Fossilization (Process involved, types of fossils and importance of fossils); Reconstruction of the fossil plants: *Lyginopteris*, *Williamsonia*, *Cycadeoidea* (= *Bennettites*)

Gymnosperms: Morphology and anatomy of root, stem, leaf/leaflet and reproductive parts including mode of reproduction, life-cycle and economic importance of *Cycas*, *Pinus* and *Ephedra* Economic importance of Gymnosperms,

Angiosperms: General characters, origin and evolution

Taxonomy and Systematics, fundamental components of taxonomy (identification, classification, description, nomenclature and phylogeny), Role of chemotaxonomy, cytotaxonomy and taxometrics in relation to taxonomy, Botanical Nomenclature, principles and rules, principle of priority, Keys to identification of plants. Type concept, taxonomic ranks, Salient features of the systems of classification of angiosperms proposed by Bentham & Hooker and Engler & Prantl, Floral Terms and Types of Inflorescence

Diversity of Flowering Plants: Diagnostic features and economic importance of the following families: Ranunculaceae, Brassicaceae, Malvaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Rutaceae, Fabaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Apiaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Lamiaceae, Solanaceae, Asteraceae, Liliaceae and Poaceae.

PLANT ANATOMY & PLANT EMBRYOLOGY (marks 4)

Tissues - meristematic and permanent (simple, complex and secretory) Tissue systems (Epidermal, ground and vascular), The Shoot system - shoot apical meristem and its histological organizations. Cambium - structure and functions. Secondary growth in dicot stem; characteristics of growth rings; sap wood and heart wood, periderm; Anomalous secondary growth (*Dracaena*, *Boerhaavia* and *Achyranthes*), Leaf: Types of leaves (simple and compound); phyllotaxy. Epidermis-uniseriate and uliseriate, epidermal appendages and their morphological types., Anatomy of typical Monocot and Dicot leaf and cell inclusions in leaves, leaf abscission, Stomatal apparatus and their morphological types, Root system: Root apical meristem; histological organization Secondary growth in dicot root, Structural modifications in roots: Storage (*Beta*), Respiratory (*Rhizophora*), Epiphytic (*Vanda*).

Flower-a modified shoot, Microsporangium, its wall and dehiscence mechanism, Microsporogenesis, pollen grains and its structure (pollen wall). Pollen germination (microgametogenesis), Male gametophyte, Pollen-pistil interaction; self incompatibility, Pollination: types and agencies, Structure of Megasporangium (ovule), its curvatures; Megasporogenesis and Megagametogenesis, Female gametophyte (mono, bi and tetrasporic), Double fertilization, Endosperm types and its biological importance. Embryogenesis in Dicot and Monocot; Polyembryony, Structure of Dicot and Monocot seed, Fruit types; Dispersal mechanisms in fruits and seeds.

LIFE AND DIVERSITY OF CHORDATES (marks-8)

Chordates: Principles of classification; Origin and Evolutionary tree; Role of amnion in evolution; Salient features of chordates; Functional morphology of the types with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required, General characters and classification of phyla upto orders with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required.

Protochordates: Systematic position, distribution, ecology, morphology and affinities Urochordata: *Herdmania* – type study, Cephalochordata; *Amphioxus* – type study, General characters and classification of phyla upto orders with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required.

Cyclostomes: Classification and ecological significance, Type study of *Petromyzon*, General characters and classification of all phyla upto orders with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required. **Pisces:** Scales & Fins, Parental care in fishes, fish migration. Types study of Labeo

Amphibia: Origin, Evolutionary tree. Type study of frog (*Rana tigrina*), Parental Care in Amphibia

Reptilia: Type study of Lizard (*Hemidactylus*), Origin, Evolutionary tree. Extinct reptiles; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes; Poison apparatus in snakes.

Aves: Type study of Pigeon (*Columba livia*); Flight adaptation, Principles of aerodynamics in Bird flight, migration in birds.

Mammals: Classification, type study of Rat; Adaptive radiations of mammals and dentition. **Note: Type study includes detailed study of various systems of the animal.**

MAMMALIAN PHYSIOLOGY (marks-10)

Introduction, Classification, Structure, function and general properties of carbohydrates and lipids. Introduction, Classification, Structure, function and general properties of proteins; Nomenclature, Classification and mechanisms of enzyme action, Transport through biomembranes (Active and Passive), buffers

Nutrition: Nutritional components; Carbohydrates, fats, lipids, Vitamins and Minerals. Types of nutrition & feeding, Digestion of dietary constituents, viz. lipids, proteins, carbohydrates & nucleic acids; symbiotic digestion. Absorption of nutrients & assimilation; control of enzyme secretion.

Muscles: Types of muscles, ultra-structure of skeletal muscle. Bio-chemical and physical events during muscle contraction; single muscle twitch, tetanus, muscle fatigue muscle, tone, oxygen debt., Cori's cycle, single unit smooth muscles, their physical and functional properties.

Bones: Structure and types, classification, bone growth and resorption, effect of ageing on skeletal system and bone disorders.

Circulation: Origin, conduction and regulation of heart beat, cardiac cycle, electrocardiogram, cardiac output, fluid pressure and flow pressure in closed and open circulatory system; Composition and functions of blood & lymph; Mechanism of coagulation of blood, coagulation factors; anticoagulants, haemopoiesis

Respiration: Exchange of respiratory gases, transport of gases, lung air volumes, oxygen dissociation curve of hemoglobin, Bohr's effect, Haldane's phenomenon (Chloride shift), control / regulation of respiration.

Excretion: Patterns of excretory products viz. Ammonotelic, ureotelic, uricotelic, ornithine cycle (Krebs-Henseleit cycle) for urea formation in liver.

Excretion: Urine formation, counter-current mechanism of urine concentration, osmoregulation, micturition.

Neural Integration: Nature, origin and propagation of nerve impulse along with myelinated & non-myelinated nerve fibre, conduction of nerve impulse across synapse.

Chemical integration of Endocrinology: Structure and mechanism of hormone action; physiology of hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, pancreas and gonads.

Reproduction: Spermatogenesis, Capacitation of spermatozoa, ovulation, formation of corpus luteum, oestrous-anoestrous cycle, Menstrual cycle in human; fertilization, implantation and gestation.

PLANT PHYSIOLOGY (marks-10)

Plant-water relations: Importance of water to plant life; physical properties of water; imbibition, diffusion and osmosis; absorption and transport of water; transpiration; physiology of stomata.

Mineral nutrition: Essential macro and micro elements and their role; mineral uptake; deficiency symptoms.

Transport of organic substances: Mechanism of phloem transport; source-sink relationship; factors affecting translocation.

Photosynthesis : significance; historical aspects; photosynthetic pigments; action spectra and enhancement effects; concept of two photosystems; Z-scheme; photo-phosphorylation; Calvin cycle; C4 pathway; CAM plants; photorespiration.

Growth and development : Definitions; phases of growth and development; seed dormancy; plant movements; the concept of photoperiodism; physiology of flowering; florigen concept; physiology of senescence; fruit ripening;

Plant hormones- auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, abscisic acid and ethylene, history of their discovery, mechanism of action; photo-morphogenesis;

Phytochromes and their discovery, physiological role and mechanism of action.

ECOLOGY & EVOLUTION (marks-6)

Introduction to Ecology: Definition; scope and importance; levels of organization . Environment: Introduction; environmental factors- climatic (water, humidity, wind, light, temperature), edaphic (soil profile, physico-chemical properties), topographic and biotic factors (species interaction). Adaptations of plants to water stress and salinity (morphological and anatomical features of hydrophytes, xerophytes and halophytes).

Population ecology: Basic concept; characteristics; biotic potential, growth curves; ecotypes and ecads.

Community ecology: Concepts; characteristics (qualitative and quantitative-analytical and synthetic); methods of analysis; ecological succession.

Ecosystem: Structure (components) and functions (trophic levels, food chains, food webs, ecological pyramids and energy flow)

Biogeochemical cycles: Carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and hydrological cycle.

Phyto-geography: Phyto- geographical regions of India; vegetation types of India (forests). Environmental pollution: Sources, types and control of air and water pollution.

Global change: Greenhouse effect and greenhouse gases; impacts of global warming; carbon trading; Ozone layer depletion; Biomagnification

Population: Growth and regulation.

Origin of life, Concept and evidences of organic evolution, Theories of organic evolution, Concept of microevolution and concept of species, Concept of macro-and mega-evolution, Phylogeny of horse, Evolution of man.

BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY (marks-15)

Basics of Enzymology: Discovery and nomenclature; characteristics of enzymes; concept of holoenzyme, apoenzyme, coenzyme and co-factors; regulation of enzyme activity; mechanism of action.

Respiration: ATP – the biological energy currency; aerobic and anaerobic respiration; Krebs cycle; electron transport mechanism (chemiosmotic theory); redox -potential; oxidative phosphorylation; pentose phosphate pathway.

Lipid metabolism: Structure and functions of lipids; fatty acid biosynthesis; β -oxidation; saturated and unsaturated fatty acids; storage and mobilization of fatty acids.

Nitrogen metabolism: Biology of nitrogen fixation; importance of nitrate reductase and its regulation; ammonium assimilation.

Genetic engineering and Biotechnology: Tools and techniques of recombinant DNA technology; cloning vectors; genomic and cDNA library; transposable elements; aspects of plant tissue culture; cellular totipotency, differentiation and morphogenesis; biology of *Agrobacterium*; vectors for gene delivery and marker genes. Transgenic plants & animals.

DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY (marks-3)

Historical perspectives, aims and scope of developmental biology, Generalized structure of mammalian ovum & sperm. Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis, Fertilization, parthenogenesis, different types of eggs and patterns of cleavage in invertebrates and vertebrates, Process of blastulation in invertebrates and vertebrates, Fate-map construction in frog and chick, Gastrulation in invertebrates and vertebrates, Gastrulation & formation of three germinal layers in frog and chick, Elementary knowledge of primary organizers, Extra embryonic membranes: structure & significance in birds and mammals, Concepts of competence, determination and differentiation, Concept of regeneration.

ECONOMIC BOTANY (marks -3)

Vavilov's centres of origin of crop plants, Origin, distribution, botanical description, brief idea of cultivation and economic uses of the Food plants - cereals (rice, wheat and maize), pulses (gram, arhar and pea), vegetables (potato,

tomato and onion).

Origin, distribution, botanical description, brief idea of cultivation and economic uses of the Fibers- cotton, jute and flax, Oils- groundnut, mustard, sunflower and coconut.

Morphological description, brief idea of cultivation and economic uses of the Spices- coriander, ferula, ginger, turmeric, cloves.

Medicinal plants- *Cinchona*, *Rauwolfia*, *Atropa*, *Opium*, *Cannabis*, *Azadirachta*, *Withania*.

Botanical description, processing and uses of: Beverages- tea and coffee; Rubber - *Hevea*;

Sugar- sugarcane General account and sources of timber; energy plantations and bio-fuels.

FISH AND FISHERIES AND ENTOMOLOGY (marks-3)

Introduction of world fisheries: Production, utilization and demand **Fresh Water fishes of India:** River system, reservoir, pond, tank fisheries; captive and culture fisheries, cold water fisheries, Fishing crafts and gears, Fin fishes, Crustaceans, Molluscs and their culture. **Seed production:** Natural seed resources – its assessment, collection, Hatchery production. **Nutrition:** Sources of food (Natural, Artificial) and feed composition (Calorie and Chemical ingredients). **Field Culture:** Ponds-running water, recycled water, cage, culture; poly culture. **Culture technology:** Biotechnology, gene manipulation and cryopreservation of gametes.

Study of important insect pests of crops and vegetables: **Sugarcane:** Sugarcane leaf-hopper (*Pyrilla perpusilla*), Sugarcane Whitefly (*Aleurolobus barodensis*), Sugarcane top borer (*Scirpophaga nivella*), Sugarcane root borer (*Emmalocera depressella*), Gurdaspur borer (*Bissetia steniellus*) With their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Pyrilla perpusilla* only. **Cotton:** Pink bollworm (*Pestiphora gossypifolia*), Red cotton bug (*Dysdercus Cingulatus*), Cotton grey weevil (*Myloccerus undecimpustulatus*), Cotton Jassid (*Amrasca devastans*), With their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Pectinophora gossypiella*. **Wheat:** Wheat stem borer (*Sesamia inferens*) with its systematics position, habits, nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control, **Paddy:** Gundhi bug (*Leptocoris acuta*), Rice grasshopper (*Hieroglyphus banian*), Rice stem borer (*Scirpophaga incertullus*), Rice Hispa (*Diceladispera armigera*) With their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Leptocoris acuta*, **Vegetables** *Raphidopalpa faveicollis* – The Red pumpkin beetle, *Dacus cucurbitas* – The pumpkin fruit fly. *Tetranychus tecarius* – The vegetable mite, *Epilachna* – The Hadda beetle, Their systematics position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Aulacophora faveicollis*. **Stored grains:** Pulse beetle (*Callosobruchus maculatus*), Rice weevil (*Sitophilus oryzae*), Wheat weevil (*Trogoderma granarium*), Rust Red Flour beetles (*Tribolium castaneum*), Lesser grain borer (*Rhizopertha dominica*), Grain & Flour moth (*Sitotroga cerealella*), Their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Trogoderma granarium*. **Insect control:** Biological control, its history, requirement and precautions and feasibility of biological agents for control, Chemical control: History, Categories of pesticides. Important pesticides from each category to pests against which they can be used. Insect repellants and attractants, Integrated pest management, Important bird and rodent pests of agriculture & their management.

(B) Forensic Sciences

PATTERN AND SYLLABUS FOR THE COMMON ENTRANCE TEST FOR ADMISSION TO M.SC. FORENSIC SCIENCE

SECTION-A	SECTION-B	SECTION-C
34 Marks	66 Marks	66 Marks

Instructions: Section A is compulsory. Students are required to attempt either Section B or Section C. Students of Medical group are required to attempt Section B. Students of Non-Medical group are required to attempt Section C.

SECTION-A (34 Marks)

Atomic Structure: Idea of de Broglie matter waves, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, atomic orbitals, quantum numbers, radial and angular wave functions and probability distribution curves, shapes of s, p, d orbitals. Periodic Properties: General principles of periodic table: Aufbau and Pauli exclusion principles, Hund's multiplicity rule.

Electronic configurations of the elements, effective nuclear charge, Slater's rules. Atomic and ionic radii, ionization energy, electron affinity and electronegativity definition, methods of determination or evaluation, trends in periodic table (in s & p block elements).

Covalent Bond: Valence bond theory and its limitations, directional characteristics of covalent bond, various types of hybridization and shapes of simple inorganic molecules and ions (BeF_2 , BF_3 , CH_4 , PF_5 , SF_6 , IF_7 , SO_4^{2-} , ClO_4^-) Valence shell electron pair repulsion (VSEPR) theory to NH_3 , H_3O^+ , SF_4 , ClF_3 , ICl_2^- and H_2O . MO theory of heteronuclear (CO and NO) diatomic molecules, bond strength and bond energy, percentage ionic character from dipole moment and electronegativity difference. Ionic Solids: Ionic structures (NaCl , CsCl , ZnS (Zinc Blende), CaF_2) radius ratio effect and coordination number, limitation of radius ratio rule, lattice defects, semiconductors, lattice energy (Madelung constant excluded) and Born-Haber cycle, solvation energy and its relation with solubility of ionic solids, polarizing power and polarisability of ions, Fajan's rule. Hydrogen Bonding & Vander Waals Forces: Hydrogen Bonding – Definition, Types, effects of hydrogen bonding on properties of substances, application. Brief discussion of various types of Vander Waals Forces. Metallic Bond and Semiconductors: Metallic Bond- Brief introduction to metallic bond, band theory of metallic bond Semiconductors- Introduction, types and applications. s-Block Elements: Comparative study of the elements including diagonal relationships, salient features of hydrides (methods of preparation excluded), solvation and complexation tendencies including their function in biosystems. Chemistry of Noble Gases: Chemical properties of the noble gases with emphasis on their low chemical reactivity, chemistry of xenon, structure and bonding of fluorides, oxides & oxyfluorides of xenon. p-Block Elements: Emphasis on comparative study of properties of p-block elements (including diagonal relationship and excluding methods of preparation). Boron family (13th gp): Diborane – properties and structure (as an example of electron – deficient compound and multicentre bonding), Borazine – chemical properties and structure Trihalides of Boron – Trends in Lewis acid character structure of aluminium (III) chloride. Carbon Family (14th group) Catenation, p & d bonding (an idea), carbides, fluorocarbons, silicates (structural aspects), silicon – general methods of preparations, properties and uses. Nitrogen Family (15th group) Oxides – structures of oxides of N, P. oxyacids – structure and relative acid strengths of oxyacids of Nitrogen and phosphorus. Structure of white, yellow and red phosphorus. Oxygen Family (16th group) Oxyacids of sulphur – structures and acidic strength H_2O_2 – structure, properties and uses. Halogen Family (17th group) Basic properties of halogen, interhalogens types properties, hydro and oxyacids of chlorine – structure and comparison of acid strength.

(4 Marks)

Gaseous States: Maxwell's distribution of velocities and energies (derivation excluded) Calculation of root mean square velocity, average velocity and most probable velocity. Collision diameter, collision number, collision frequency and mean free path. Deviation of Real gases from ideal behaviour. Derivation of Vander Waal's Equation of State, its application in the calculation of Boyle's temperature (compression factor) Explanation of behaviour of real gases using Vander Waal's equation. Critical Phenomenon: Critical temperature, Critical pressure, critical volume and their determination. PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of states, the isotherms of Vander Waal's equation, relationship between critical constants and Vander Waal's constants. Critical compressibility factor. The Law of corresponding states. Lequifaction of gases. Liquid States: Structure of liquids. Properties of liquids – surface tension, viscosity vapour pressure and optical rotations and their determination. Solid State: Classification of solids, Laws of crystallography – (i) Law of constancy of interfacial angles (ii) Law of rationality of indices (iii) Law of symmetry. Symmetry elements of crystals. Definition of unit cell & space lattice. Bravais lattices, crystal system. X- ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of Bragg equation. Determination of crystal structure of NaCl , KCl . Liquid crystals: Difference between solids, liquids and liquid crystals, types of liquid crystals. Applications of liquid crystals. Kinetics-I: Rate of reaction, rate equation, factors influencing the rate of a reaction – concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst. Order of a reaction, integrated rate expression for zero order, first order, second and third order reaction. Half life period of a reaction. Methods of determination of order of reaction. Kinetics-II: Effect of temperature on the rate of reaction – Arrhenius equation. Theories of reaction rate – Simple collision theory for unimolecular and bimolecular collision. Transition state theory of Bimolecular reactions. Electrochemistry-I: Electrolytic conduction, factors affecting electrolytic conduction, specific, conductance, molar conductance, equivalent conductance and relation among them, their variation with concentration. Arrhenius theory of ionization, Ostwald's Dilution Law. Debye- Huckel – Onsager's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only) Transport number, definition and determination by Hittorfs methods, (numerical included), Electrochemistry-II: Kohlrausch's Law, calculation of molar ionic conductance and effect of viscosity temperature & pressure on it. Application of Kohlrausch's Law in calculation of conductance of weak electrolytes at infinite dilution. Applications of conductivity measurements: determination of degree of dissociation, determination of K a

of acids determination of solubility product of sparingly soluble salts, conductometric titrations. Definition of pH and pKa, Buffer solution, Buffer action, Henderson – Hazel equation, Buffer mechanism of buffer action.

(3 Marks)

Structure and Bonding: Localized and delocalized chemical bond, van der Waals interactions, resonance: conditions, resonance effect and its applications, hyperconjugation, inductive effect, Electromeric effect & their comparison. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds-I: Concept of isomerism. Types of isomerism. Optical isomerism elements of symmetry, molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic centre, optical activity, properties of enantiomers, chiral and achiral molecules with two stereogenic centres, diastereomers, threo and erythro diastereomers, meso compounds, resolution of enantiomers, inversion, retention and racemization. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds-II: Relative and absolute configuration, sequence rules, R & S systems of nomenclature. Geometric isomerism determination of configuration of geometric isomers. E & Z system of nomenclature, Conformational isomerism conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane, conformations of cyclohexane, axial and equatorial bonds,. Newman projection and Sawhorse formulae, Difference between configuration and conformation. Mechanism of Organic Reactions: Curved arrow notation, drawing electron movements with arrows, half-headed and double-headed arrows, homolytic and heterolytic bond breaking. Types of reagents – electrophiles and nucleophiles. Types of organic reactions. Energy considerations. Reactive intermediates carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, arynes and nitrenes (formation, structure & stability). Assigning formal charges on intermediates and other ionic species. Alkanes and Cycloalkanes: IUPAC nomenclature of branched and unbranched alkanes, the alkyl group, classification of carbon atoms in alkanes. Isomerism in alkanes, sources, methods of formation (with special reference to Wurtz reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carboxylic acids), physical properties. Cycloalkanes: nomenclature, synthesis of cycloalkanes and their derivatives – photochemical (2+2) cycloaddition reactions, , dehalogenation of D, Z -dihalides, pyrolysis of calcium or barium salts of dicarboxylic acids, Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations., theory of strainless rings. Alkenes: Nomenclature of alkenes, , mechanisms of dehydration of alcohols and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides,. The Saytzeff rule, Hofmann elimination, physical properties and relative stabilities of alkenes. Chemical reactions of alkenes mechanisms involved in hydrogenation, electrophilic and free radical additions, Markownikoff's rule, hydroboration–oxidation, oxymercuration- reduction, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with KMnO_4 . Arenes and Aromaticity: Nomenclature of benzene derivatives:. Aromatic nucleus and side chain. Aromaticity: the Huckel rule, aromatic ions, annulenes up to 10 carbon atoms, aromatic, anti - aromatic and non – aromatic compounds. Aromatic electrophilic substitution: general pattern of the mechanism, mechanism of nitration, halogenation, sulphonation, and Friedel-Crafts reaction. Energy profile diagrams. Activating, deactivating substituents and orientation. Dienes and Alkynes: Nomenclature and classification of dienes: isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes. Structure of butadiene,. Chemical reactions 1,2 and 1,4 additions (Electrophilic & free radical mechanism), Diels-Alder reaction, Nomenclature, structure and bonding in alkynes. Methods of formation. Chemical reactions of alkynes, acidity of alkynes. Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions, hydroboration-oxidation of alkynes. Alkyl and Aryl Halides: Nomenclature and classes of alkyl halides, methods of formation, chemical reactions. Mechanisms and stereochemistry of nucleophilic substitution reactions of alkyl halides, $\text{S}_\text{N}2$ and $\text{S}_\text{N}1$ reactions with energy profile diagrams. Methods of formation and reactions of aryl halides, The addition-elimination and the elimination-addition mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Relative reactivities of alkyl halides vs allyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

(3 Marks)

Chemistry of Elements of Ist transition series: Definition of transition elements, position in the periodic table, General characteristics & properties of Ist transition elements,. Structures & properties of some compounds of transition elements – TiO_2 , VOCl_2 , FeCl_3 , CuCl_2 and $\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4$. Chemistry of Elements of IIInd & IIIrd transition series General characteristics and properties of the IIInd and IIIrd transition elements Comparison of properties of 3d elements with 4d & 5d elements with reference only to ionic radii, oxidation state, magnetic and Spectral properties and stereochemistry Coordination Compounds Werner's coordination theory, effective atomic number concept, chelates, nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds, valence bond theory of transition metal complexes Non-aqueous Solvents: Physical properties of a solvent, types of solvents and their general characteristics, reactions in non-aqueous solvents with reference to liquid NH_3 and liquid SO_2 . Chemistry of f – block elements Lanthanides: Electronic structure, oxidation states and ionic radii and lanthanide contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation, lanthanide compounds. Chemistry of f – block elements Actinides: General features and chemistry of actinides, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and Am from U, Comparison of properties of Lanthanides and Actinides and with transition elements. Theory of Qualitative and Quantitative

Inorganic Analysis-I Chemistry of analysis of various acidic radicals, Chemistry of identification of acid radicals in typical combinations, Chemistry of interference of acid radicals including their removal in the analysis of basic radicals. Theory of Qualitative and Quantitative Inorganic Analysis-II Chemistry of analysis of various groups of basic radicals, Theory of precipitation, co-precipitation, Post- precipitation, purification of precipitates.

(4 Marks)

Thermodynamics-I: Definition of thermodynamic terms: system, surrounding etc. Types of systems, intensive and extensive properties. State and path functions and their differentials. Thermodynamic process. Concept of heat and work. Zeroth Law of thermodynamics, First law of thermodynamics: statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacity, heat capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law – Joule – Thomson coefficient for ideal gas and real gas: and inversion temperature. Thermodynamics-II: Calculation of w, q, dU & dH for the expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible process, Temperature dependence of enthalpy, Kirchoffs equation. Bond energies and applications of bond energies. Chemical Equilibrium; Equilibrium constant and free energy, concept of chemical potential, Thermodynamic derivation of law of chemical equilibrium. Temperature dependence of equilibrium constant; Van't Hoff reaction isochore, Van't Hoff reaction isotherm. Le-Chatetier's principle and its applications Clapeyron equation and Clausius – Clapeyron equation its applications. Distribution Law: Nernst distribution law – its thermodynamic derivation, Modification of distribution law when solute undergoes dissociation, association and chemical combination. Applications of distribution law: (i) Determination of degree of hydrolysis and hydrolysis constant of aniline hydrochloride. (ii) Determination of equilibrium constant of potassium tri-iodide complex and process of extraction. Thermodynamics-III: Second law of thermodynamics, need for the law, different statements of the law, Carnot's cycles and its efficiency, Carnot's theorem, Thermodynamics scale of temperature. Concept of entropy – entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V & T , entropy as a function of P & T , entropy change in physical change, entropy as a criteria of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases and mixing of gases. Thermodynamics-IV: Third law of thermodynamics: Nernst heat theorem, statement of concept of residual entropy, evaluation of absolute entropy from heat capacity data. Gibbs and Helmholtz functions; Gibbs function (G) and Helmholtz function (A) as thermodynamic quantities, A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, their advantage over entropy change. Variation of G and A with P , V and T Electrochemistry-III Electrolytic and Galvanic cells – reversible & Irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells. EMF of cell and its measurement, Weston standard cell, activity and activity coefficients. Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reaction (ΔG , ΔH & K). Types of reversible electrodes – metal- metal ion gas electrode, metal –insoluble salt- anion and redox electrodes. Electrode reactions, Nernst equations, derivation of cell EMF and single electrode potential. Standard Hydrogen electrode, reference electrodes, standard electrodes potential, sign conventions, electrochemical series and its applications. Electrochemistry-IV: Concentration cells with and without transference, liquid junction potential, application of EMF measurement i.e. valency of ions, solubility product activity coefficient, potentiometric titration (acid- base and redox). Determination of pH using Hydrogen electrode, Quinhydrone electrode and glass electrode by potentiometric methods.

(3 Marks)

Alcohols; Monohydric alcohols nomenclature, methods of formation by reduction of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and esters. Hydrogen bonding. Acidic nature. Reactions of alcohols. Dihydric alcohols — nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage [$Pb(OAc)_4$ and HIO_4] and pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement. Epoxides: Synthesis of epoxides. Acid and base-catalyzed ring opening of epoxides, orientation of epoxide ring opening, reactions of Grignard and organolithium reagents with epoxides. Phenols: Nomenclature, structure and bonding. Preparation of phenols, physical properties and acidic character. Comparative acidic strengths of alcohols and phenols, resonance stabilization of phenoxide ion. Reactions of phenols — electrophilic aromatic substitution, Mechanisms of Fries rearrangement, Claisen rearrangement, Reimer-Tiemann reaction, Kolbe's reaction and Schotten and Baumann reactions. Ultraviolet (UV) absorption spectroscopy: Absorption laws (Beer-Lambert law), molar absorptivity, presentation and analysis of UV spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hypsochromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts. UV spectra of conjugated enes and enones, Woodward- Fieser rules, calculation of λ_{max} of simple conjugated dienes and D, E -unsaturated ketones. Applications of UV Spectroscopy in structure elucidation of simple organic compounds. Carboxylic Acids & Acid Derivatives: Nomenclature of Carboxylic acids, structure and bonding, physical properties, acidity of carboxylic acids, effects of substituents on acid strength. Preparation of carboxylic acids. Reactions of carboxylic acids. Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction. Reduction of carboxylic acids. Mechanism of decarboxylation. Structure, nomenclature and preparation of

acid chlorides, esters, amides and acid anhydrides. Relative stability of acyl derivatives. Physical properties, interconversion of acid derivatives by nucleophilic acyl substitution. Mechanisms of esterification and hydrolysis (acidic and basic). Infrared (IR) absorption spectroscopy: Molecular vibrations, Hooke's law, selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands, measurement of IR spectrum, fingerprint region, characteristic absorptions of various functional groups and interpretation of IR spectra of simple organic compounds. Applications of IR spectroscopy in structure elucidation of simple organic compounds. Amines: Structure and nomenclature of amines, physical properties. Separation of a mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features affecting basicity of amines. Preparation of alkyl and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds, nitriles, reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds. Gabriel- phthalimide reaction, Hofmann bromamide reaction. electrophilic aromatic substitution in aryl amines, reactions of amines with nitrous acid. Diazonium Salts: Mechanism of diazotisation, structure of benzene diazonium chloride, Replacement of diazo group by H, OH, F, Cl, Br, I, NO₂ and CN groups, reduction of diazonium salts to hydrazines, coupling reaction and its synthetic application. Nitro Compounds: Preparation of nitro alkanes and nitro arenes and their chemical reactions. Mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions in nitro arenes and their reductions in acidic, neutral and alkaline medium. Aldehydes and Ketones: Nomenclature and structure of the carbonyl group. Synthesis of aldehydes and ketones with particular reference to the synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, advantage of oxidation of alcohols with chromium trioxide (Sarett reagent) pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC) and pyridinium dichromate., Physical properties. Comparison of reactivities of aldehydes and ketones. Mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl group with particular emphasis on benzoin, aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensations. Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives. Wittig reaction. Mannich reaction. Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer–Villiger oxidation of ketones, Cannizzaro reaction. MPV, Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH₄ and NaBH reductions

(3 Marks)

Metal-ligand Bonding in Transition Metal Complexes Limitations of valence bond theory, an elementary idea of crystal-field theory, crystal field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, factors affecting the crystal-field parameters. Thermodynamic and Kinetic Aspects of Metal Complexes A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability, substitution reactions of square planar complexes of Pt(II). Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes Types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula. L-S coupling. Electron Spectra of Transition Metal Complexes: Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectrochemical series. Orgel-energy level diagram for d1 and d9 states, discussion of the electronic spectrum of [Ti(H₂O)₆]³⁺ complex ion. Organometallic Chemistry: Definition, nomenclature and classification of organometallic compounds. Preparation, properties, and bonding of alkyls of Li, Al, Hg, and Sn a brief account of metal-ethylenic complexes, mononuclear carbonyls and the nature of bonding in metal carbonyls. Acids and Bases, HSAB Concept: Arrhenius, Bronsted – Lowry, the Lux – Flood, Solvent system and Lewis concepts of acids & bases, relative strength of acids & bases, Concept of Hard and Soft Acids & Bases. Symbiosis, electronegativity and hardness and softness. Bioinorganic Chemistry: Essential and trace elements in biological processes, metalloporphyrins with special reference to haemoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to Ca²⁺ Nitrogen fixation. Silicones and Phosphazenes: Silicones and phosphazenes, their preparation, properties, structure and uses.

(5 Marks)

Quantum Mechanics-I: Black-body radiation, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, heat capacity of solids, Compton effect, wave function and its significance of Postulates of quantum mechanics, quantum mechanical operator, commutation relations, Hamiltonian operator, Hermitian operator, average value of square of Hermitian as a positive quantity, Role of operators in quantum mechanics, To show quantum mechanically that position and momentum cannot be predicated simultaneously, Determination of wave function & energy of a particle in one dimensional box, Pictorial representation and its significance. Physical Properties and Molecular Structure; Optical activity, polarization – (Clausius – Mossotti equation). Orientation of dipoles in an electric field, dipole moment, induced dipole moment, measurement of dipole moment-temperature method and refractivity method, dipole moment and structure of molecules, Magnetic permeability, magnetic susceptibility and its determination. Application of magnetic susceptibility, magnetic properties – paramagnetism, diamagnetism and ferromagnetics. Spectroscopy-I: Introduction : Electromagnetic radiation, regions of spectrum, basic features of spectroscopy, statement of Born- oppenheimer approximation, Degrees of freedom. Rotational Spectrum Diatomic molecules. Energy levels of rigid rotator (semi-classical principles), selection rules, spectral intensity distribution using population distribution (Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution), determination of bond length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotor, isotope effect. Spectroscopy-II: Vibrational spectrum Infrared spectrum: Energy levels of simple

harmonic oscillator, selection rules, pure vibrational spectrum, intensity, determination of force constant and qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, effects of anharmonic motion and isotopic effect on the spectra., idea of vibrational frequencies of different functional groups. Raman Spectrum: Concept of polarizability, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules, Quantum theory of Raman spectra. Spectroscopy-III: Electronic Spectrum Concept of potential energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals, qualitative description of selection rules and Franck- Condon principle. Qualitative description of sigma and pi and n molecular orbital (MO) their energy level and respective transitions. Photochemistry: Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry: Grotthus-Draper law, Stark- Einstein law (law of photochemical equivalence) Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield, photosensitized reactions-energy transfer processes (simple examples). Solutions: Dilute Solutions and Colligative Properties Ideal and non-ideal solutions, methods of expressing concentrations of solutions, activity and activity coefficient. Dilute solution, Colligative properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, molecular weight determination, Osmosis law of osmotic pressure and its measurement, determination of molecular weight from osmotic pressure. Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point, Thermodynamic derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for determining various colligative properties. Abnormal molar mass, degree of dissociation and association of solutes. Phase Equilibrium: Statement and meaning of the terms – phase component and degree of freedom, thermodynamic derivation of Gibbs phase rule, phase equilibria of one component system –Example – water and Sulphur systems. Phase equilibria of two component systems solid-liquid equilibria, simple eutectic Example Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead.

(4 Marks)

NMR Spectroscopy-I: Principle of nuclear magnetic resonance, the PMR spectrum, number of signals, peak areas, equivalent and nonequivalent protons positions of signals and chemical shift, shielding and deshielding of protons, proton counting, splitting of signals and coupling constants, magnetic equivalence of protons. NMR Spectroscopy-II: Discussion of PMR spectra of the molecules: ethyl bromide, n-propyl bromide, isopropyl bromide, 1,1-dibromoethane, 1,1,2-tribromoethane, ethanol, acetaldehyde, ethyl acetate, toluene, Benzaldehyde and acetophenone.. Simple problems on PMR spectroscopy for structure determination of organic compounds. Carbohydrates-I: Classification and nomenclature. Monosaccharides, mechanism of osazone formation, interconversion of glucose and fructose, chain lengthening and chain shortening of aldoses. Configuration of Monosaccharides. Erythro and threo diastereomers. Conversion of glucose into mannose. Formation of glycosides, ethers and esters. Determination of ring size of glucose and fructose. Open chain and cyclic structure of D(+)-glucose & D(-) fructose. Mechanism of mutarotation. Structures of ribose and deoxyribose. Carbohydrates-II: An introduction to disaccharides (maltose, sucrose and lactose) and polysaccharides (starch and cellulose) without involving structure determination. Organometallic Compounds: Organomagnesium compounds: the Grignard reagents-formation, structure and chemical reactions. Organozinc compounds: formation and chemical reactions. Organolithium compounds: formation and chemical reactions. Heterocyclic Compounds-I: Introduction: Molecular orbital picture and aromatic characteristics of pyrrole, furan, thiophene and pyridine. Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with particular emphasis on the mechanism of electrophilic substitution. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reactions in pyridine derivatives. Comparison of basicity of pyridine, piperidine and pyrrole. Heterocyclic Compounds-II: Introduction to condensed five and six- membered heterocycles. Preparation and reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline with special reference to Fisher indole synthesis, Skraup synthesis and Bischler-Napieralski synthesis. Mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions of, quinoline and isoquinoline. Organosulphur Compounds: Nomenclature, structural features, Methods of formation and chemical reactions of thiols, thioethers, sulphonic acids, sulphonamides and sulphaguanidine. Synthetic detergents alkyl and aryl sulphonates. Organic Synthesis via Enolates Acidity of α -hydrogens, alkylation of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate. Synthesis of ethyl acetoacetate: the Claisen condensation. Keto-enol tautomerism of ethyl acetoacetate. Synthetic Polymers: Addition or chain-growth polymerization. Free radical vinyl polymerization, ionic vinyl polymerization, Ziegler-Natta polymerization and vinyl polymers. Condensation or step growth polymerization. Polyesters, polyamides, phenol formaldehyde resins, urea formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes. Natural and synthetic rubbers. Amino Acids, Peptides & Proteins: Classification, of amino acids. Acid-base behavior, isoelectric point and electrophoresis. Preparation of D -amino acids. Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins. Classification

of proteins. Peptide structure determination, end group analysis, selective hydrolysis of peptides. Classical peptide synthesis, solid-phase peptide synthesis. Structures of peptides and proteins: Primary & Secondary structure.

(5 Marks)

SECTION-B (66 MARKS)

Bacteria: Structure, nutrition, reproduction and economic importance, Cyanobacteria: General characters; life-history of *Nostoc*. Algae: General characters, classification (upto classes) and economic importance; General account of algal blooms, Important features and life-history (excluding development) of *Volvox*, *Oedogonium* (Chlorophyceae), *Vaucheria* (Xanthophyceae), *Ectocarpus* (Phaeophyceae) and *Polysiphonia* (Rhodophyceae). Viruses: General account of Viruses including structure of TMV and Bacteriophages Fungi: General characters, classification (upto classes) and economic importance; General account of Lichens, Important features and life-history of *Phytophthora* (Mastigomycotina), *Mucor* (Zygomycotina), *Penicillium* (Ascomycotina), *Puccinia*, *Agaricus* (Basidiomycotina), *Colletotrichum* (Deuteromycotina).

(Marks 3)

The Cell Envelopes: Structure and functions of Cell Wall, Plasma Membrane: Fluid mosaic model, various modes of transport across the membrane, mechanism of active and passive transport, endocytosis and exocytosis. Ultrastructure of different cell organelles of animal and plant cells. Endoplasmic Reticulum: types, role of ER in protein synthesis and transportation in animal cell. Golgi complex: Structure, Associated enzymes and role of golgi-complex in animal cell. Ribosomes: Types, biogenesis and role in protein synthesis. Lysosomes: Structure, enzyme and their role; polymorphism, Peroxisomes and Vacuoles Mitochondria: Mitochondrial DNA; as semiautonomous body, biogenesis, mitochondrial enzymes (only names), role of mitochondria, Cytoskeleton: Microtubules, microfilaments, centriole and basal body. Cilia and Flagella Ultra-structure and function of Chloroplast, Nucleus and Nucleolus, Chromosome: Morphology, ultra-structure - kinetochore, centromere and telomere fine structure of chromosomes, nucleosome concept and role of histones, Euchromatin and heterochromatin, lampbrush chromosomes and polytene chromosomes. Cell Cycle: General account Cell Division: Mitosis and Meiosis - Stages and Significance Chromosomal aberrations: Structural and Numerical - deletions, duplications, translocations, inversions, aneuploidy, polyploidy, Sex chromosomes and Sex determination in Plants Brief account of causes of cancer. An elementary idea of cellular basis of Immunity.

(Marks 6)

Bryophyta- General characters, classification (upto classes), alternation of generations, evolution of sporophytes and economic importance, Structure and reproduction (excluding development) of *Marchantia* (Hepaticopsida), *Anthoceros* (Anthocerotopsida) and *Funaria* (Bryopsida). Pteridophyta-General characters, classification (upto classes), alternation of generations, heterospory, apospory, apogamy and economic importance; General account of stellar evolution, Structure and reproduction (excluding development) of *Rhynia* (Psilopsida), *Selaginella* (Lycopsida), *Equisetum* (Sphenopsida) and *Pteris* (Pteropsida).

(Marks 2)

Genetics: Elements of Heredity and variations. Genetic Inheritance: Mendelism: Laws of Segregation and Independent Assortment; Gene interactions: Allelic and non-allelic interactions. Linkage and recombination: Coupling and repulsion hypothesis, crossing-over and chiasma formation; gene mapping. Sex determination and its mechanism: male and female heterozygous systems, genetic balance system; role of Y -chromosome, male haploidy, cytoplasmic and environmental factors, role of hormones in sex determination. Sex linked inheritance: Haemophilia and colour blindness in man, eye colour in *Drosophila*, Non-disjunction of sex-chromosome in *Drosophila*; Sex-linked and sex influenced inheritance. Extra chromosomal and cytoplasmic inheritance: Kappa particles in Paramecium, Shell coiling in snails and Milk factor in mice, Presence and function of Mitochondrial and Plastid DNA; Plasmids. Multiple allelism: Eye colour in *Drosophila*; A, B, O blood groups in man. Genetic Material: Nature and function of genetic material; Structure and type of nucleic acids; DNA - the genetic material, DNA structure and replication, DNA-Protein interaction, The Nucleosome Model, Genetic Code, Satellite and Repetitive DNA. Protein synthesis. Genetic Variations: Mutations - spontaneous and induced; transposable genetic elements; gene mutations; chemical basis of mutations; transition, transversion, structural chromosomal aberrations (deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation); Numerical aberrations (autopolyploidy, euploidy and polyploidy in animals). DNA damage

and repair. Gene Expression: Modern concept of gene; RNA; Ribosomes; Transfer of genetic information - transcription and translation; Structure of proteins; Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Human genetics: Human karyotype, Chromosomal abnormalities involving autosomes and sex chromosomes, monozygotic and dizygotic twins. Inborn errors of metabolism (Alcaptonuria, Phenylketonuria, Albinism, sickle-cell anaemia). Applied genetics: Eugenics, eugenics and euphenics; genetic counseling, pre-natal diagnostics, DNA-finger printing, transgenic animals.

(Marks 6)

Phylum- Protozoa: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type study of *Plasmodium*; Parasitic protozoans: Life history, mode of infection and pathogenicity of *Entamoeba*, *Trypanosoma*, *Leishmania* and *Giardia*. Phylum- Porifera: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type study - *Sycon*., Canal system in sponges, Spicules in sponges, Phylum - Coelentrata: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity, economic importance, Type Study – *Obelia*, Corals and coral reefs, Polymorphism in Siphonophores, Phylum - Helminths: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity, economic importance, Type study - *Fasciola hepatica*, Helminths parasites: Brief account of life history, mode of infection and pathogenesis of *Schistosoma*, *Ancylostoma*, *Trichinella*, *Wuchereria* and *Oxyuris*, Phylum - Annelida: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance of Annelida, Type study - *Pheretima* (Earthworm), Metamerism in Annelida, Trochophore larva: Affinities, evolutionary significance, Phylum - Arthropoda: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance of insects, Type study – *Periplaneta*, Phylum - Mollusca: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type study – *Pila*, Torsion and detorsion in gastropoda, Respiration and foot, Phylum - Echinodermata: General characters and classification up to order level, Biodiversity and economic importance, Type Study -*Asterias* (Sea Star), Echinoderm larvae, Aristotle's Lantern, Phylum – Hemichordata, Type study: *Balanoglossus*.

(Marks 3)

General characters, origin and evolution of Gymnosperms, Geological Time Table; Evolution of Seed Habit, Pilger and Melchior's (1954) system of classification of Gymnosperms. Palaeobotany- Fossils and Fossilization (Process involved, types of fossils and importance of fossils); Reconstruction of the fossil plants: *Lyginopteris*, *Williamsonia*, *Cycadeoidea* (= *Bennettites*). Gymnosperms: Morphology and anatomy of root, stem, leaf/leaflet and reproductive parts including mode of reproduction, life-cycle and economic importance of *Cycas*, *Pinus* and *Ephedra* Economic importance of Gymnosperms. Angiosperms: General characters, origin and evolution. Taxonomy and Systematics, fundamental components of taxonomy (identification, classification, description, nomenclature and phylogeny), Role of chemotaxonomy, cytotoxicity and taxometrics in relation to taxonomy, Botanical Nomenclature, principles and rules, principle of priority, Keys to identification of plants. Type concept, taxonomic ranks, Salient features of the systems of classification of angiosperms proposed by Bentham & Hooker and Engler & Prantl, Floral Terms and Types of Inflorescence. Diversity of Flowering Plants: Diagnostic features and economic importance of the following families: Ranunculaceae, Brassicaceae, Malvaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Rutaceae, Fabaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Apiaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Lamiaceae, Solanaceae, Asteraceae, Liliaceae and Poaceae.

(Marks 5)

Tissues - meristematic and permanent (simple, complex and secretory) Tissue systems (Epidermal, ground and vascular), The Shoot system - shoot apical meristem and its histological organizations. Cambium - structure and functions. Secondary growth in dicot stem; characteristics of growth rings; sap wood and heart wood, periderm; Anomalous secondary growth (*Dracaena*, *Boerhaavia* and *Achyranthes*), Leaf: Types of leaves (simple and compound); phyllotaxy. Epidermis-uniseriate and uliseriate, epidermal appendages and their morphological types., Anatomy of typical Monocot and Dicot leaf and cell inclusions in leaves, leaf abscission, Stomatal apparatus and their morphological types, Root system: Root apical meristem; histological organization Secondary growth in dicot root, Structural modifications in roots: Storage (*Beta*), Respiratory (*Rhizophora*), Epiphytic (*Vanda*). Flower-a modified shoot, Microsporangium, its wall and dehiscence mechanism, Microsporogenesis, pollen grains and its structure (pollen wall). Pollen germination (microgametogenesis), Male gametophyte, Pollen-pistil interaction; self incompatibility, Pollination: types and agencies, Structure of Megasporangium (ovule), its curvatures; Megasporeogenesis and Megagametogenesis, Female gametophyte (mono, bi and tetrasporic), Double fertilization, Endosperm types and its biological importance. Embryogenesis in Dicot and Monocot; Polyembryony, Structure of Dicot and Monocot seed, Fruit types; Dispersal mechanisms in fruits and seeds.

(Marks 5)

Chordates: Principles of classification; Origin and Evolutionary tree; Role of amnion in evolution; Salient features of chordates; Functional morphology of the types with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required, General characters and classification of phyla upto orders with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required. Protochordates: Systematic position, distribution, ecology, morphology and affinities Urochordata: *Herdmania* – type study, Cephalochordata; *Amphioxus* – type study, General characters and classification of phyla upto orders with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required. Cyclostomes: Classification and ecological significance, Type study of *Petromyzon*, General characters and classification of all phyla upto orders with examples emphasizing their biodiversity, economic importance and conservation measures where required. Pisces: Scales & Fins, Parental care in fishes, fish migration. Types study of Labeo. Amphibia: Origin, Evolutionary tree. Type study of frog (*Rana tigrina*), Parental Care in Amphibia. Reptilia: Type study of Lizard (*Hemidactylus*), Origin, Evolutionary tree. Extinct reptiles; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes; Poison apparatus in snakes. Aves: Type study of Pigeon (*Columba livia*); Flight adaptation, Principles of aerodynamics in Bird flight, migration in birds. Mammals: Classification, type study of Rat; Adaptive radiations of mammals and dentition. Note: Type study includes detailed study of various systems of the animal.

(Marks 5)

Introduction, Classification, Structure, function and general properties of carbohydrates and lipids. Introduction, Classification, Structure, function and general properties of proteins; Nomenclature, Classification and mechanisms of enzyme action, Transport through biomembranes (Active and Passive), buffers. Nutrition: Nutritional components; Carbohydrates, fats, lipids, Vitamins and Minerals. Types of nutrition & feeding, Digestion of dietary constituents, viz. lipids, proteins, carbohydrates & nucleic acids; symbiotic digestion. Absorption of nutrients & assimilation; control of enzyme secretion. Muscles: Types of muscles, ultra-structure of skeletal muscle. Bio-chemical and physical events during muscle contraction; single muscle twitch, tetanus, muscle fatigue muscle, tone, oxygen debt., Cori's cycle, single unit smooth muscles, their physical and functional properties. Bones: Structure and types, classification, bone growth and resorption, effect of ageing on skeletal system and bone disorders. Circulation: Origin, conduction and regulation of heart beat, cardiac cycle, electrocardiogram, cardiac output, fluid pressure and flow pressure in closed and open circulatory system; Composition and functions of blood & lymph; Mechanism of coagulation of blood, coagulation factors; anticoagulants, haemopoiesis. Respiration: Exchange of respiratory gases, transport of gases, lung air volumes, oxygen dissociation curve of hemoglobin, Bohr's effect, Haburger's phenomenon (Chloride shift), control / regulation of respiration. Excretion: Patterns of excretory products viz. Amonotelic, ureotelic uricotelic, ornithine cycle (Kreb's– Henseleit cycle) for urea formation in liver. Excretion: Urine formation, counter-current mechanism of urine concentration, osmoregulation, micturition. Neural Integration: Nature, origin and propagation of nerve impulse along with medullated & non-medullated nerve fibre, conduction of nerve impulse across synapse. Chemical integration of Endocrinology: Structure and mechanism of hormone action; physiology of hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, pancreas and gonads. Reproduction: Spermatogenesis, Capacitation of spermatozoa, ovulation, formation of corpus luteum, oestrous-anoestrous cycle, Menstrual cycle in human; fertilization, implantation and gestation.

(Marks 5)

Plant-water relations: Importance of water to plant life; physical properties of water; imbibition, diffusion and osmosis; absorption and transport of water; transpiration; physiology of stomata. Mineral nutrition: Essential macro and micro elements and their role; mineral uptake; deficiency symptoms. Transport of organic substances: Mechanism of phloem transport; source-sink relationship; factors affecting translocation. Photosynthesis : significance; historical aspects; photosynthetic pigments; action spectra and enhancement effects; concept of two photosystems; Z-scheme; photo-phosphorylation; Calvin cycle; C4 pathway; CAM plants; photorespiration. Growth and development : Definitions; phases of growth and development; seed dormancy; plant movements; the concept of photoperiodism; physiology of flowering; florigen concept; physiology of senescence; fruit ripening; Plant hormones- auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, abscisic acid and ethylene, history of their discovery, mechanism of action; photo-morphogenesis; Phytochromes and their discovery, physiological role and mechanism of action.

(Marks 4)

Introduction to Ecology: Definition; scope and importance; levels of organization . Environment: Introduction; environmental factors- climatic (water, humidity, wind, light, temperature), edaphic (soil profile, physico-chemical properties), topographic and biotic factors (species interaction). Adaptations of plants to water stress and salinity (morphological and anatomical features of hydrophytes, xerophytes and halophytes). Population ecology: Basic concept; characteristics; biotic potential, growth curves; ecotypes and ecads. Community ecology: Concepts; characteristics (qualitative and quantitative-analytical and synthetic); methods of analysis; ecological succession. Ecosystem: Structure (components) and functions (trophic levels, food chains, food webs, ecological pyramids and energy flow). Biogeochemical cycles: Carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and hydrological cycle. Phyto-geography: Phyto- geographical regions of India; vegetation types of India (forests). Environmental pollution: Sources, types and control of air and water pollution. Global change: Greenhouse effect and greenhouse gases; impacts of global warming; carbon trading; Ozone layer depletion; Biomagnification. Population: Growth and regulation. Origin of life, Concept and evidences of organic evolution, Theories of organic evolution, Concept of microevolution and concept of species, Concept of macro-and mega-evolution, Phylogeny of horse, Evolution of man.

(Marks 5)

Basics of Enzymology: Discovery and nomenclature; characteristics of enzymes; concept of holoenzyme, apoenzyme, coenzyme and co-factors; regulation of enzyme activity; mechanism of action. Respiration: ATP – the biological energy currency; aerobic and anaerobic respiration; Krebs cycle; electron transport mechanism (chemiosmotic theory); redox -potential; oxidative phosphorylation; pentose phosphate pathway. Lipid metabolism: Structure and functions of lipids; fatty acid biosynthesis; β -oxidation; saturated and unsaturated fatty acids; storage and mobilization of fatty acids. Nitrogen metabolism: Biology of nitrogen fixation; importance of nitrate reductase and its regulation; ammonium assimilation. Genetic engineering and Biotechnology: Tools and techniques of recombinant DNA technology; cloning vectors; genomic and cDNA library; transposable elements; aspects of plant tissue culture; cellular totipotency, differentiation and morphogenesis; biology of *Agrobacterium*; vectors for gene delivery and marker genes. Transgenic plants & animals.

(Marks 5)

Historical perspectives, aims and scope of developmental biology, Generalized structure of mammalian ovum & sperm. Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis, Fertilization, parthenogenesis, different types of eggs and patterns of cleavage in invertebrates and vertebrates, Process of blastulation in invertebrates and vertebrates, Fate-map construction in frog and chick, Gastrulation in invertebrates and vertebrates, Gastrulation & formation of three germinal layers in frog and chick, Elementary knowledge of primary organizers, Extra embryonic membranes: structure & significance in birds and mammals, Concepts of competence, determination and differentiation, Concept of regeneration.

(Marks 4)

Vavilov's centres of origin of crop plants, Origin, distribution, botanical description, brief idea of cultivation and economic uses of the Food plants - cereals (rice, wheat and maize), pulses (gram, arhar and pea), vegetables (potato, tomato and onion). Origin, distribution, botanical description, brief idea of cultivation and economic uses of the Fibers- cotton, jute and flax, Oils- groundnut, mustard, sunflower and coconut. Morphological description, brief idea of cultivation and economic uses of the Spices- coriander, ferula, ginger, turmeric, cloves. Medicinal plants- *Cinchona*, *Rauwolfia*, *Atropa*, *Opium*, *Cannabis*, *Azadirachta*, *Withania*. Botanical description, processing and uses of: Beverages- tea and coffee; Rubber - *Hevea*; Sugar- sugarcane. General account and sources of timber; energy plantations and bio-fuels.

(Marks 4)

Introduction of world fisheries: Production, utilization and demand Fresh Water fishes of India: River system, reservoir, pond, tank fisheries; captive and culture fisheries, cold water fisheries, Fishing crafts and gears, Fin fishes, Crustaceans, Molluscs and their culture. Seed production: Natural seed resources – its assessment, collection, Hatchery production. Nutrition: Sources of food (Natural, Artificial) and feed composition (Calorie and Chemical ingredients). Field Culture: Ponds-running water, recycled water, cage, culture; poly culture. Culture technology: Biotechnology, gene manipulation and cryopreservation of gametes. Study of important insect pests of crops and vegetables: Sugarcane: Sugarcane leaf-hopper (*Pyrrilla perpusilla*), Sugarcane Whitefly (*Aleurolobus barodensis*), Sugarcane top borer (*Sciropophaga nivella*), Sugarcane root borer (*Emmalocera depressella*), Gurdaspur borer

(*Bissetia steniellus*) With their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Pyrilla perpusilla* only. Cotton: Pink bollworm (*Pectinophora gossypiella*), Red cotton bug (*Dysdercus Cingulatus*), Cotton grey weevil (*Myllocerus undecimpustulatus*), Cotton Jassid (*Amrasca devastans*), With their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Pectinophora gossypiella*. Wheat: Wheat stem borer (*Sesamia inferens*) with its systematic position, habits, nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control, Paddy: Gundhi bug (*Leptocorisa acuta*), Rice grasshopper (*Hieroglyphus banian*), Rice stem borer (*Scirpophaga incertullus*), Rice Hispa (*Diceladisa armigera*) With their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Leptocorisa acuta*, Vegetables *Raphidopalpa faveicollis* – The Red pumpkin beetle, *Dacus cucurbitas* – The pumpkin fruit fly. *Tetranychus tecarius* – The vegetable mite, *Epilachna* – The Hadda beetle, Their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Aulacophora faveicollis*. Stored grains: Pulse beetle (*Callosobruchus maculatus*), Rice weevil (*Sitophilus oryzae*), Wheat weevil (*Trogoderma granarium*), Rust Red Flour beetles (*Tribolium castaneum*), Lesser grain borer (*Rhizopertha dominica*), Grain & Flour moth (*Sitotroga cerealella*), Their systematic position, habits and nature of damage caused. Life cycle and control of *Trogoderma granarium*. Insect control: Biological control, its history, requirement and precautions and feasibility of biological agents for control, Chemical control: History, Categories of pesticides. Important pesticides from each category to pests against which they can be used. Insect repellants and attractants, Integrated pest management, Important bird and rodent pests of agriculture and their management.

(Marks 4)

SECTION-C (66 Marks)

Symmetric, Skew symmetric, Hermitian and skew Hermitian matrices. Elementary Operations on matrices. Rank of a matrices. Inverse of a matrix. Linear dependence and independence of rows and columns of matrices. Row rank and column rank of a matrix. Eigenvalues, eigenvectors and the characteristic equation of a matrix. Minimal polynomial of a matrix. Cayley Hamilton theorem and its use in finding the inverse of a matrix. Applications of matrices to a system of linear (both homogeneous and non-homogeneous) equations. Theoremson consistency of a system of linear equations. Unitary and Orthogonal Matrices, Bilinear and Quadratic forms. Relations between the roots and coefficients of general polynomial equation in one variable. Solutions of polynomial equations having conditions on roots. Common roots and multiple roots. Transformation of equations. Nature of the roots of an equation Descarte's rule of signs. Solutions of cubic equations (Cardon's method). Biquadratic equations and theirsolutions.

(2 Marks)

Definition of the limit of a function. Basic properties of limits, Continuous functions and classification of discontinuities. Differentiability. Successive differentiation. Leibnitz theorem. Maclaurin and Taylor series expansions. Asymptotes in Cartesian coordinates, intersection of curve and its asymptotes, asymptotes in polar coordinates. Curvature, radius of curvature for Cartesian curves, parametric curves, polar curves. Newton's method. Radius of curvature for pedal curves. Tangential polar equations. Centre of curvature. Circle of curvature. Chord of curvature, evolutes. Tests for concavity and convexity. Points of inflexion. Multiplepoints. Cusps, nodes & conjugate points. Type of cusps. Tracing of curves in Cartesian, parametric and polar co-ordinates. Reduction formulae. Rectification, intrinsic equations of curve. Quardrature (area)Sectorial area. Area bounded by closed curves. Volumes and surfaces of solids of revolution. Theorems of Pappu's and Guilden.

(2 Marks)

General equation of second degree. Tracing of conics. Tangent at any point to the conic, chord of contact, pole of line to the conic, director circle of conic. Systemof conics. Confocal conics. Polar equation of a conic, tangent and normal to the conic. Sphere:Plane section of a sphere. Sphere through a given circle. Intersection of two spheres, radical plane of two spheres. Co-oxal system of spheres. Cones. Right circular cone, enveloping cone and reciprocal cone. Cylinder: Right circular cylinder and enveloping cylinder. Central Conicoids: Equation of tangent plane. Director sphere. Normal to the conicoids. Polar plane of a point. Enveloping cone of a coincoind. Enveloping cylinder of a coincoind. Paraboloids: Circular section, Plane sections of coincoinds. Generating lines. Confocal coincoind. Reduction of second degree equations.

(1 Marks)

Divisibility, G.C.D.(greatest common divisors), L.C.M.(least common multiple). Primes, Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic. Linear Congruences, Fermat's theorem. Wilson's theorem and its converse. Linear Diophantine

equations in two variables. Complete residue system and reduced residue system modulo m . Euler's ϕ function Euler's generalization of Fermat's theorem. Chinese Remainder Theorem. Quadratic residues. Legendre symbols. Lemma of Gauss; Gauss reciprocity law. Greatest integer function $[x]$. The number of divisors and the sum of divisors of a natural number n (The functions $d(n)$ and $\sigma(n)$). Mobius function and Mobius inversion formula. De Moivre's Theorem and its Applications. Expansion of trigonometrical functions. Direct circular and hyperbolic functions and their properties. Inverse circular and hyperbolic functions and their properties. Logarithm of a complex quantity. Gregory's series. Summation of Trigonometry series.

(2 Marks)

Geometrical meaning of a differential equation. Exact differential equations, integrating factors. First order higher degree equations solvable for x, y, p Lagrange's equations, Clairaut's equations. Equation reducible to Clairaut's form. Singular solutions. Orthogonal trajectories: in Cartesian coordinates and polar coordinates. Self orthogonal family of curves.. Linear differential equations with constant coefficients. Homogeneous linear ordinary differential equations. Equations reducible to homogeneous linear ordinary differential equations. Linear differential equations of second order: Reduction to normal form. Transformation of the equation by changing the dependent variable/ the independent variable. Solution by operators of non-homogeneous linear differential equations. Reduction of order of a differential equation. Method of variations of parameters. Method of undetermined coefficients. Total differential equations. Condition for $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$ to be exact. General method of solving $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$ by taking one variable constant. Method of auxiliary equations.

(2 Marks)

Scalar and vector product of three vectors, product of four vectors. Reciprocal vectors. Vector differentiation. Scalar Valued point functions, vector valued point functions, derivative along a curve, directional derivatives. Gradient of a scalar point function, geometrical interpretation of grad ϕ , character of gradient as a point function. Divergence and curl of vector point function, characters of Div and Curl as point function, examples. Gradient, divergence and curl of sums and product and their related vector identities. Laplacian operator. Orthogonal curvilinear coordinates Conditions for orthogonality fundamental triad of mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Gradient, Divergence, Curl and Laplacian operators in terms of orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Cylindrical co-ordinates and Spherical co-ordinates. Vector integration; Line integral, Surface integral, Volume integral. Theorems of Gauss, Green & Stokes and problems based on these theorems.

(1 Marks)

Continuity, Sequential Continuity, properties of continuous functions, Uniform continuity, chain rule of differentiability. Mean value theorems; Rolle's Theorem and Lagrange's mean value theorem and their geometrical interpretations. Taylor's Theorem with various forms of remainders, Darboux intermediate value theorem for derivatives, Indeterminate forms. Limit and continuity of real valued functions of two variables. Partial differentiation. Total Differentials; Composite functions & implicit functions. Change of variables. Homogenous functions & Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions. Taylor's theorem for functions of two variables. Differentiability of real valued functions of two variables. Schwarz and Young's theorem. Implicit function theorem. Maxima, Minima and saddle points of two variables. Lagrange's method of multipliers. Curves: Tangents, Principal normals, Binormals, Serret-Frenet formulae. Locus of the centre of curvature, Spherical curvature, Locus of centre of Spherical curvature, Involutives, evolutes, Bertrand Curves. Surfaces: Tangent planes, one parameter family of surfaces, Envelopes.

(2 Marks)

Partial differential equations: Formation, order and degree, Linear and Non-Linear Partial differential equations of the first order: Complete solution, singular solution, General solution, Solution of Lagrange's linear equations, Charpit's general method of solution. Compatible systems of first order equations, Jacobi's method. Linear partial differential equations of second and higher orders, Linear and non-linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations with constant coefficients, Partial differential equation with variable coefficients reducible to equations with constant coefficients, their complimentary functions and particular Integrals, Equations reducible to linear equations with constant coefficients. Classification of linear partial differential equations of second order, Hyperbolic, parabolic and elliptic types, Reduction of second order linear partial differential equations to Canonical (Normal) forms and their solutions, Solution of linear hyperbolic equations, Monge's method for partial differential equations of second order. Cauchy's problem for second order partial differential equations, Characteristic equations and characteristic curves of second order partial differential equation, Method of separation of variables: Solution of

Laplace's equation, Wave equation (one and two dimensions), Diffusion (Heat) equation (one and two dimension) in Cartesian Co-ordinate system.

(2 Marks)

Statics: Composition and resolution of forces. Parallel forces. Moments and Couples. Analytical conditions of equilibrium of coplanar forces. Friction. Centre of Gravity. Virtual work. Forces in three dimensions. Poinsot's central axis. Wrenches. Null lines and planes. Stable and unstable equilibrium.

(1 Marks)

Boundedness of the set of real numbers; least upper bound, greatest lower bound of a set, neighborhoods, interior points, isolated points, limit points, open sets, closed set, interior of a set, closure of a set in real numbers and their properties. Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem, Open covers, Compact sets and Heine-Borel Theorem. Sequence: Real Sequences and their convergence, Theorem on limits of sequence, Bounded and monotonic sequences, Cauchy's sequence, Cauchy general principle of convergence, Subsequences, Subsequential limits. Infinite series: Convergence and divergence of Infinite Series, Comparison Tests of positive terms Infinite series, Cauchy's general principle of Convergence of series, Convergence and divergence of geometric series, Hyper Harmonic series or p-series. Infinite series: D'Alembert's ratio test, Raabe's test, Logarithmic test, de Morgan and Bertrand's test, Cauchy's Nth root test, Gauss Test, Cauchy's integral test, Cauchy's condensation test. Alternating series, Leibnitz's test, absolute and conditional convergence, Arbitrary series: Abel's lemma, Abel's test, Dirichlet's test, Insertion and removal of parenthesis, re-arrangement of terms in a series, Dirichlet's theorem, Riemann's Re-arrangement theorem, Pringsheim's theorem (statement only), Multiplication of series, Cauchy product of series, (definitions and examples only) Convergence and absolute convergence of infinite products.

(2 Marks)

Series solution of differential equations— Power series method, Definitions of Beta and Gamma functions. Bessel equation and its solution: Bessel functions and their properties—Convergence, recurrence, Relations and generating functions, Orthogonality of Bessel functions. Legendre and Hermite differential equations and their solutions: Legendre and Hermite functions and their properties—Recurrence Relations and generating functions. Orthogonality of Legendre and Hermite polynomials. Rodrigues' Formula for Legendre & Hermite Polynomials, Laplace Integral Representation of Legendre polynomial. Laplace Transforms – Existence theorem for Laplace transforms, Linearity of the Laplace transforms, Shifting theorems, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, Differentiation and integration of Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, Inverse Laplace transforms, convolution theorem, Inverse Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, solution of ordinary differential equations using Laplace transform. Fourier transforms: Linearity property, Shifting, Modulation, Convolution Theorem, Fourier Transform of Derivatives, Relations between Fourier transform and Laplace transform, Parseval's identity for Fourier transforms, solution of differential Equations using Fourier Transforms.

(2 Marks)

Programming in C: Programmer's model of a computer, Algorithms, Flow charts, Data types, Operators and expressions, Input / outputs functions. Decisions control structure: Decision statements, Logical and conditional statements, Implementation of Loops, Switch Statement & Case control structures. Functions, Preprocessors and Arrays. Strings: Character Data Type, Standard String handling Functions, Arithmetic Operations on Characters. Structures: Definition, using Structures, use of Structures in Arrays and Arrays in Structures. Pointers: Pointers Data type, Pointers and Arrays, Pointers and Functions.

(1 Marks)

Riemann integral, Integrability of continuous and monotonic functions, The Fundamental theorem of integral calculus. Mean value theorems of integral calculus. Improper integrals and their convergence, Comparison tests, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests, Frullani's integral, Integral as a function of a parameter. Continuity, Differentiability and integrability of an integral of a function of a parameter. Definition and examples of metric spaces, neighborhoods, limit points, interior points, open and closed sets, closure and interior, boundary points, subspace of a metric space, equivalent metrics, Cauchy sequences, completeness, Cantor's intersection theorem, Baire's category theorem, contraction Principle. Continuous functions, uniform continuity, compactness for metric spaces, sequential compactness, Bolzano-Weierstrass property, total boundedness, finite intersection property, continuity in relation with compactness, connectedness, components, continuity in relation with connectedness.

(2 Marks)

Definition of a group with example and simple properties of groups, Subgroups and Subgroup criteria, Generation of groups, cyclic groups, Cosets, Left and right cosets, Index of a sub-group Coset decomposition, Lagrange's theorem and its consequences, Normal subgroups, Quotient groups. Homomorphism, isomorphism, automorphism and inner automorphism of a group. Automorphism of cyclic groups, Permutations groups. Even and odd permutations. Alternating groups, Cayley's theorem, Center of a group and derived group of a group. Introduction to rings, subrings, integral domains and fields, Characteristics of a ring. Ring homomorphisms, ideals (principle, prime and Maximal) and Quotient rings, Field of quotients of an integral domain. Euclidean rings, Polynomial rings, Polynomials over the rational field, The Eisenstein's criterion, Polynomial rings over commutative rings, Unique factorization domain, R unique factorization domain implies so is $R[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]$

(2 Marks)

Dynamics: Velocity and acceleration along radial, transverse, tangential and normal directions. Relative velocity and acceleration. Simple harmonic motion. Elastic strings. Mass, Momentum and Force. Newton's laws of motion. Work, Power and Energy. Definitions of Conservative forces and Impulsive forces. Motion on smooth and rough plane curves. Projectile motion of a particle in a plane. Vector angular velocity. General motion of a rigid body. Central Orbits, Kepler laws of motion. Motion of a particle in three dimensions. Acceleration in terms of different co-ordinate systems.

(2 Marks)

Jacobians, Beta and Gamma functions, Double and Triple integrals, Dirichlet's integrals, change of order of integration in double integrals. Fourier's series: Fourier expansion of piecewise monotonic functions, Properties of Fourier Coefficients, Dirichlet's conditions, Parseval's identity for Fourier series, Fourier series for even and odd functions, Half range series, Change of Intervals. Extended Complex Plane, Stereographic projection of complex numbers, continuity and differentiability of complex functions, Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations. Harmonic functions. Mappings by elementary functions: Translation, rotation, Magnification and Inversion. Conformal Mappings, Mobius transformations. Fixed points, Cross ratio, Inverse Points and critical mappings.

(2 Marks)

Vector spaces, subspaces, Sum and Direct sum of subspaces, Linear span, Linearly Independent and dependent subsets of a vector space. Finitely generated vector space, Existence theorem for basis of a finitely generated vector space, Finite dimensional vector spaces, Invariance of the number of elements of bases sets, Dimensions, Quotient space and its dimension. Homomorphism and isomorphism of vector spaces, Linear transformations and linear forms on vector spaces, Vector space of all the linear transformations Dual Spaces, Bidual spaces, annihilator of subspaces of finite dimensional vector spaces, Null Space, Range space of a linear transformation, Rank and Nullity Theorem. Algebra of Linear Transformation, Minimal Polynomial of a linear transformation, Singular and non-singular linear transformations, Matrix of a linear Transformation, Change of basis, Eigen values and Eigen vectors of linear transformations. Inner product spaces, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Orthogonal vectors, Orthogonal complements, Orthogonal sets and Basis, Bessel's inequality for finite dimensional vector spaces, Gram-Schmidt, Orthogonalization process, Adjoint of a linear transformation and its properties, Unitary linear transformations.

(2 Marks)

Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations: Bisection method, Regula-Falsi method, Secant method, Newton-Raphson's method. Newton's iterative method for finding n th root of a number, Order of convergence of above methods. Simultaneous linear algebraic equations: Gauss-elimination method, Gauss-Jordan method, Triangularization method (LU decomposition method). Crout's method, Cholesky Decomposition method. Iterative method, Jacobi's method, Gauss-Seidel's method, Relaxation method. Finite Differences operators and their relations. Finding the missing terms and effect of error in a difference tabular values, Interpolation with equal intervals: Newton's forward and Newton's backward interpolation formulae. Interpolation with unequal intervals: Newton's divided difference, Lagrange's Interpolation formulae, Hermite Formula. Central Differences: Gauss forward and Gauss's backward interpolation formulae, Sterling, Bessel Formula. Probability distribution of random variables, Binomial distribution, Poisson's distribution, Normal distribution: Mean, Variance and Fitting. Numerical Differentiation: Derivative of a function using interpolation formulae. Eigen Value Problems: Power method, Jacobi's method, Given's method, House-Holder's method, QR method, Lanczos method. Numerical Integration: Newton-Cotes's Quadrature formula, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third and three-eighths rule,

Chebyshev formula, Gauss Quadrature formula. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: Single step methods-Picard's method. Taylor's series method, Euler's method, Runge-Kutta Methods. Multiple step methods; Predictor-corrector method, Modified Euler's method, Milne-Simpson's method.

(3 Marks)

Mechanics of single and system of particles, conservation of laws of linear momentum, angular momentum and mechanical energy, Centre of mass and equation of motion, constrained motion, degrees of freedom. Generalised coordinates, displacement, velocity, acceleration, momentum, force and potential. Hamilton's variational principle, Lagrange's equation of motion from Hamilton's Principle. Linear Harmonic oscillator, simple pendulum, Atwood's machine. Rotation of Rigid body, moment of inertia, torque, angular momentum, kinetic energy of rotation. Theorems of perpendicular and parallel axes with proof. Moment of inertia of solid sphere, hollow sphere, spherical shell, solid cylinder, hollow cylinder and solid bar of rectangular cross-section. Acceleration of a body rolling down on an inclined plane.

(2 Marks)

Mathematical Background : Scalars and Vectors, dot and cross product, Triple vector product, Scalar and Vector fields, Differentiation of a vector, Gradient of a scalar and its physical significance, Integration of a vector (line, surface and volume integral and their physical significance), Gauss's divergence theorem and Stokes theorem. Electrostatic Field : Derivation of field E from potential as gradient, derivation of Laplace and Poisson equations. Electric flux, Gauss's Law and its application to spherical shell, uniformly charged infinite plane and uniformly charged straight wire, mechanical force of charged surface, Energy per unit volume. Magnetostatics : Magnetic Induction, magnetic flux, solenoidal nature of Vector field of induction. Properties of B (i) $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$ (ii) $\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J}$. Electronic theory of dia and para magnetism (Langevin's theory). Domain theory of ferromagnetism. Cycle of Magnetisation - Hysteresis (Energy dissipation, Hysteresis loss and importance of Hysteresis curve). Electromagnetic Theory : Maxwell equation and their derivations, Displacement Current. Vector and scalar potentials, boundary conditions at interface between two different media, Propagation of electromagnetic wave (Basic idea, no derivation). Poynting vector and Poynting theorem.

(2 Marks)

Properties of Matter (Elasticity) : Elasticity, Hooke's law, Elastic constants and their relations, Poisson's ratio, torsion of cylinder and twisting couple. Bending of beam (bending moment and its magnitude) cantilevers, Centrally loaded beam. Kinetic Theory of Gases : Assumptions of Kinetic Theory of gases, Law of equipartition of energy and its applications for specific heats of gases. Maxwell distribution of speeds and velocities (derivation required), Experimental verification of Maxwell's Law of speed distribution : most probable speed, average and r.m.s. speed, mean free path. Transport of energy and momentum, diffusion of gases. Brownian motion (qualitative), Real gases, Van der Waal's equation. Theory of Relativity : Reference systems, inertial frames, Gallilean invariance and Conservation laws, Newtonian relativity principle, Michelson - Morley experiment : Search for ether. Lorentz transformations length contraction, time dilation, velocity addition theorem, variation of mass with velocity and mass energy equivalence.

(3 Marks)

Electromagnetic Induction : Growth and decay of current in a circuit with (a) Capacitance and resistance (b) resistance and inductance (c) Capacitance and inductance (d) Capacitance resistance and inductance. AC circuit analysis using complex variables with (a) capacitance and resistance, (b) resistance and inductance (c) capacitance and inductance (d) capacitance, inductance and resistance Series and parallel resonant circuit. Quality factor (Sharpness of resonance). Semiconductor Diodes : Energy bands in solids. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor, Hall effect, P-N junction diode and their V-I characteristics. Zener and avalanche breakdown. Resistance of a diode, Light Emitting diodes (LED). Photo conduction in semiconductors, photodiode, Solar Cell. Diode Rectifiers : P-N junction half wave and full wave rectifier. Types of filter circuits (L and - with theory). Zener diode as voltage regulator, simple regulated power supply. Transistors : Junction Transistors, Bipolar transistors, working of NPN and PNP transistors, Transistor connections (C-B, C-E, C-C mode), constants of transistor. Transistor characteristic curves (excluding h parameter analysis), advantage of C-B configuration. C.R. O. (Principle, construction and working in detail). Transistor Amplifiers : Transistor biasing, methods of Transistor biasing and stabilization. D.C. load line. Common-base and common-emitter transistor biasing. Common-base, common-emitter amplifiers. Classification of amplifiers. Resistance-capacitance (R-C) coupled amplifier (two stage; concept of band width, no derivation). Feed-back in amplifiers, advantage of negative feedback Emitter follower. Oscillators : Oscillators,

Principle of Oscillation, Classification of Oscillator. Condition for self sustained oscillation : Barkhausen Criterion for oscillations. Tuned collector common emitter oscillator. Hartley oscillator. Colpitt's oscillator.

(3 Marks)

Computer Programming: Computer organisation, Binary representation, Algorithm development, flow charts and their interpretation. Fortran Preliminaries; Integer and floating point arithmetic expression, built in functions executable and non-executable statements, input and output statements, Formats, I.F. DO and GO TO statements, Dimension arrays statement function and function subprogram. Thermodynamics-I : Second law of thermodynamics, Carnot theorem, Absolute scale of temperature, Absolute Zero, Entropy, show that $dQ/T=O$, T-S diagram Nernst heat law, Joule's free expansion, Joule Thomson (Porous plug) experiment. Joule - Thomson effect. Liquefaction of gases. Air pollution due to internal combustion Engine. Thermodynamics-II : Derivation of Clausius - Claperyon latent heat equation. Phase diagram and triple point of a substance. Development of Maxwell thermodynamical relations. Application of Maxwell relations in the derivation of relations between entropy, specific heats and thermodynamic variables. Thermodynamic functions : Internal energy (U), Helmholtz function (F), Enthalpy (H), Gibbs function (G) and the relations between them.

(2 Marks)

Fourier Analysis and Fourier Transforms : Speed of transverse waves on a uniform string. Speed of longitudinal waves in a fluid, superposition of waves (physical idea), Fourier Analysis of complex waves and its application for the solution of triangular and rectangular waves, half and full wave rectifier out puts. Fourier transforms and its properties. Application of fourier transform to following:
function.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(I)} \quad & f(x) = e^{-x^2/2} \\ \text{(II)} \quad & f(x) = 1 \quad [x] < a \\ & = 0 \quad [x] > a \end{aligned}$$

Geometrical Optics : Matrix methods in paraxial optics, effects of translation and refraction, derivation of thin lens and thick lens formulae, unit plane, nodal planes, system of thin lenses, Chromatic, spherical coma, astigmatism and distortion aberrations and their remedies. Interference : Interference by Division of Wavefront : Fresnel's Biprism and its applications to determination of wave length of sodium light and thickness of a mica sheet, Lloyd's mirror, phase change on reflection.

(2 Marks)

Probability, some probability considerations, combinations possessing maximum probability, combinations possessing minimum probability, distribution of molecules in two boxes. Case with weightage (general). Phase space, microstates and macrostates, statistical fluctuations constraints and accessible States Thermodynamical probability. Postulates of Statistical Physics. Division of Phase space into cells, Condition of equilibrium between two system in thermal contact. b-Parameter. Entropy and Probability, Boltzman's distribution law. Evaluation of A and b. Bose-Einstein statistics, Application of B.E. Statistics to Planck's radiation law, B.E. gas. Fermi-Dirac statistics, M.B. Law as limiting case of B.E. Degeneracy and B.E., Condensation. F.D. Gas, electron gas in metals. Zero point energy. Specific heat of metals and its solution.

(3 Marks)

Interference by Division of Amplitude : Colour of thin, films, wedge shaped film, Newton's rings. Interferometers: Michelson's interferometer and its application to (I) Standardisation of a meter (II) determination of wave length. Fresnel's Diffraction : Fresnel's half period zones, zone plate, diffraction at a straight edge, rectangular slit and circular aperture. Fraunhofer diffraction : One slit diffraction, Two slit diffraction N-slit diffraction, Plane transmission grating spectrum, Dispersive power of a grating, Limit of resolution, Rayleigh's criterion, resolving power of telescope and a grating. Polarization : Polarisation and Double Refraction : Polarisation by reflection, Polarisation by scattering, Malus law, Phenomenon of double refraction, Huytgen's wave theory of double refraction (Normal and oblique incidence), Analysis of Polarised light : Nicol prism, Quarter wave plate and half wave plate, production and detection of (i) Plane polarized light (ii) Circularly polarized light and (iii) Elliptically polarized light, Optical activity, Fresnel's theory of rotation, Specific rotation, Polarimeters (half shade and Biquartz).

(3 Marks)

Crystalline and glassy forms, liquid crystals. Crystal structure, periodicity, lattice and basis, crystal translational vectors and axes. Unit cell and primitive cell, Wigner Seitz primitive Cell, symmetry operations for a two dimensional crystal, Bravais lattices in two and three dimensions. Crystal planes and Miller indices, Interplanar spacing, Crystal structures of Zinc sulphide, Sodium Chloride and diamond, X-ray diffraction, Bragg's Law and experimental x -ray diffraction methods, K-space. Reciprocal lattice and its physical significance, reciprocal lattice vectors, reciprocal lattice to a simple cubic lattice, b.c.c and f.c.c. Specific heat : Specific heat of solids, Einstein's theory of specific heat, Debye model of specific heat of solids.

(4 Marks)

Failure of (Classical) E.M. Theory. quantum theory of radiation (old quantum theory), Photon, photoelectric effect and Einstein's photoelectric equation Compton effect (theory and result). Inadequacy of old quantum theory, de-Broglie hypothesis. Davisson and Germer experiment. G.P. Thomson experiment. Phase velocity group velocity, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Time-energy and angular momentum, position uncertainty Uncertainty principle from de-Broglie wave, (wave-particle duality). Gamma Ray Microscope, Electron diffraction from a slit. Derivation of time dependent Schrodinger wave equation, eigen values, eigen functions, wave functions and its significance. Normalization of wave function, concept of observable and operator. Solution of Schrodinger equation for harmonic oscillator ground states and excited states. Application of Schrodinger equation in the solution of the following one-dimensional problems : Free particle in one dimensional box (solution of Schrodinger wave equation, eigen function, eigen values, quantization of energy and momentum, nodes and antinodes, zero point energy). i) One-dimensional potential barrier $E > V_0$ (Reflection and Transmission coefficient. ii) One-dimensional potential barrier, $E > V_0$ (Reflection Coefficient, penetration of leakage coefficient, penetration depth).

(3 Marks)

Vector atom model, quantum numbers associated with vector atom model, penetrating and non-penetrating orbits (qualitative description), spectral lines in different series of alkali spectra, spin orbit interaction and doublet term separation LS or Russell-Saunders Coupling jj coupling (expressions for interaction energies for LS and jj coupling required). Zeeman effect (normal and anomalous) Zeeman pattern of D 1 and D2 lines of Na-atom, Paschen, Back effect of a single valence electron system. Weak field Stark effect of Hydrogen atom. Discrete set of electronic energies of molecules. quantisation of vibrational and rotational energies Raman effect (Quantitative description) Stokes and anti Stokes lines. Main features of a laser : Directionality, high intensity, high degree of coherence, spatial and temporal coherence, Einstein's coefficients and possibility of amplification, momentum transfer, life time of a level, kinetics of optical absorption. Threshold condition for laser emission, Laser pumping, He-Ne laser and RUBY laser (Principle, Construction and Working). Applications of laser in the field of medicine and industry.

(3 Marks)

Nuclear mass and binding energy, systematics nuclear binding energy, nuclear stability, Nuclear size, spin, parity, statistics magnetic dipole moment, quadrupole moment (shape concept), Determination of mass by Bain-Bridge, Bain-Bridge and Jordan mass spectrograph, Determination of charge by Mosley law Determination of size of nuclei by Rutherford Back Scattering. Interaction of heavy charged particles (Alpha particles), alpha disintegration and its theory. Energy loss of heavy charged particle (idea of Bethe formula, no derivation), Energetics of alpha -decay, Range and straggling of alpha particles. Geiger-Nuttall law. Introduction of light charged particle (Beta-particle), Origin of continuous beta-spectrum (neutrino hypothesis) types of beta decay and energetics of beta decay, Energy loss of beta- particles (ionization), Range of electrons, absorption of beta-particles. Interaction of Gamma Ray, Nature of gamma rays, Energetics of gamma rays, passage of Gamma radiations through matter (photoelectric, Compton and pair production effect) electron positron annihilation. Absorption of Gamma rays (Mass attenuation coefficient) and its application. Nuclear reactions, Elastic scattering, Inelastic scattering, Nuclear disintegration, photonuclear reaction, Radiative capture, Direct reaction, heavy ion reactions and spallation Reactions, conservation laws. Q-value and reaction threshold. Nuclear Reactors General aspects of Reactor design. Nuclear fission and fusion reactors (Principles, construction, working and use) Linear accelerator, Tandem accelerator, Cyclotron and Betatron accelerators. Ionization chamber, proportional counter, G.M. counter detailed study, scintillation counter and semiconductor detector.

(3 Marks)

(C) Pharmaceutical Sciences

Syllabus for the Entrance Examination for Centralized admissions in M. Pharmacy

Note :

1. The question paper will be of 100 marks.
2. Each subject of Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmacology and Pharmacognosy will have equal weightage of 25 marks.

PHARMACEUTICS (25 Marks)

Introduction to Physical pharmacy; Matter, Properties of Matter:

State of matter, change in the state of matter, latent heats and vapor pressure, sublimation-critical point, Eutectic mixtures, gases, aerosols-inhalers, relative humidity, liquid. complexes, liquid crystals, glassy state, solids- crystalline, amorphous and polymorphism.

Micromeritics and Powder Rheology:

Particle size and distribution, average particle size, number and weight distribution, particle number, methods for determining particle volume, methods of determining particle size- optical microscopy, sieving, sedimentation; measurements of particle shape, specific surface area; methods for determining surface area; permeability, adsorption, derived properties of powders, porosity, packing arrangement, densities, bulkiness & flow properties.

Surface and Interfacial Phenomenon:

Liquid interface, surface and interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface and interfacial tensions, spreading coefficient, adsorption at liquid interfaces, surface active agents, HLB classification, solubilization, detergency, adsorption at solid interfaces, solid-gas and solid-liquid interfaces, complex films, electrical properties of interface.

Viscosity and Rheology:

Newtonian systems, Law of flow, kinematic viscosity, effect of temperature; non-Newtonian systems: pseudoplastic, dilatant, plastic; thixotropy, thixotropy in formulation, negative thixotropy, determination of viscosity, capillary, falling ball, rotational viscometers.

Dispersion Systems:

Colloidal dispersions: Definition, types, properties of colloids, protective colloids, applications of colloids in pharmacy; Suspensions and Emulsions: Interfacial properties of suspended particles, settling in suspensions, theory of sedimentation, effect of Brownian motion, sedimentation of flocculated particles, sedimentation parameters, wetting of particles, controlled flocculation, flocculation in structured vehicles, rheological considerations; Emulsions-types, theories, physical stability.

Complexation:

Classification of complexes, methods of preparation and analysis, applications.

Kinetics and Drug Stability:

General considerations & concepts, half-life determination, Influence of temperature, light, solvent, catalytic species and other factors, Accelerated stability study, expiration dating.

Importance of microbiology in pharmacy; Structure of bacterial cell; Classification of microbes and their taxonomy:

Actinomycetes, bacteria, rickettsiae, spirochetes and viruses;

Identification of Microbes:

Stains and types of staining techniques, electron microscopy; Nutrition, cultivation, isolation of bacteria, actinomycetes, fungi, viruses, etc; Microbial genetics and variation;

Control of microbes by physical and chemical methods:

Disinfection, factors influencing disinfectants, dynamics of disinfection, disinfectants and antiseptics and their evaluation;

Sterilization:

different methods, validation of sterilization methods & equipments; Sterility testing of all pharmaceutical products. Microbial assays of antibiotics, vitamins & amino acids.

Immunology and Immunological Preparations:

Principles, antigens and heptans, immune system, cellular/humoral immunity, immunological tolerance, antigen-antibody reactions and their applications. Hypersensitivity, active and passive immunization. Vaccines and sera: their preparation, standardization and storage.

Genetic Recombination:

Transformation, conjugation, transduction, protoplast fusion and gene cloning and their applications. Development of hybridoma for monoclonal antibodies. Study of drugs produced by biotechnology such as Activase, Humulin, Humatrope, HB etc;

Antibiotics:

Historical development of antibiotics. Antimicrobial spectrum and methods used for their standardization. Screening of soil for organisms producing antibiotics, fermenter, its design, control of different parameters. Isolation of mutants, factors influencing rate of mutation. Design of fermentation process. Isolation of fermentation products with special reference to penicillins, streptomycins tetracyclines and vitamin B12.

Introduction to pharmaceutical jurisprudence & ethics :

Pharmaceutical Legislations - A brief review; Drugs & Pharmaceutical Industry - A brief review; Pharmaceutical Education - A brief review;

An elaborate study of the followings:

Pharmaceutical Ethics; Pharmacy Act 1948; Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945; Medicinal & Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act 1955; Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act 1985 & Rules; Drugs Price Control Order;

A brief study of the following Acts with special reference to the main provisions and the latest amendments:

Poisons Act 1919; Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act 1954; Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act 1970 & Rules 1975; Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1960; States Shops & Establishments Act & Rules; Insecticides Act 1968; AICTE Act 1987; Factories Act 1948; Minimum Wages Act 1948; Patents Act 1970. A brief study of the various Prescription/Non-prescription Products. Medical/Surgical accessories, diagnostic aids, appliances available in the market.

Introduction to dispensing and community pharmacy; Prescription:

Handling of prescription, source of errors in prescription, care required in dispensing procedures including labeling of dispensed products. General dispensing procedures including labeling of dispensed products; Pharmaceutical calculations: Posology, calculation of doses for infants, adults and elderly patients; Enlarging and reducing recipes percentage solutions, alligation, alcohol dilution, proof spirit, isotonic solutions, displacement value etc;

Principles involved and procedures adopted in dispensing of :

Typical prescriptions like mixtures, solutions, emulsions, creams, ointments, powders, capsules, pastes, jellies, suppositories, ophthalmic, pastilles, lozenges, pills, lotions, liniments, inhalations, paints sprays tablet triturates, etc;

Incompatibilities:

Physical and chemical incompatibilities, inorganic incompatibilities including incompatibilities of metals and their salts, non-metals, acids, alkalis, organic incompatibilities. Purine bases, alkaloids, pyrazolone

derivatives, amino acids, quaternary ammonium compounds, carbohydrates, glycosides, anesthetics, dyes, surface active agents, correction of incompatibilities. Therapeutic incompatibilities;

Community Pharmacy:

Organization and structure of retail and whole sale drug store-types of drug store and design, legal requirements for establishment, maintenance and drug store-dispensing of proprietary products, maintenance of records of retail and wholesale, patient counseling, role of pharmacist in community health care and education (First aid, communicable diseases, nutrition, family planning).

Organization and Structure of hospital pharmacy:

Organization of a hospital and hospital pharmacy, Responsibilities of a hospital pharmacist, Pharmacy and therapeutic committee, Budget preparation and Implementation.

Hospital Formulary:

Contents, preparation and revision of hospital formulary.

Drug Store Management and Inventory Control:

Organization of drug store, Types of materials stocked, storage conditions; Purchase and Inventory Control principles, purchase procedures, Purchase order, Procurement and stocking;

Drug distribution Systems in Hospitals:

Out-patient dispensing, methods adopted; Dispensing of drugs to in-patients. Types of drug distribution systems. Charging policy, labeling; Dispensing of drugs to ambulatory patients; Dispensing of controlled drugs, Dispensing of ancillary supplies;

Central Sterile Supply Unit and their Management:

Types of materials for sterilization, Packing of materials prior to sterilization, sterilization equipments, Supply of sterile materials.

Manufacture of Sterile and Non-sterile Products:

Policy making of manufacturable items, demand and costing, personnel requirements, manufacturing practice, Master formula Card, production control, Manufacturing records.

Drug Information Services:

Sources' of Information on drugs, disease, treatment schedules, procurement of information, Computerized services (e.g., MEDLINE), Retrieval of information, Medication error- types of medication errors, correction and reporting.

Records and Reports:

Prescription filling, drug profile, patient medication profile, cases on drug interaction and adverse reactions, idiosyncratic cases. Pharmacoeconomics: Introduction to pharmacoeconomics, different methods of pharmacoeconomics, application of pharmacoeconomics. Pharmacoepidemiology: Definition and scope, method to conduct pharmacoepidemiological studies, advantages & disadvantages of pharmacoepidemiological studies.

Nuclear Pharmacy:

Methods of handling radioisotopes, radioisotope committee.

Importance of unit operations in manufacturing; Stoichiometry:

Unit processes material and energy balances, molecular units, mole fraction, tie substance, gas laws, mole volume, primary and secondary quantities, equilibrium state, rate process, steady and unsteady states, dimensionless equations, dimensionless formulae, dimensionless groups, different types of graphic representation, mathematical problems.

Fluid Flow:

Types of flow, Reynold's number, Viscosity, Concept of boundary layer, basic equations of fluid flow, valves, flow meters, manometers and measurement of flow and pressure.

Heat transfer:

Concept of heat flow, applications of Fourier's law, forced and natural convection, surface coefficients, boiling liquids, condensing vapors, heat exchangers, heat interchangers, radiation, black body, Stefan Boltzmann equation, Kirchoff's law.

Evaporation:

Basic concept of phase equilibria, factor affecting evaporation, evaporators, film evaporators, single effect and multiple effect evaporators, Mathematical problems on evaporation.

Distillation:

Roult's law, phase diagrams, volatility; simple steam and flash distillations, principles of rectification, McCabe Thiele method for calculations of number of theoretical plates, Azeotropic and extractive distillation.

Drying:

Moisture content and mechanism of drying, rate of drying and time of drying calculations; classification and types of dryers, dryers used in pharmaceutical industries and special drying methods.

Size Reduction:

Definition, objectives of size reduction, mechanisms of size reduction, factors affecting size reduction, laws governing energy and power requirements of a mills including ball mill, hammer mill, fluid energy mill. Size separation: Different techniques of size separation, sieves, sieve shakers, sedimentation tank, cyclone separators, bag fillers etc.

Mixing:

Theory of mixing, solid-solid, solid-liquid and liquid-liquid mixing equipments.

Filtration and Centrifugation:

Theory of filtration, continuous and batch filters, filter aids, filter media, industrial filters including filter press, rotary filter, edge filter, etc. Factors affecting filtration, filtration, optimum cleaning cycle in batch filters. Principles of centrifugation, industrial centrifugal filters, and centrifugal sedimenters;

Crystallization:

Characteristics of crystals like-purity, size, shape, geometry, habit, forms size and factors affecting them, Solubility curves and calculation of yields. Material and heat balances around Swenson Walker Crystallizer. Supersaturation, theory and its limitations, Nucleation mechanisms, crystal growth. Study of various types of Crystallizers, tanks, agitated batch, Swenson Walker, Single vacuum, circulating magma and Krystal Crystallizer, Caking of crystals and its prevention. Numerical problems on yields;

Dehumidification and Humidity Control:

Basic concepts and definition, wet bulb and adiabatic saturation temperatures, Hygrometric chart and measurement of humidity, application of humidity measurement in pharmacy, equipments for dehumidification operations;

Refrigeration and Air Conditioning:

Principle and applications of refrigeration and air conditioning;

Material of Construction :

General study of composition, corrosion, resistance, Properties and applications of the materials of construction with special reference to stainless steel and glass.

Material Handling Systems:

Liquid handling - Different types of pumps, Gas handling-Variou types of fans, blowers and compressors, Solid handling-Bins, Bunkers, Conveyers, Air transport.

Corrosion:

Classification, mechanism of corrosion, factors affecting, prevention and control.

Plant location:

Layout, utilities and services.

Industrial Hazards and Safety Precautions:

Mechanical, Chemical, Electrical, fire and dust hazards. Industrial dermatitis, Accident records etc.

Automated Process Control Systems:

Process variables, temperature, pressure, flow, level and vacuum and their measurements; elements of automatic process control and introduction to automatic process control systems; elements of computer aided manufacturing (CAM). Reactors and fundamentals of reactors design for chemical reactions.

Liquid Dosage Forms: Introduction, types of additives used in formulations, vehicles, stabilizers, preservatives, suspending agents, emulsifying agents, solubilizers, colors, flavors and others, manufacturing packaging, labeling, evaluation of clear liquids, suspensions and emulsions official in pharmacopoeia;

Semisolid Dosage Forms: Definitions, types, mechanisms of drug penetration, factors influencing penetration, semisolid bases and their selection. General formulation of semisolids, clear gels manufacturing procedure, evaluation and packaging;

Suppositories: Ideal requirements, bases, displacement value, manufacturing procedure, packaging and evaluation;

Extraction and Galenical Products: Principle and method of extraction, preparation of infusion, tinctures, dry and soft liquid extracts;

Blood Products and Plasma Substitutes: Collection, processing and storage of whole human blood, concentrated human RBCs, dried human plasma, human fibrinogen, human thrombin, human normal immunoglobulin, human fibrin, foam plasma substitutes, -ideal requirements, PVP, dextran etc. for control of blood pressure as per I.P.;
Pharmaceutical Aerosols: Definition, propellants, general formulation, manufacturing' and packaging methods, pharmaceutical applications;

Ophthalmic Preparations: Requirements, formulation, methods of preparation, labeling, containers, evaluation;
Cosmeticology and Cosmetic Preparations: Fundamentals of cosmetic science, structure and functions of skin and hair. Formulation, preparation and packaging of cosmetics for skin, hair, dentifrice and manicure preparations like nail polish, nail polish remover, Lipsticks, eye lashes, baby care products etc.

Capsules: Advantages and disadvantages of capsule dosage form, material for production of hard gelatin capsules, size of capsules, formulation, method of capsule filling, soft gelatin, capsule shell and capsule content, importance of base absorption and minimum/gm factors in soft capsules, quality control, stability testing and storage of capsule dosage forms.

Micro-encapsulation: Types of microcapsules, importance of microencapsulation in pharmacy, microencapsulation by phase separation, coacervation, multi-orifice, spray drying, spray congealing, polymerization complex emulsion, air suspension technique, coating pan and other techniques, evaluation of micro capsules.

Tablets: Advantages and disadvantages of tablets, Application of different types of tablets, Formulation of different types of tablets, granulation, technology on large-scale by various techniques, different types of tablet compression machinery and the equipments employed, evaluation of tablets.

Coating of Tablets: Types of coating, film forming materials, formulation of coating solution, equipments for coating, coating process, evaluation of coated tablets. Stability kinetics and quality assurance.

Parenteral Products: Pre-formulation factors, routes of administration, water for injection, and sterile water for injection, pyrogenicity, non aqueous vehicles, isotonicity and methods of its adjustment, Formulation details, Containers and closures and selection, labeling; Pre-filling treatment, washing of containers and closures, preparation of solution and suspensions, filling and closing of ampoules, vials, infusion fluids, lyophilization & preparation of sterile powders, equipment for large scale manufacture and evaluation of parenteral products; Aseptic Techniques-source of contamination and methods of prevention, Design of aseptic area, Laminar flow bench services and maintenance. Sterility testing of pharmaceuticals.

Surgical products: Definition, primary wound dressing, absorbents, surgical cotton, surgical gauzes etc., bandages, adhesive tape, protective cellulosic hemostatics, official dressings, absorbable and non-absorbable sutures, ligatures and catguts. Packaging of Pharmaceutical Products: Packaging components, types, specifications and methods of evaluation, stability aspects of packaging. Packaging equipments, factors influence choice of containers, legal and official requirements for containers, package testing.

Designing of dosage forms; Pre-formulation studies: Study of physical properties of drug like physical form, particle size, shape, density, wetting, dielectric constant. Solubility, dissolution and organoleptic properties and their effect on formulation, stability and bioavailability. Study of chemical properties of drugs like hydrolysis, oxidation, reduction, racemization, polymerization etc., and their influence on formulation and stability of products. Study of pro-drugs in solving problems related to stability, bioavailability and elegance of formulations. Design, development and process validation methods for pharmaceutical operations involved in the production of pharmaceutical products with special reference to tablets, suspensions. Stabilization and stability testing protocol for various pharmaceutical products. ICH Guidelines for stability testing of formulations. Performance evaluation methods: In-vitro dissolution studies for solid dosage forms methods, interpretation of dissolution data. Bioavailability studies and bioavailability testing protocol and procedures. In vivo methods of evaluation and statistical treatment. GMP and quality assurance, Quality audit. Design, development, production and evaluation of controlled/sustained/extended release formulations.

Biopharmaceutics: Passage of drugs across biological barrier (passive diffusion, active transport, facilitated diffusion, ion-pair formation and pinocytosis); Factors influencing absorption- biological, physico-chemical, physiological and pharmaceutical; Drug distribution in the body, plasma protein binding.

Pharmacokinetics: Significance of plasma drug concentration measurement. Compartment model- Definition and Scope. Pharmacokinetics of drug absorption - Zero order and first order absorption rate constant using Wagner-Nelson and residual methods. Volume of distribution and distribution coefficient. Compartment kinetics- One compartment and two compartment models. Determination of pharmacokinetic parameters from plasma and urine data after drug administration by intravascular and oral route. Clearance concept, mechanism of renal clearance, clearance ratio, determination of renal clearance. Extraction ratio, hepatic clearance, biliary excretion, extra-hepatic circulation. Non-linear pharmacokinetics with special reference to one compartment model after I.V. drug administration.

Clinical Pharmacokinetics: Definition and scope: Dosage adjustment in patients with and without renal and hepatic failure; Design of single dose bio-equivalence study and relevant statistics; Pharmacokinetic drug interactions and their significance in combination therapy.

Bioavailability and bioequivalence: Measures of bioavailability, C_{max}, t_{max}, K_{el} and Area Under the Curve (AUC); Design of single dose bioequivalence study and relevant statistics; Review of regulatory requirements for conducting bioequivalent studies. Biopharmaceutical Classification System (BCS) of drugs.

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY (25 Marks)

Importance of inorganic compounds in pharmacy and medicine; An outline of methods of preparation, uses, sources of impurities, tests for purity and identity, including limit tests for iron, arsenic, lead, heavy metals, chloride, sulphate and special tests if any, of the following classes of inorganic pharmaceuticals included in Indian Pharmacopoeia: Gastrointestinal Agents: Acidifying agents, Antacids, Protectives and Adsorbents, Cathartics; Major Intra- and Extra-cellular Electrolytes: Physiological ions. Electrolytes used for replacement therapy, acid-base balance and combination therapy; Essential and Trace Elements: Transition elements and their compounds of pharmaceutical importance, Iron and haematinics, mineral supplements; Cationic and anionic components of inorganic drugs useful for systemic effects; Topical Agents: Protectives, Astringents and Anti-infectives; Gases and Vapors: Oxygen, Anesthetics (inorganic) and Respiratory stimulants; Dental Products: Dentifrices, Anti-carries agents; Complexing and chelating agents used in therapy; Miscellaneous Agents: Sclerosing agents, Expectorants, Emetics, Inorganic poisons and antidotes. Pharmaceutical Aids Used in Pharmaceutical Industry: Anti-oxidants, Preservatives, Filter aids, Adsorbents, Diluents, Excipients, Suspending agents, Colorants; Acids, Bases and Buffers: Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity. Water; Inorganic Radiopharmaceuticals: Nuclear reaction, radioisotopes, radiopharmaceuticals, Nomenclature, Methods of obtaining their standards and units of activity, half-life, measurement of activity, clinical applications, dosage, hazards and precautions.

Importance of basic fundamentals of physical chemistry in pharmacy; Behaviour of Gases: Kinetic theory of gases, deviation from ideal behavior and explanation; The Liquid State: Physical properties (surface tension, parachor, viscosity, refractive index, dipole moment); Solutions: Ideal and real solutions, solutions of gases in liquids, colligative properties, partition coefficient, conductance and its measurement, Debye Huckel theory; Thermodynamics: First, Second and Third laws, Zeroth law, Concept of free energy, enthalpy and entropy, absolute temperature scale; Thermochemical equations; Phase rule; Adsorption: Freudlich and Gibbs adsorption, isotherms, Langmuir's theory of adsorption; Photochemistry: Consequences of light absorption, Jabolenski diagram, Quantum efficiency; Chemical Kinetics: Zero, First and Second order reactions, complex reactions, theories of reaction kinetics, characteristics of homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, acid base and enzyme catalysis; Quantum Mechanics : Postulates of quantum mechanics, operators in quantum mechanics, the Schrodinger wave equation. Importance of fundamentals of organic chemistry in pharmaceutical sciences; Structure and Properties: Atomic structure, Atomic orbitals, Molecular orbital theory, wave equation, Molecular orbitals, Bonding and Anti-bonding orbitals, Covalent bond, Hybrid orbitals, Intramolecular forces, Bond dissociation energy, Polarity of bonds, Polarity of molecules, Structure and physical properties, Intermolecular forces, Acids and bases; Stereochemistry: Nomenclature, isomerism, stereoisomerism, conformational and configurational isomerism, optical activity, specification of configuration, Reactions involving stereoisomers, chirality, conformations; Stereoselective and stereospecific reactions; Structure, Nomenclature, Preparation and Reactions of: Alkanes, Alkenes, Alkynes, Cyclic

analog, Dienes, Benzene, Polynuclear aromatic compounds, Arenes, Alkyl halides, Alcohols, Ethers, Epoxides, Amines, Phenols, Aldehydes and ketones, Carboxylic acids, Functional derivatives of carboxylic acids, α,β -Unsaturated carbonyl compounds, Reactive intermediates- carbocations, carbanions, carbenes and nitrenes; Nucleophilic and Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution Reactions: Reactivity and orientation; Electrophilic and Nucleophilic Addition Reactions; Rearrangements (Beckman, Hoffman, Benzilic acid, pinacole-pinacolone and Beyer-Villiger); Elimination reactions; Conservation of Orbital Symmetry and Rules: Electrocyclic, Cycloaddition and Sigmatropic reactions; Neighboring group effects; Catalysis by transition metal complexes; Heterocyclic Compounds: Nomenclature, preparation, properties and reactions of 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7-membered heterocycles with one or two heteroatoms like O, N, S. Chemistry of lipids, Carbohydrates and Proteins.

Biochemistry in pharmaceutical sciences; The concept of free energy: Determination of change in free energy - from equilibrium constant and reduction potential, bioenergetics, production of ATP and its biological significance; Enzymes: Nomenclature, enzyme kinetics and their mechanism of action, mechanism of inhibition, enzymes and iso-enzymes in clinical diagnosis; Co-enzymes: Vitamins as co-enzymes and their significance. Metals as cofactors and their significance; Carbohydrate Metabolism: Conversion of polysaccharides to glucose-1-phosphate, Glycolysis, fermentation and their regulation, Gluconeogenesis and glycogenolysis, Metabolism of galactose and galactosemia, Role of sugar nucleotides in biosynthesis, and Pentose phosphate pathway; The Citric Acid Cycle: Significance, reactions and energetics of the cycle, Amphibolic role of the cycle, and Glyoxalic acid cycle; Lipids Metabolism : Oxidation of fatty acids, β -oxidation & energetics, biosynthesis of ketone bodies and their utilization, biosynthesis of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, Control of lipid metabolism, Essential fatty acids & eicosanoids (prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes), phospholipids, and sphingolipids, Biosynthesis of eicosanoids, cholesterol, androgens, progesterone, estrogens corticosteroids and bile acids; Biological Oxidation: Redox-potential, enzymes and co-enzymes involved in oxidation reduction & its control, The respiratory chain, its role in energy capture and its control, energetics of oxidative phosphorylation. Inhibitors of respiratory chain and oxidative phosphorylation, Mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation; Metabolism of ammonia and nitrogen containing monomers: Nitrogen balance, Biosynthesis of amino acids, Catabolism of amino acids, Conversion of amino acids to specialized products, Assimilation of ammonia, Urea. cycle, metabolic disorders of urea cycle, Metabolism of sulphur containing amino acids; Purine biosynthesis: Purine nucleotide inter-conversions; Pyrimidine biosynthesis: and formation of deoxyribonucleotides; Biosynthesis of Nucleic Acids: Brief introduction of genetic organization of the mammalian genome, alteration and rearrangements of genetic material, Biosynthesis of DNA and its replications; Mutation: Physical & chemical mutagenesis/carcinogenesis, DNA repair mechanism. Biosynthesis of RNA; Genetic Code and Protein Synthesis: Genetic code, Components of protein synthesis and Inhibition of protein synthesis.

Basic Principles of Medicinal Chemistry: Physico-chemical and stereoisomeric (Optical, geometrical) aspects of drug molecules and biological action, Bioisosterism, Drug-receptor interactions including transduction mechanisms; Drug metabolism and Concept of Prodrugs; Principles of Drug Design (Theoretical Aspects): Traditional analog and mechanism based approaches, QSAR approaches, Applications of quantum mechanics, Computer Aided Drug Designing (CADD) and molecular modeling; Synthetic Procedures, Mode of Action, Uses, Structure Activity Relationships including Physicochemical Properties of the Following Classes of Drugs: Drugs acting at synaptic and neuro-effector junction sites: Cholinergics, anti-cholinergics and cholinesterase inhibitors, Adrenergic drugs, Antispasmodic and anti-ulcer drugs, Local Anesthetics, Neuromuscular blocking agents; Autacoids: Antihistamines, Eicosanoids, Analgesic-antipyretics, Anti-inflammatory (non-steroidal) agents. Steroidal Drugs: Steroidal nomenclature (IUPAC) and stereochemistry, Androgens and anabolic agents, Estrogens and Progestational agents, Oral contraceptives, Adrenocorticoids; Drugs acting on the central nervous system: General Anesthetics, Hypnotics

and Sedatives, Anticonvulsants, Anti-Parkinsonian drugs, Psychopharmacological agents (Neuroleptics, Anti-depressants, Anxiolytics), Opioid analgesics, Anti-tussives, CNS stimulants; Diuretics; Cardiovascular drugs: Anti-hypertensives, Anti-arrhythmic agents, anti-anginal agents, Cardiotonics, Anti-hyperlipidemic agents, Anticoagulants and Anti-platelet drugs; Thyroid and Anti thyroid drugs; Insulin and oral hypoglycemic agents; Chemotherapeutic Agents used in bacterial, fungal, viral, protozoal, parasitic and other infections, Antibiotics: β -Lactam, macrolides, tetracyclines, aminoglycosides, polypeptide antibiotics, fluoroquinolones, Anti-metabolites (including sulfonamides); Anti-neoplastic agents; Anti-viral agents (including anti-HIV); Immunosuppressives and immunostimulants; Diagnostic agents; Pharmaceutical Aids; Microbial Transformations: Introduction, types of reactions mediated by micro-organisms, design of biotransformation processes, selection of organisms, biotransformation process and its improvements with special reference to steroids; Enzyme Immobilization: Techniques of immobilization, factors affecting enzyme kinetics, Study of enzymes such as hyaluronidase, penicillinase, streptokinase, amylases and proteases, Immobilization of bacteria and plant cells.

Different techniques of pharmaceutical analysis, Preliminaries and definitions: Significant figures, Rules for retaining significant digits, Types of errors, Mean deviation, Standard deviation, Statistical treatment of small data sets, Selection of sample, Precision and accuracy, Fundamentals of volumetric analysis: methods of expressing concentration, primary and secondary standards: Acid Base Titrations: Acid base concepts, Role of solvents, Relative strengths of acids and bases, Ionization, Law of mass action, Common ion effect, Ionic product of water, pH, Hydrolysis of salts, Henderson-Hasselbach equation, Buffer solutions, Neutralization curves, Acid-base indicators, Theory of indicators, Choice of indicators, Mixed indicators, Polyprotic systems, Polyamine and amino acid systems, Amino acid titrations; Oxidation Reduction Titrations: Concepts of oxidation and reduction, Redox reactions, Strengths and equivalent weights of oxidizing and reducing agents, Theory of redox titrations, Redox indicators, Cell representations, Measurement of electrode potential, Oxidation-reduction curves, Iodimetry and Iodometry, Titrations involving ceric ammonium sulphate, potassium iodate, potassium bromate, potassium permanganate; titanous chloride, stannous chloride and Sodium 2,6-dichlorophenolindophenol; Precipitation Titrations: Precipitation reactions, Solubility product, Effect of acids, temperature and solvent upon the solubility of a precipitate, Argentometric titrations and titrations involving ammonium or potassium thiocyanate, mercuric nitrate, and barium sulphate, indicators, Methods of end point determination (GayLussac method, Mohr's method, Volhard's method and Fajan's method). Gravimetric Analysis: Precipitation techniques, The colloidal state, Supersaturation, Co-precipitation, Post-precipitation, Digestion, washing of the precipitate, Filtration, Filter papers and crucibles, Ignition, Thermogravimetric curves, Specific examples like barium sulphate, aluminium as aluminium oxide, calcium as calcium oxalate and magnesium as magnesium pyrophosphate, Organic precipitants; Non-aqueous titrations: Acidic and basic drugs, Solvents used, Indicators; Complexometric titrations; Complexing agents used as titrants, Indicators, Masking and demasking; Miscellaneous Methods of Analysis: Diazotization titrations, Kjeldahl method of nitrogen estimation, Karl-Fischer aquametry, Oxygen flask combustion method, Gasometry; Extraction procedures including separation of drugs from excipients; Potentiometry: Standard redox potential, Nernst equation, Half-cell potential, Standard and indicating electrodes, potentiometric titrations; Conductometry: Specific and equivalent conductance, conductometric titrations; Coulometry: Coulomb's law, Coulometric titrations at fixed potential/current; Polarography: Decomposition potential, Half-wave potential, Diffusion/migration/migration current, Ilkovic equation, Cathodic/anodic polarography, Dropping mercury electrode, Graphite electrode, Organic polarography; Amperometry: Rotating platinum electrode, Amperometric titrations; Chromatography: Theory of chromatography, plate theory, Factors affecting resolution, van Deemter equation, The following chromatographic techniques (including instrumentation) with relevant examples of Pharmacopoeial products: TLC, HPLC, GLC, HPTLC, Paper Chromatography and Column Chromatography; The Theoretical Aspects, Basic Instrumentation, Elements of Interpretation of Spectra, and Applications (quantitative and qualitative) of the Following Analytical

Techniques: Ultraviolet and visible spectrophotometry, Fluorimetry, Infrared spectrophotometry, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance spectroscopy, Mass Spectrometry (EI & CI only), Flame Photometry, Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy, X-ray Diffraction Analysis, Radioimmunoassay. Quality assurance: GLP, ISO 9000, TQM, Quality Review and Quality documentation, Regulatory control, regulatory drug analysis, interpretation of analytical data, Validation, quality audit: quality of equipment, validation of equipment, validation of analytical procedures.

PHARMACOLOGY (25 Marks)

Pathophysiology of common diseases; Basic Principles of Cell Injury and Adaptations: Causes of Cellular injury, pathogenesis, morphology of cell injury, adaptations and cell death. Basic Mechanisms involved in the process of inflammation and repair: Vascular and cellular events of acute inflammation, chemical mediators of inflammation, pathogenesis of chronic inflammation, brief outline of the process of repair.

Immunopathophysiology: T and B cells, MHC proteins, antigen presenting cells, immune tolerance, pathogenesis of hypersensitivity reactions, autoimmune diseases, AIDS, Amyloidosis.

Pathophysiology of Common Diseases: Asthma, diabetes, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, ulcerative colitis, neoplasia, psychosis, depression, mania, epilepsy, acute and chronic renal failure, hypertension, angina, congestive heart failure, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, congestive heart failure, peptic ulcer, anemias, hepatic disorders, tuberculosis, urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases. Wherever applicable the molecular basis should be discussed.

Fundamentals of general pharmacology: Dosage forms and routes of administration, mechanism of action, combined effect of drugs, factors modifying drug action, tolerance and dependence; Pharmacogenetics; Principles of Basic and Clinical pharmacokinetics, absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion of drugs, Adverse Drug Reactions; Bioassay of Drugs and Biological Standardization; Discovery and development of new drugs, Bioavailability and bioequivalence studies; Pharmacology of Peripheral Nervous System: Neurohumoral transmission (autonomic and somatic), Parasympathomimetics, Parasympatholytics, Sympathomimetics, Adrenergic receptor and neuron blocking agents, Ganglion stimulants and blocking agents, Neuromuscular blocking Agents, Local anesthetic Agents. Pharmacology of Central Nervous System: Neurohumoral transmission in the C.N.S., General Anesthetics, Alcohols and disulfiram, Sedatives, Hypnotics, Anti-anxiety agents and Centrally acting muscle relaxants, Psychopharmacological agents (anti-psychotics), anti-maniacs and hallucinogens, Antidepressants, Anti-epileptics drugs, Anti-Parkinsonian drugs, Analgesics, Antipyretics, Narcotic analgesics and antagonists, C.N.S. stimulants, Drug Addiction and Drug Abuse. Pharmacology of Cardiovascular System: Drugs used in the management of congestive cardiac failure, Antihypertensive drugs, Anti-anginal and Vasodilator drugs, including calcium channel blockers and beta adrenergic antagonists, Anti-arrhythmic drugs, Anti-hyperlipidemic drugs, Drugs used in the therapy of shock. Drugs Acting on the Hemopoietic System: Hematinics, Anticoagulants, Vitamin K and hemostatic agents, Fibrinolytic and anti-platelet drugs, Blood and plasma volume expanders. Drugs acting on urinary system: Fluid and electrolyte balance, Diuretics. Autacoids: Histamine, Antihistaminic drugs, 5-HT- its agonists and antagonists, Prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, Angiotensin, Bradykinin and Substance P and other vasoactive peptides, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory and anti-gout agents. Drugs Acting on the Respiratory System: Anti-asthmatic drugs including bronchodilators, Anti-tussives and expectorants, Respiratory stimulants. Drugs acting on the Gastrointestinal Tract: Antacids, Anti-secretory and Anti-ulcer drugs, Laxatives and anti-diarrhoeal drugs, Appetite Stimulants and Suppressants, Emetics and anti-emetics, Miscellaneous: Carminatives, demulcents, protectives, adsorbents, astringents, digestants, enzymes and mucolytics. Pharmacology

of Endocrine System: Hypothalamic and pituitary hormones, Thyroid hormones and anti thyroid drugs, parathormone, calcitonin and Vitamin D, Insulin, glucagons, incretins, oral hypoglycemic agents and insulin analogs, ACTH and corticosteroids, Androgens and anabolic steroids, Estrogens, progesterone and oral contraceptives, Drugs acting on the uterus. Chemotherapy: General Principles of Chemotherapy, Bacterial resistance; Sulfonamides and cotrimoxazole, Antibiotics- Penicillins, Cephalosporins, Aminoglycosides, Chloramphenicol, Macrolides, Tetracyclines, Quinolones, fluoroquinolones and Miscellaneous antibiotics; Chemotherapy of tuberculosis, leprosy, fungal diseases, viral diseases, HIV and AIDS, urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases, malaria, amoebiasis and other protozoal infections and Anthelmintics. Chemotherapy of malignancy and immunosuppressive agents. Principles of Toxicology: Definition of poison, general principles of treatment of poisoning with particular reference to barbiturates, opioids, organophosphorous and atropine poisoning, Heavy metals and heavy metal antagonists.

Basic Concepts of Pharmacotherapy: Clinical Pharmacokinetics and individualization of Drug therapy, Drug delivery systems and their Biopharmaceutic & Therapeutic considerations, Drugs used during infancy and in the elderly persons (Pediatrics & Geriatrics), Drugs used during pregnancy, Drug induced diseases, The basics of drug interactions, General principles of clinical toxicology, Common clinical laboratory tests and their interpretation; Important Disorders of Organs, Systems and their Management: Cardio-vascular disorders- Hypertension, Congestive heart failure, Angina, Acute myocardial infarction, Cardiac arrhythmias. CNS Disorders: Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, Schizophrenia, Depression Respiratory disease-Asthma. Gastrointestinal Disorders- Peptic ulcer, Ulcerative colitis, Hepatitis, Cirrhosis. Endocrine Disorders- Diabetes mellitus and Thyroid disorders. Infectious Diseases- Tuberculosis, Urinary tract infections, Enteric infections, Upper respiratory infections. Hematopoietic Disorders- Anemias, Joint and Connective tissue disorders- Rheumatic diseases, Gout and Hyperuricemia. Neoplastic Diseases- Acute Leukaemias, Hodgkin's disease. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, Concept of Essential Drugs and Rational Drug use.

PHARMACOGNOSY (25 Marks)

Sources of Drugs: Biological, marine, mineral and plant tissue cultures as sources of drugs; Classification of Drugs: Morphological, taxonomical, chemical and pharmacological classification of drugs; Study of medicinally important plants belonging to the families with special reference to: Apocynaceae, Solanaceae, Rutaceae, Umbelliferae, Leguminosae, Rubiaceae, Liliaceae, Graminae, Labiatae, Cruciferae, Papaveraceae; Cultivation, Collection, Processing and Storage of Crude Drugs: Factors influencing cultivation of medicinal plants, Types of soils and fertilizers of common use. Pest management and natural pest control agents, Plant hormones and their applications, Polyploidy, mutation and hybridization with reference to medicinal plants. Quality Control of Crude Drugs: Adulteration of crude drugs and their detection by organoleptic, microscopic, physical, chemical and biological methods and properties. Introduction to Active Constituents of Drugs: Their isolation, classification and properties. Systematic pharmacognostic study of the followings: CARBOHYDRATES and derived products: agar, guar gum acacia, Honey, Isabgol, pectin, Starch, sterculia and Tragacanth; Lipids: Bees wax, Castor oil, Cocoa butter, Codliver oil, Hydnocarpus oil, Kokum butter, Lard, Linseed oil, Rice, Bran oil, Shark liver oil and Wool fat; RESINS: Study of Drugs Containing Resins and Resin Combinations like Colophony, podophyllum, jalap, cannabis, capsicum, myrrh, asafoetida, balsam of Tolu, balsam of Peru, benzoin, turmeric, ginger; TANNINS: Study of tannins and tannin containing drugs like Gambier, black catechu, gall and myrobalan; VOLATILE OILS: General methods of obtaining volatile oils from plants, Study of volatile oils of Mentha, Coriander, Cinnamon, Cassia, Lemon peel, Orange peel, Lemon grass, Citronella, Caraway, Dill, Spearmint, Clove, Fennel, Nutmeg, Eucalyptus, Chenopodium, Cardamom, Valerian, Musk, Palmarosa, Gaultheria, Sandal wood; Phytochemical Screening:

Preparation of extracts, Screening of alkaloids, saponins, cardenolides and bufadienolides, flavonoids and leucoanthocyanidins, tannins and polyphenols, anthraquinones, cynogenetic glycosides, amino acids in plant extracts; FIBERS: Study of fibers used in pharmacy such as cotton, silk, wool, nylon, glass-wool, polyester and asbestos.

Study of the biological sources, cultivation, collection, commercial varieties, chemical constituents, substitutes, adulterants, uses, diagnostic macroscopic and microscopic features and specific chemical tests of following groups of drugs: GLYCOSIDE CONTAINING DRUGS: Saponins : Liquorice, ginseng, dioscorea, sarsaparilla, and senega. Cardioactive glycosides: Digitalis, squill, strophanthus and thevetia, Anthraquinone cathartics: Aloe, senna, rhubarb and cascara, Others: Psoralea, Ammi majus, Ammi visnaga, gentian, saffron, chirata, quassia. ALKALOID CONTAINING DRUGS: Pyridine-piperidine: Tobacco, areca and lobelia. Tropane: Belladonna, hyoscyamus, datura, duboisia, coca and withania. Quinoline and Isoquinoline: Cinchona, ipecac, opium. Indole: Ergot, rauwolfia, catharanthus, nux-vomica and physostigma. Imidazole: Pilocarpus. Steroidal: Veratrum and kurchi. Alkaloidal Amine: Ephedra and colchicum. Glycoalkaloid: Solanum. Purines: Coffee, tea and cola. Biological sources, preparation, identification tests and uses of the following enzymes: Diastase, papain, pepsin, trypsin, pancreatin. Studies of Traditional Drugs: Common vernacular names, botanical sources, morphology, chemical nature of chief constituents, pharmacology, categories and common uses and marketed formulations of following indigenous drugs: Amla, Kantkari, Satavari, Tylophora, Bhilawa, Kalijiri, Bach, Rasna, Punamava, Chitrack, Apamarg, Gokhru, Shankhpushpi, Brahmi, Adusa, Atjuna, Ashoka, Methi, Lahsun, Palash, Guggal, Gymnema, Shilajit, Nagarmotha and Neem. The holistic concept of drug administration in traditional systems of medicine. Introduction to ayurvedic preparations like Arishtas, Asvas, Gutikas, Tailas, Chumas, Lehyas and Bhasmas.

General Techniques of Biosynthetic Studies and Basic Metabolic Pathways/Biogenesis: Brief introduction to biogenesis of secondary metabolites of pharmaceutical importance. Terpenes: monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes, diterpenes, and triterpenoids. Carotenoids: a-carotenoids, β -carotenes, vitamin A, Xanthophylls of medicinal importance. Glycosides: Digoxin, digoxin, hecogenin, sennosides, diosgenin and sarasapogenin. Alkaloids: Atropine and related compounds, Quinine, Reserpine, Morphine, Papaverine, Ephedrine, Ergot and Vinca alkaloids. Lignans, quassanoids and flavonoids. Role of plant-based drugs on National economy: A brief account of plant based industries and institutions involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants in India. Utilization and production of phyto-constituents such as quinine, calcium sennosides, podophyllotoxin, diosgenin, solasodine, and tropane alkaloids. Utilization of aromatic plants and derived products with special reference to sandalwood oil, mentha oil, lemon grass oil, vetiver oil, geranium oil and eucalyptus oil. World-wide trade in medicinal plants and derived products with special reference to diosgenin (dioscorea), taxol (Taxus sps) digitalis, tropane alkaloid containing plants, Papain, cinchona, Ipecac, Liquorice, Ginseng, Aloe, Valerian, Rauwolfia and plants containing laxatives. Plant bitters and sweeteners. Plant Tissue Culture: Historical development of plant tissue culture, types of cultures, nutritional requirements, growth and their maintenance. Applications of plant tissue culture in pharmacognosy. Marine pharmacognosy: Novel medicinal agents from marine sources. Natural allergens and photosensitizing agents and fungal toxins. Herbs as health foods. Herbal cosmetics. Standardization and quality control of herbal drugs, WHO guidelines for the standardization of herbal drugs.

(D) Chemistry

Syllabus for the Entrance Examination for Centralized admissions in Chemistry

	Chemistry	Marks
I	Inorganic Chemistry	33
II	Physical Chemistry	33
III	Organic Chemistry	34
	Total Marks	100

I INORGANIC CHEMISTRY Marks: 33

Atomic Structure :(02 Marks)

Idea of de Broglie matter waves, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, atomic orbitals, quantum numbers, radial and angular wave functions and probability distribution curves, shapes of s, p, d orbitals.

Periodic Properties :(02 Marks)

General principles of periodic table: Aufbau and Pauli exclusion principles, Hund's multiplicity rule. Electronic configurations of the elements, effective nuclear charge, Slater's rules. Atomic and ionic radii, ionization energy, electron affinity and electronegativity –definition, methods of determination or evaluation, trends in periodic table (in s & p block elements).

Chemical Bonding :(04 Marks)

Covalent Bond

Valence bond theory and its limitations, directional characteristics of covalent bond, various types of hybridization and shapes of simple inorganic molecules and ions (BeF₂, BF₃, CH₄, PF₅, SF₆, IF₇, SO₄²⁻, ClO₄⁻)Valence shell electron pair repulsion (VSEPR) theory to NH₃, H₃O⁺, SF₄, ClF₃, ICl₂⁻ and H₂O. MO theory of heteronuclear (CO and NO) diatomic molecules, bond strength and bond energy, percentage ionic character from dipole moment and electronegativity difference.

Ionic Solids

Ionic structures [NaCl, CsCl, ZnS(Zinc Blende), CaF₂] radius ratio effect and coordination number, limitation of radius ratio rule, lattice defects, semiconductors, lattice energy (mathematical derivation excluded) and Born-Haber cycle, solvation energy and its relation with solubility of ionic solids, polarizing power and polarisability of ions, Fajan's rule.

Hydrogen Bonding & Vander Waals Forces

Hydrogen Bonding – Definition, Types, effects of hydrogen bonding on properties of substances, application Brief discussion of various types of Vander Waals Forces

Metallic Bond and Semiconductors

Metallic Bond- Brief introduction to metallic bond, band theory of metallic bond Semiconductors- Introduction, types and applications.

s-Block Elements :(02 Marks)

Comparative study of the elements including, diagonal relationships, salient features of hydrides (methods of preparation excluded), solvation and complexation tendencies including their function in biosystems.

p-Block Elements :(06 Marks)

Emphasis on comparative study of properties of p-block elements (including diagonal relationship and excluding methods of preparation).

Boron family (13th gp):-

Diborane – properties and structure (as an example of electron – deficient compound and multicentre bonding), Borazene – chemical properties and structure Trihalides of Boron – Trends in Lewis acid character structure of aluminium (III) chloride.

Carbon Family (14th group)

Catenation, p π - d π bonding (an idea), carbides, fluorocarbons, silicates structural aspects), silicon – general methods of preparations, properties and uses.

Nitrogen Family (15th group)

Oxides – structures of oxides of N,P. oxyacids – structure and relative acid strengths of oxyacids of Nitrogen and phosphorus. Structure of white, yellow and red phosphorus.

Oxygen Family (16th group)

Oxyacids of sulphur – structures and acidic strength H₂O₂ –structure, properties and uses.

Halogen Family (17th group)

Basic properties of halogen, interhalogens types properties, hydro and oxyacids of chlorine – structure and comparison of acid strength.

Chemistry of Noble Gases

Chemical properties of the noble gases with emphasis on their low chemical reactivity, chemistry of xenon, structure and bonding of fluorides, oxides & oxyfluorides of xenon.

Chemistry of Transition Elements :(02 Marks)

Chemistry of Elements of 1st transition series

Definition of transition elements, position in the periodic table, General characteristics & properties of 1st transition elements,. Structures & properties of some compounds of transition elements – TiO₂, VOCl₂, FeCl₃, CuCl₂ and Ni(CO)₄

Chemistry of Elements of 2nd & 3rd transition series

General characteristics and properties of the 2nd and 3rd transition elements Comparison of properties of 3d elements with 4d & 5d elements with reference only to ionic radii, oxidation state, magnetic and Spectral properties and stereochemistry

Coordination Compounds :(05 Marks)

Werner's coordination theory, effective atomic number concept, chelates, nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds, valence bond theory of transition metal complexes

Metal-ligand Bonding in Transition Metal Complexes

Limitations of valence bond theory, an elementary idea of crystal-field theory, crystal field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, factors affecting the crystal-field parameters.

Thermodynamic and Kinetic Aspects of Metal Complex

A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability, substitution reactions of square planar complexes of Pt(II).

Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complex

Types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula. L-S coupling, correlation of μ_s and μ_{eff} values, orbital

contribution to magnetic moments, application of magnetic moment data for 3d metal complexes.

Electron Spectra of Transition Metal Complexes

Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectrochemical series. Orgel-energy level diagram for d^1 and d^9 states, discussion of the electronic spectrum of $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ complex ion.

Chemistry of f – block elements :(02 Marks)

Lanthanides

Electronic structure, oxidation states and ionic radii and lanthanide contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation, lanthanide compounds.

Actinides

General features and chemistry of actinides, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and Am from U, Comparison of properties of Lanthanides and Actinides and with transition elements .

Organometallic Chemistry :(02 Marks)

Definition, nomenclature and classification of organometallic compounds. Preparation, properties, and bonding of alkyls of Li, Al, Hg, and Sn a brief account of metal-ethylenic complexes, mononuclear carbonyls and the nature of bonding in metal carbonyls.

Silicones and Phosphazenes

Silicones and phosphazenes, their preparation, properties, structure and uses

Acids and Bases, HSAB Concept :(02 Mark)

Arrhenius, Bronsted – Lowry, Lux – Flood, Solvent system and Lewis concepts of acids & bases, relative strength of acids & bases, Concept of Hard and Soft Acids & Bases. Symbiosis, electronegativity and hardness and softness

Non-aqueous Solvents :(01 Mark)

Physical properties of a solvent, types of solvents and their general characteristics, reactions in non-aqueous solvents with reference to liquid NH_3 and liquid SO_2

Theory of Qualitative and Quantitative Inorganic Analysis :(02 Marks)

Chemistry of analysis of various acidic radicals, Chemistry of identification of acid radicals in typical combinations, Chemistry of interference of acid radicals including their removal in the analysis of basic radicals.

Chemistry of analysis of various groups of basic radicals, Theory of precipitation, co-precipitation, Post-precipitation, purification of precipitates.

Bioinorganic Chemistry :(01 Mark)

Essential and trace elements in biological processes, metalloporphyrins with special reference to haemoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to Ca^{2+} , Nitrogen fixation.

II PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY**Marks: 33****Gaseous state:** (02 Marks)

Maxwell's distribution of velocities and energies (derivation excluded) Calculation of root mean square velocity, average velocity and most probable velocity. Collision diameter, collision number, collision frequency and mean free path. Deviation of Real gases from ideal behaviour. Derivation of Vander Waal's Equation of State, its application in the calculation of Boyle's temperature (compression factor) Explanation of behaviour of real gases using Vander Waal's equation.

Critical Phenomenon: (01 Mark)

Critical temperature, Critical pressure, critical volume and their determination. PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of states, the isotherms of Vander Waal's equation, relationship between critical constants and VanderWaal's constants. Critical compressibility factor. The Law of corresponding states. Liquifaction of gases.

Liquid State :(01 Mark)

Structure of liquids. Properties of liquids – surface tension, viscosity vapour pressure and optical rotations and their determination.

Solid State: (01 Mark)

Classification of solids, Laws of crystallography – (i) Law of constancy of interfacial angles (ii) Law of rationality of indices (iii) Law of symmetry. Symmetry elements of crystals. Definition of unit cell & space lattice. Bravais lattices, crystal system. X ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of Bragg equation. Determination of crystal structure of NaCl, KCl. Liquid crystals: Difference between solids, liquids and liquid crystals, types of liquid crystals. Applications of liquid crystals.

Chemical Kinetics :(02 Marks)

Rate of reaction, rate equation, factors influencing the rate of a reaction – concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst. Order of a reaction, integrated rate expression for zero order, first order, second and third order reaction. Half life period of a reaction. Methods of determination of order of reaction.

Effect of temperature on the rate of reaction – Arrhenius equation. Theories of reaction rate – Simple collision theory for unimolecular and bimolecular collision. Transition state theory of Bimolecular reactions.

Electrochemistry: (03 Marks)

Electrolytic conduction, factors affecting electrolytic conduction, specific, conductance, molar conductance, equivalent conductance and relation among them, their variation with concentration. Arrhenius theory of ionization, Ostwald's Dilution Law. Debye- Huckel – Onsager's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only), Transport number, definition and determination by Hittorfs methods (numerical included)

Kohlrausch's Law, calculation of molar ionic conductance and effect of viscosity, temperature & pressure on it. Application of Kohlrausch's Law in calculation of conductance of weak electrolytes at infinite dilution. Applications of conductivity

measurements: determination of degree of dissociation, determination of K_a of acids determination of solubility product of sparingly soluble salts, conductometric titrations. Definition of pH and pK_a , Buffer solution, Buffer action, Henderson – Hazel equation, Buffer mechanism of buffer action.

Thermodynamics-I: (02 Marks)

Definition of thermodynamic terms: system, surrounding etc. Types of systems, intensive and extensive properties. State, path functions and their differentials. Thermodynamic process. Concept of heat and work. Zeroth Law of thermodynamics, First law of thermodynamics: statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacity, heat capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law – Joule – Thomson coefficient for ideal gas and real gas and inversion temperature.

Thermodynamics-II: (01 Mark)

Calculation of w , q , dU & dH for the expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible process, Temperature dependence of enthalpy, Kirchoffs equation. Bond energies and applications of bond energies.

Thermodynamics-III: (01 Mark)

Second law of thermodynamics, need for the law, different statements of the law, Carnot's cycles and its efficiency, Carnot's theorem, Thermodynamics scale of temperature. Concept of entropy – entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V & T , entropy as a function of P & T , entropy change in physical change, entropy as a criteria of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases and mixing of gases.

Thermodynamics-IV: (01 Mark)

Third law of thermodynamics: Nernst heat theorem, statement of concept of residual entropy, evaluation of absolute entropy from heat capacity data. Gibbs and Helmholtz functions; Gibbs function (G) and Helmholtz function (A) as thermodynamic quantities, A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, their advantage over entropy change. Variation of G and A with P , V and T .

Chemical Equilibrium:(01 Mark)

Equilibrium constant and free energy, concept of chemical potential, Thermodynamic derivation of law of chemical equilibrium. Temperature dependence of equilibrium constant; Van't Hoff reaction isochore, Van't Hoff reaction isotherm. Le-Chatetier's principle and its applications Clapeyron equation and Clausius – Clapeyron equation its applications.

Distribution Law: :(01 Mark)

Nernst distribution law – its thermodynamic derivation, Modification of distribution law when solute undergoes dissociation, association and chemical combination. Applications of distribution law: (i) Determination of degree of hydrolysis and hydrolysis constant of aniline hydrochloride. (ii) Determination of equilibrium constant of potassium tri-iodide complex and process of extraction.

Electrochemistry: (03 Marks)

Electrolytic and Galvanic cells – reversible & Irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells. EMF of cell and its measurement, Weston standard cell, activity and activity coefficients. Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reaction (ΔG , ΔH & K). Types of reversible electrodes – metal- metal ion gas electrode, metal –insoluble salt- anion and redox electrodes. Electrode reactions, Nernst equations, derivation of cell

EMF and single electrode potential. Standard Hydrogen electrode, reference electrodes, standard electrodes potential, sign conventions, electrochemical series and its applications.

Concentration cells with and without transference, liquid junction potential, application of EMF measurement i.e. valency of ions, solubility product activity coefficient, potentiometric titration (acid- base and redox). Determination of pH using Hydrogen electrode, Quinhydrone electrode and glass electrode by potentiometric methods.

Quantum Mechanics: (02 Marks)

Black-body radiation, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, heat capacity of solids, Compton effect, wave function and its significance of Postulates of quantum mechanics, quantum mechanical operator, commutation relations, Hamiltonian operator, Hermitian operator, average value of square of Hermitian as a positive quantity, Role of operators in quantum mechanics, To show quantum mechanically that position and momentum cannot be predicated simultaneously, Determination of wave function & energy of a particle in one dimensional box, Pictorial representation and its significance.

Physical Properties and Molecular Structure : (01 Mark)

Optical activity, polarization – (Clausius – Mossotti equation). Orientation of dipoles in an electric field, dipole moment, induced dipole moment, measurement of dipole moment-temperature method and refractivity method, dipole moment and structure of molecules, Magnetic permeability, magnetic susceptibility and its determination. Application of magnetic susceptibility, magnetic properties – paramagnetism, diamagnetism and ferromagnetics.

Spectroscopy

Introduction & Rotational Spectrum: (01 Mark)

Electromagnetic radiation, regions of spectrum, basic features of spectroscopy, statement of Born oppenheimer approximation, Degrees of freedom.

Diatomic molecules. Energy levels of rigid rotator (semi-classical principles), selection rules, spectral intensity distribution using population distribution (Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution), determination of bond length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotor, isotope effect.

Vibrational spectrum: (01 Mark)

Infrared spectrum: Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, selection rules,

pure vibrational spectrum, intensity, determination of force constant and qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, effects of anharmonic motion and isotopic effect on the spectra., idea of vibrational frequencies of different functional groups.

Raman Spectrum: (01 Mark)

Concept of polarizability, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules, Quantum theory of Raman spectra.

Electronic Spectrum: (01 Mark)

Concept of potential energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals, qualitative description of selection rules and Franck- Condon principle.

Qualitative description of sigma and pi and n molecular orbital (MO) their energy level and respective transitions.

Photochemistry: (01 Mark)

Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry: Grotthus-Draper law, Stark- Einstein law (law of photochemical equivalence) Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield, photosensitized reactions-energy transfer processes (simple examples).

Dilute Solutions and Colligative Properties:(03 Marks)

Ideal and non-ideal solutions, methods of expressing concentrations of solutions, activity and activity coefficient. Dilute solution, Colligative properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, molecular weight determination, Osmosis law of osmotic pressure and its measurement, determination of molecular weight from osmotic pressure. Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point, Thermodynamic derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for determining various colligative properties. Abnormal molar mass, degree of dissociation and association of solutes.

Phase Equilibrium: (02 Marks)

Statement and meaning of the terms – phase component and degree of freedom, thermodynamic derivation of Gibbs phase rule, phase equilibria of one component system – Example – water and Sulphur systems.

Phase equilibria of two component systems solid-liquid equilibria, simple eutectic Example Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead.

III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**Marks: 34****Structure and Bonding : (01 Mark)**

Localized and delocalized chemical bond, Vander Waals interactions, resonance: conditions, resonance effect and its applications, hyperconjugation, inductive effect, Electromeric effect & their comparison.

Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: (02 Marks)

Concept of isomerism. Types of isomerism. Optical isomerism, elements of symmetry, molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic centre, optical activity, properties of enantiomers, chiral and achiral molecules with two stereogenic centres, diastereomers, threo and erythro diastereomers, meso compounds, resolution of enantiomers, inversion, retention and racemization.

Relative and absolute configuration, sequence rules, R & S systems of nomenclature.

Geometric isomerism determination of configuration of geometric isomers. E & Z system of nomenclature, Conformational isomerism conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane, conformations of cyclohexane, axial and equatorial bonds, Newman projection and Sawhorse formulae, Difference between configuration and conformation.

Mechanism of Organic Reactions : (01 Mark)

Curved arrow notation, drawing electron movements with arrows, half-headed and double-headed arrows, homolytic and heterolytic bond breaking. Types of reagents – electrophiles and nucleophiles. Types of organic reactions. Energy considerations.

Reactive intermediates carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, arynes and nitrenes (formation, structure & stability). Assigning formal charges on intermediates and other ionic species.

Alkanes and Cycloalkanes: (01 Mark)

IUPAC nomenclature of branched and unbranched alkanes , the alkyl group, classification of carbon atoms in alkanes. Isomerism in alkanes, sources, methods of formation (with special reference to Wurtz reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carboxylic acids), physical properties. Cycloalkanes nomenclature, synthesis of cycloalkanes and their derivatives – photochemical (2+2) cycloaddition reactions, dehalogenation of -dihalides, pyrolysis of calcium or barium salts of dicarboxylic acids, Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations., theory of strainless rings.

Alkenes : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature of alkenes, mechanisms of dehydration of alcohols and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides,. The Saytzeff rule, Hofmann elimination, physical properties and relative stabilities of alkenes. Chemical reactions of alkenes & mechanisms involved in hydrogenation, electrophilic and free radical additions, Markownikoff's rule, hydroboration-oxidation, oxymercuration-reduction, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with KMnO_4 ,

Arenes and Aromaticity : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature of benzene derivatives:. Aromatic nucleus and side chain. Aromaticity: the Huckel rule, aromatic ions, annulenes up to 10 carbon atoms, aromatic, anti - aromatic and non - aromatic compounds. Aromatic electrophilic substitution & general pattern of the mechanism, mechanism of nitration, halogenation, sulphonation, and Friedel-Crafts reaction. Energy profile diagrams. Activating, deactivating substituents and orientation.

Dienes and Alkynes : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature and classification of dienes: isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes. Structure of butadiene, Chemical reactions :1,2 and 1,4 additions (Electrophilic & free radical mechanism), Diels-Alder reaction, Nomenclature, structure and bonding in alkynes. Methods of formation. Chemical reactions of alkynes, acidity of alkynes. Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions, hydroboration-oxidation of alkynes

Alkyl and Aryl Halides : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature and classes of alkyl halides, methods of formation, chemical reactions. Mechanisms and stereochemistry of nucleophilic substitution reactions of alkyl halides , SN^2 and SN^1 reactions with energy profile diagrams. Methods of formation and reactions of aryl halides, The addition-elimination and the elimination-addition mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Relative reactivities of alkyl halides vs allyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

Alcohols : (01 Mark)

Monohydric alcohols : nomenclature, methods of formation by reduction of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and esters. Hydrogen bonding. Acidic nature.

Reactions of alcohols. Dihydric alcohols — nomenclature, methods of formation,

chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage [$\text{Pb}(\text{OAc})_4$ and HIO_4] and pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement.

Epoxides : (01 Mark)

Synthesis of epoxides. Acid and base-catalyzed ring opening of epoxides, orientation of epoxide ring opening, reactions of Grignard and organolithium reagents with epoxides

Phenols : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature, structure and bonding. Preparation of phenols, physical properties and acidic character. Comparative acidic strengths of alcohols and phenols, resonance stabilization of phenoxide ion. Reactions of phenols — electrophilic aromatic substitution, Mechanisms of Fries rearrangement, Claisen rearrangement, Reimer-Tiemann reaction, Kolbe's reaction and Schotten and Baumann reactions.

Carboxylic Acids & Acid Derivatives : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature of Carboxylic acids, structure and bonding, physical properties, acidity of carboxylic acids, effects of substituents on acid strength. Preparation of carboxylic acids. Reactions of carboxylic acids. Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction. Reduction of carboxylic acids. Mechanism of decarboxylation. Structure, nomenclature and preparation of acid chlorides, esters, amides and acid anhydrides. Relative stability of acyl derivatives. Physical properties, interconversion of acid derivatives by nucleophilic acyl substitution. Mechanisms of esterification and hydrolysis (acidic and basic).

Amines : (01 Mark)

Structure and nomenclature of amines, physical properties. Separation of a mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features affecting basicity of amines. Preparation of alkyl and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds, nitriles, reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds. Gabriel phthalimide reaction, Hofmann bromamide reaction. Electrophilic aromatic substitution in aryl amines, reactions of amines with nitrous acid.

Diazonium Salts : (01 Mark)

Mechanism of diazotisation, structure of benzene diazonium chloride, Replacement of diazo group by H, OH, F, Cl, Br, I, NO₂ and CN groups, reduction of diazonium salts to hydrazines, coupling reaction and its synthetic application.

Nitro Compounds : (01 Mark)

Preparation of nitro alkanes and nitro arenes and their chemical reactions. Mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions in nitro arenes and their reductions in acidic, neutral and alkaline medium.

Aldehydes and Ketones : (03 Marks)

Nomenclature and structure of the carbonyl group. Synthesis of aldehydes and ketones with particular reference to the synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, advantage of oxidation of alcohols with chromium trioxide (Sarett reagent) pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC) and pyridinium dichromate., Physical properties. Comparison of reactivities of aldehydes and ketones. Mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl group with particular emphasis on benzoin, aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensations.

Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives. Wittig reaction. Mannich reaction. Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones, Cannizz reaction. MPV, Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH₄ and NaBH₄ reductions.

Carbohydrates : (02 Marks)

Classification and nomenclature. Monosaccharides, mechanism of osazone formation, interconversion of glucose and fructose, chain lengthening and chain shortening of aldoses. Configuration of monosaccharides. Erythro and threo diastereomers. Conversion of glucose into mannose. Formation of glycosides, ethers and esters.

Determination of ring size of glucose and fructose. Open chain and cyclic structure of D(+)-glucose & D(-) fructose. Mechanism of mutarotation. Structures of ribose and deoxyribose.

An introduction to disaccharides (maltose, sucrose and lactose) and polysaccharides (starch and cellulose) without involving structure determination.

Organometallic Compounds : (01 Mark)

Organomagnesium compounds: the Grignard reagents-formation, structure and chemical reactions. Organozinc compounds: formation and chemical reactions.

Organolithium compounds: formation and chemical reactions.

Heterocyclic Compounds : (02 Marks)

Introduction: Molecular orbital picture and aromatic characteristics of pyrrole, furan, thiophene and pyridine. Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with particular emphasis on the mechanism of electrophilic substitution. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reactions in pyridine derivatives. Comparison of basicity of pyridine, piperidine and pyrrole.

Introduction to condensed five and six- membered heterocycles. Preparation and reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline with special reference to Fischer indole synthesis, Skraup synthesis and Bischler-Napieralski synthesis. Mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions of quinoline and isoquinoline

Organosulphur Compounds : (01 Mark)

Nomenclature, structural features, Methods of formation and chemical reactions of thiols, thioethers, sulphonic acids, sulphonamides and sulphaguanidine. Synthetic detergents alkyl and aryl sulphonates.

Organic Synthesis via Enolates : (01 Mark)

Acidity of α -hydrogens, alkylation of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate. Synthesis of ethyl acetoacetate: the Claisen condensation. Keto-enol tautomerism of ethyl acetoacetate.

Synthetic Polymers : (01 Mark)

Addition or chain-growth polymerization. Free radical vinyl polymerization, ionic vinyl polymerization, Ziegler-Natta polymerization and vinyl polymers.

Condensation or step growth polymerization. Polyesters, polyamides, phenol formaldehyde resins, urea formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes.

Natural and synthetic rubbers.

Amino Acids, Peptides & Proteins : (01 Mark)

Classification, of amino acids. Acid-base behavior, isoelectric point and electrophoresis. Preparation of α -amino acids. Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins. Classification of proteins. Peptide structure

determination, end group analysis, selective hydrolysis of peptides. Classical peptide synthesis, solid-phase peptide synthesis. Structures of peptides and proteins: Primary & Secondary structure.

Ultraviolet (UV) absorption spectroscopy : (02 Marks)

Absorption laws (Beer-Lambert law), molar absorptivity, presentation and analysis of UV spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hypsochromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts. UV spectra of conjugated dienes and enones, Woodward-Fieser rules, calculation of λ_{\max} of simple conjugated dienes and α , β -unsaturated ketones. Applications of UV Spectroscopy in structure elucidation of simple organic compounds.

Infrared (IR) absorption spectroscopy :(02 Marks)

Molecular vibrations, Hooke's law, selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands, measurement of IR spectrum, fingerprint region, characteristic absorptions of various functional groups and interpretation of IR spectra of simple organic compounds.

Applications of IR spectroscopy in structure elucidation of simple organic compounds.

NMR Spectroscopy : (02 Marks)

Principle of nuclear magnetic resonance, the PMR spectrum, number of signals, peak areas, equivalent and nonequivalent protons positions of signals and chemical shift, shielding and deshielding of protons, proton counting, splitting of signals and coupling constants, magnetic equivalence of protons.

Discussion of PMR spectra of the molecules: ethyl bromide, n-propyl bromide, isopropyl bromide, 1,1-dibromoethane, 1,1,2-tribromoethane, ethanol, acetaldehyde, ethyl acetate, toluene, benzaldehyde and acetophenone. Simple problems on PMR spectroscopy for structure determination of organic compounds.

(E) Mathematics

Mathematics Common Syllabi for Entrance Examination M.Sc. (Mathematics) / M.Sc. (Mathematics with Computer Science)

Algebra.(5 Marks) Symmetric, Skew symmetric, Hermitian and skew Hermitian matrices. Elementary Operations on matrices. Rank of a matrix. Inverse of a matrix. Linear dependence and independence of rows and columns of matrices. Row rank and column rank of a matrix. Eigenvalues, eigenvectors and the characteristic equation of a matrix. Minimal polynomial of a matrix. Cayley Hamilton theorem and its use in finding the inverse of a matrix. Applications of matrices to a system of linear (both homogeneous and non-homogeneous) equations. Theorem on consistency of a system of linear equations. Unitary and Orthogonal Matrices, Bilinear and Quadratic forms. Relations between the roots and coefficients of general polynomial equation in one variable. Solutions of polynomial equations having conditions on roots. Common roots and multiple roots. Transformation of equations. Nature of the roots of an equation Descartes' rule of signs. Solutions of cubic equations (Cardan's method). Biquadratic equations and their solutions.

Calculus.(5 Marks) Definition of the limit of a function. Basic properties of limits, Continuous functions and classification of discontinuities. Differentiability. Successive differentiation. Leibnitz theorem. Maclaurin and Taylor series expansions. Asymptotes in Cartesian coordinates, intersection of curve and its asymptotes, asymptotes in polar coordinates. Curvature, radius of curvature for Cartesian curves, parametric curves, polar curves. Newton's method. Radius of curvature for pedal curves. Tangential polar equations. Centre of curvature. Circle of curvature. Chord of curvature, evolutes. Tests for concavity and convexity. Points of inflexion. Multiple points. Cusps, nodes & conjugate points. Type of cusps. Tracing of curves in Cartesian, parametric and polar co-ordinates. Reduction formulae. Rectification, intrinsic equations of curve. Quadrature (area) Sectorial area. Area bounded by closed curves. Volumes and surfaces of solids of revolution. Theorems of Pappus and Guldin.

Solid Geometry.(5 Marks) General equation of second degree. Tracing of conics. Tangent at any point to the conic, chord of contact, pole of line to the conic, director circle of conic. System of conics. Confocal conics. Polar equation of a conic, tangent and normal to the conic. Sphere: Plane section of a sphere. Sphere through a given circle. Intersection of two spheres, radical plane of two spheres. Co-axial system of spheres. Cones. Right circular cone, enveloping cone and reciprocal cone. Cylinder: Right circular cylinder and enveloping cylinder. Central Conicoids: Equation of tangent plane. Director sphere. Normal to the conicoids. Polar plane of a point. Enveloping cone of a conicoid. Enveloping cylinder of a conicoid. Paraboloids: Circular section, Plane sections of conicoids. Generating lines. Confocal conicoid. Reduction of second degree equations.

Number Theory and Trigonometry.(5 Marks) Divisibility, G.C.D.(greatest common divisors), L.C.M.(least common multiple). Primes, Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic. Linear Congruences, Fermat's theorem. Wilson's theorem and its converse. Linear Diophantine equations in two variables. Complete residue system and reduced residue system modulo m . Euler's ϕ function Euler's generalization of Fermat's theorem. Chinese Remainder Theorem. Quadratic residues. Legendre symbols. Lemma of Gauss; Gauss reciprocity law. Greatest integer function $[x]$. The number of divisors and the sum of divisors of a natural number n (The functions $d(n)$ and $\sigma(n)$). Mobius function and Mobius inversion formula. De Moivre's Theorem and its Applications. Expansion of trigonometrical functions. Direct circular and hyperbolic functions and their properties. Inverse circular and hyperbolic functions and their properties. Logarithm of a complex quantity. Gregory's series. Summation of Trigonometry series.

Ordinary Differential Equations. (5 Marks) Geometrical meaning of a differential equation. Exact differential equations, integrating factors. First order higher degree equations solvable for x, y, p Lagrange's equations, Clairaut's equations. Equation reducible to Clairaut's form. Singular solutions. Orthogonal trajectories: in Cartesian coordinates and polar coordinates. Self orthogonal family of curves.. Linear differential equations with constant coefficients. Homogeneous linear ordinary differential equations. Equations reducible to homogeneous linear ordinary differential equations. Linear differential equations of second order: Reduction to normal form. Transformation of the equation by changing the dependent variable/ the independent variable. Solution by operators of non-homogeneous linear differential equations.

Reduction of order of a differential equation. Method of variations of parameters. Method of undetermined coefficients. Total differential equations. Condition for $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$ to be exact. General method of solving $Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0$ by taking one variable constant. Method of auxiliary equations.

Vector Calculus.(5 Marks) Scalar and vector product of three vectors, product of four vectors. Reciprocal vectors. Vector differentiation. Scalar Valued point functions, vector valued point functions, derivative along a curve, directional derivatives. Gradient of a scalar point function, geometrical interpretation of grad ϕ , character of gradient as a point function. Divergence and curl of vector point function, characters of Div and Curl as point function, examples. Gradient, divergence and curl of sums and product and their related vector identities. Laplacian operator. Orthogonal curvilinear coordinates Conditions for orthogonality fundamental triad of mutually orthogonal unit vectors. Gradient, Divergence, Curl and Laplacian operators in terms of orthogonal curvilinear coordinates, Cylindrical co-ordinates and Spherical co-ordinates. Vector integration; Line integral, Surface integral, Volume integral. Theorems of Gauss, Green & Stokes and problems based on these theorems.

Advanced Calculus.(5 Marks) Continuity, Sequential Continuity, properties of continuous functions, Uniform continuity, chain rule of differentiability. Mean value theorems; Rolle's Theorem and Lagrange's mean value theorem and their geometrical interpretations. Taylor's Theorem with various forms of remainders, Darboux intermediate value theorem for derivatives, Indeterminate forms. Limit and continuity of real valued functions of two variables. Partial differentiation. Total Differentials; Composite functions & implicit functions. Change of variables. Homogenous functions & Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions. Taylor's theorem for functions of two variables. Differentiability of real valued functions of two variables. Schwarz and Young's theorem. Implicit function theorem. Maxima, Minima and saddle points of two variables. Lagrange's method of multipliers. Curves: Tangents, Principal normals, Binormals, Serret-Frenet formulae. Locus of the centre of curvature, Spherical curvature, Locus of centre of Spherical curvature, Involutives, evolutes, Bertrand Curves. Surfaces: Tangent planes, one parameter family of surfaces, Envelopes.

Partial Differential Equations.(5 Marks) Partial differential equations: Formation, order and degree, Linear and Non-Linear Partial differential equations of the first order: Complete solution, singular solution, General solution, Solution of Lagrange's linear equations, Charpit's general method of solution. Compatible systems of first order equations, Jacobi's method. Linear partial differential equations of second and higher orders, Linear and non-linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations with constant coefficients, Partial differential equation with variable coefficients reducible to equations with constant coefficients, their complimentary functions and particular Integrals, Equations reducible to linear equations with constant coefficients. Classification of linear partial differential equations of second order, Hyperbolic, parabolic and elliptic types, Reduction of second order linear partial

differential equations to Canonical (Normal) forms and their solutions, Solution of linear hyperbolic equations, Monge's method for partial differential equations of second order. Cauchy's problem for second order partial differential equations, Characteristic equations and characteristic curves of second order partial differential equation, Method of separation of variables: Solution of Laplace's equation, Wave equation (one and two dimensions), Diffusion (Heat) equation (one and two dimension) in Cartesian Co-ordinate system.

Statics.(5 Marks) Composition and resolution of forces. Parallel forces. Moments and Couples. Analytical conditions of equilibrium of coplanar forces. Friction. Centre of Gravity. Virtual work. Forces in three dimensions. Poinsots central axis. Wrenches. Null lines and planes. Stable and unstable equilibrium.

Sequences and Series.(5 Marks) Boundedness of the set of real numbers; least upper bound, greatest lower bound of a set, neighborhoods, interior points, isolated points, limit points, open sets, closed set, interior of a set, closure of a set in real numbers and their properties. Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem, Open covers, Compact sets and Heine-Borel Theorem. Sequence: Real Sequences and their convergence, Theorem on limits of sequence, Bounded and monotonic sequences, Cauchy's sequence, Cauchy general principle of convergence, Subsequences, Subsequential limits. Infinite series: Convergence and divergence of Infinite Series, Comparison Tests of positive terms Infinite series, Cauchy's general principle of Convergence of series, Convergence and divergence of geometric series, Hyper Harmonic series or p-series. Infinite series: D-Alembert's ratio test, Raabe's test, Logarithmic test, de Morgan and Bertrand's test, Cauchy's Nth root test, Gauss Test, Cauchy's integral test, Cauchy's condensation test. Alternating series, Leibnitz's test, absolute and conditional convergence, Arbitrary series: Abel's lemma, Abel's test, Dirichlet's test, Insertion and removal of parenthesis, re-arrangement of terms in a series, Dirichlet's theorem, Riemann's Re-arrangement theorem, Pringsheim's theorem (statement only), Multiplication of series, Cauchy product of series, (definitions and examples only) Convergence and absolute convergence of infinite products.

Special Functions and Integral Transforms.(5 Marks) Series solution of differential equations– Power series method, Definitions of Beta and Gamma functions. Bessel equation and its solution: Bessel functions and their properties-Convergence, recurrence, Relations and generating functions, Orthogonality of Bessel functions. Legendre and Hermite differential equations and their solutions: Legendre and Hermite functions and their properties-Recurrence Relations and generating functions. Orthogonality of Legendre and Hermite polynomials. Rodrigues' Formula for Legendre & Hermite Polynomials, Laplace Integral Representation of Legendre polynomial. Laplace Transforms – Existence theorem for Laplace transforms, Linearity of the Laplace transforms, Shifting theorems, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, Differentiation and integration of Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem, Inverse Laplace transforms, convolution theorem, Inverse Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, solution of ordinary differential equations using Laplace transform. Fourier transforms: Linearity property, Shifting, Modulation, Convolution Theorem, Fourier Transform of Derivatives, Relations between Fourier transform and Laplace transform, Parseval's identity for Fourier transforms, solution of differential Equations using Fourier Transforms.

Programming in C.(5 Marks) Programmer's model of a computer, Algorithms, Flow charts, Data types, Operators and expressions, Input / outputs functions. Decisions control structure: Decision statements, Logical and conditional statements, Implementation of Loops, Switch Statement & Case control structures. Functions, Preprocessors and Arrays. Strings: Character Data Type, Standard String handling Functions, Arithmetic Operations on Characters. Structures: Definition, using Structures, use of Structures in Arrays and Arrays in Structures. Pointers: Pointers Data type, Pointers and Arrays, Pointers and Functions.

Real Analysis.(7 Marks) Riemann integral, Integrability of continuous and monotonic functions, The Fundamental theorem of integral calculus. Mean value theorems of integral calculus. Improper integrals and their convergence, Comparison tests, Abel's and Dirichlet's tests, Frullani's integral, Integral as a function of a parameter. Continuity, Differentiability and integrability of an integral of a function of a parameter. Definition and examples of metric spaces, neighborhoods, limit points, interior points, open and closed sets, closure and interior, boundary points, subspace of a metric space, equivalent metrics, Cauchy sequences, completeness, Cantor's intersection theorem, Baire's category theorem, contraction Principle. Continuous functions, uniform continuity, compactness for metric spaces, sequential compactness, Bolzano-Weierstrass property, total boundedness, finite intersection property, continuity in relation with compactness, connectedness, components, continuity in relation with connectedness.

Groups and Rings.(7 Marks) Definition of a group with example and simple properties of groups, Subgroups and Subgroup criteria, Generation of groups, cyclic groups, Cosets, Left and right cosets, Index of a sub-group Coset decomposition, Lagrange's theorem and its consequences, Normal subgroups, Quotient groups. Homomorphism, isomorphism, automorphism and inner automorphism of a group. Automorphism of cyclic groups, Permutations groups. Even and odd permutations. Alternating groups, Cayley's theorem, Center of a group and derived group of a

group. Introduction to rings, subrings, integral domains and fields, Characteristics of a ring. Ring homomorphisms, ideals (principle, prime and Maximal) and Quotient rings, Field of quotients of an integral domain. Euclidean rings, Polynomial rings, Polynomials over the rational field, The Eisenstein's criterion, Polynomial rings over commutative rings, Unique factorization domain, R unique factorization domain implies so is $R[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n]$

Dynamics.(6 Marks) Velocity and acceleration along radial, transverse, tangential and normal directions. Relative velocity and acceleration. Simple harmonic motion. Elastic strings. Mass, Momentum and Force. Newton's laws of motion. Work, Power and Energy. Definitions of Conservative forces and Impulsive forces. Motion on smooth and rough plane curves. Projectile motion of a particle in a plane. Vector angular velocity. General motion of a rigid body. Central

Orbits, Kepler laws of motion. Motion of a particle in three dimensions. Acceleration in terms of different coordinate systems.

Real and Complex Analysis.(7 Marks) Jacobians, Beta and Gamma functions, Double and Triple integrals, Dirichlet integrals, change of order of integration in double integrals. Fourier's series: Fourier expansion of piecewise monotonic functions, Properties of Fourier Co-efficients, Dirichlet's conditions, Parseval's identity for Fourier series, Fourier series for even and odd functions, Half range series, Change of Intervals. Extended Complex Plane, Stereographic projection of complex numbers, continuity and differentiability of complex functions, Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations. Harmonic functions. Mappings by elementary functions: Translation, rotation, Magnification and Inversion. Conformal Mappings, Mobius transformations. Fixed points, Cross ratio, Inverse Points and critical mappings.

Linear Algebra.(7 Marks) Vector spaces, subspaces, Sum and Direct sum of subspaces, Linear span, Linearly Independent and dependent subsets of a vector space. Finitely generated vector space, Existence theorem for basis of a finitely generated vector space, Finite dimensional vector spaces, Invariance of the number of elements of bases sets, Dimensions, Quotient space and its dimension. Homomorphism and isomorphism of vector spaces, Linear transformations and linear forms on vector spaces, Vector space of all the linear transformations Dual Spaces, Bidual spaces, annihilator of subspaces of finite dimensional vector spaces, Null Space, Range space of a linear transformation, Rank and Nullity Theorem. Algebra of Linear Transformation, Minimal Polynomial of a linear transformation, Singular and non-singular linear transformations, Matrix of a linear Transformation, Change of basis, Eigen values and Eigen vectors of linear transformations. Inner product spaces, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, Orthogonal vectors, Orthogonal complements, Orthogonal sets and Basis, Bessel's inequality for finite dimensional vector spaces, Gram-Schmidt, Orthogonalization process, Adjoint of a linear transformation and its properties, Unitary linear transformations.

Numerical Analysis.(6 Marks) Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations: Bisection method, Regula-Falsi method, Secant method, Newton-Raphson's method. Newton's iterative method for finding n th root of a number, Order of convergence of above methods. Simultaneous linear algebraic equations: Gauss-elimination method, Gauss-Jordan method, Triangularization method (LU decomposition method). Crout's method, Cholesky Decomposition method. Iterative method, Jacobi's method, Gauss-Seidel's method, Relaxation method. Finite Differences operators and their relations. Finding the missing terms and effect of error in a difference tabular values, Interpolation with equal intervals: Newton's forward and Newton's backward interpolation formulae. Interpolation with unequal intervals: Newton's divided difference, Lagrange's Interpolation formulae, Hermite Formula. Central Differences: Gauss forward and Gauss's backward interpolation formulae, Sterling, Bessel Formula. Probability distribution of random variables, Binomial distribution, Poisson's distribution, Normal distribution: Mean, Variance and Fitting. Numerical Differentiation: Derivative of a function using interpolation formulae. Eigen Value Problems: Power method, Jacobi's method, Given's method, House-Holder's method, QR method, Lanczos method. Numerical Integration: Newton-Cotes's Quadrature formula, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third and three-eighths rule, Chebyshev formula, Gauss Quadrature formula. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations: Single step methods-Picard's method. Taylor's series method, Euler's method, Runge-Kutta Methods. Multiple step methods; Predictor-corrector method, Modified Euler's method, Milne-Simpson's method.

(F) Physics

Syllabus for the Entrance Examination for Centralized admissions in Physics

MECHANICS (7 Marks)

Mechanics of single and system of particles, conservation of laws of linear momentum, angular momentum and mechanical energy, Centre of mass and equation of motion, constrained motion, degrees of freedom. Generalised coordinates, displacement, velocity, acceleration, momentum, force and potential. Hamilton's variational principle, Lagrange's equation of motion from Hamilton's Principle. Linear Harmonic oscillator, simple pendulum, Atwood's machine.

Rotation of Rigid body, moment of inertia, torque, angular momentum, kinetic energy of rotation. Theorems of perpendicular and parallel axes with proof. Moment of inertia of solid sphere, hollow sphere, spherical shell, solid cylinder, hollow cylinder and solid bar of rectangular cross-section. Acceleration of a body rolling down on an inclined plane.

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM (7 Marks)

Mathematical Background : Scalars and Vectors, dot and cross product, Triple vector product, Scalar and Vector fields, Differentiation of a vector, Gradient of a scalar and its physical significance, Integration of a vector (line, surface and volume integral and their physical significance), Gauss's divergence theorem and Stokes theorem.

Electrostatic Field : Derivation of field E from potential as gradient, derivation of Laplace and Poisson equations. Electric flux, Gauss's Law and its application to spherical shell, uniformly charged infinite plane and uniformly charged straight wire, mechanical force of charged surface, Energy per unit volume.

Magnetostatics : Magnetic Induction, magnetic flux, solenoidal nature of Vector field of induction. Properties of B (i) $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$ (ii) $\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J}$. Electronic theory of dia and para magnetism (Langevin's theory). Domain theory of ferromagnetism. Cycle of Magnetisation - Hysteresis (Energy dissipation, Hysteresis loss and importance of Hysteresis curve).

Electromagnetic Theory : Maxwell equation and their derivations, Displacement Current. Vector and scalar potentials, boundary conditions at interface between two different media, Propagation of electromagnetic wave (Basic idea, no derivation). Poynting vector and Poynting theorem.

PROPERTIES OF MATTER, KINETIC THEORY AND RELATIVITY (8 Marks)

Properties of Matter (Elasticity) : Elasticity, Hooke's law, Elastic constants and their relations, Poisson's ratio, torsion of cylinder and twisting couple. Bending of beam (bending moment and its magnitude) cantilevers, Centrally loaded beam.

Kinetic Theory of Gases : Assumptions of Kinetic Theory of gases, Law of equipartition of energy and its applications for specific heats of gases. Maxwell distribution of speeds and velocities (derivation required), Experimental verification of Maxwell's Law of speed distribution : most probable speed, average and r.m.s. speed, mean free path. Transport of energy and momentum, diffusion of gases. Brownian motion (qualitative), Real gases, Van der Waal's equation.

Theory of Relativity : Reference systems, inertial frames, Galilean invariance and Conservation laws, Newtonian relativity principle, Michelson - Morley experiment : Search for ether. Lorentz transformations length contraction, time dilation, velocity addition theorem, variation of mass with velocity and mass energy equivalence.

ELECTRO MAGNETIC INDUCTION AND ELECTRONIC DEVICES (8 Marks)

Electromagnetic Induction : Growth and decay of current in a circuit with (a) Capacitance and resistance (b) resistance and inductance (c) Capacitance and inductance (d) Capacitance, resistance and inductance. AC circuit analysis using complex variables with (a) capacitance and resistance, (b) resistance and inductance (c) capacitance and inductance (d) capacitance, inductance and resistance Series and parallel resonant circuit. Quality factor (Sharpness of resonance).

Semiconductor Diodes : Energy bands in solids. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor, Hall effect, P-N junction diode and their V-I characteristics. Zener and avalanche breakdown.

Resistance of a diode, Light Emitting diodes (LED). Photo conduction in semiconductors, photodiode, Solar Cell.

Diode Rectifiers : P-N junction half wave and full wave rectifier. Types of filter circuits (Land - with theory). Zener diode as voltage regulator, simple regulated power supply.

Transistors : Junction Transistors, Bipolar transistors, working of NPN and PNP transistors, Transistor connections (C-B, C-E, C-C mode), constants of transistor. Transistor characteristic curves (excluding h parameter analysis), advantage of C-B configuration. C.R. O. (Principle, construction and working in detail).

Transistor Amplifiers : Transistor biasing, methods of Transistor biasing and stabilization. D.C. load line. Common-base and common-emitter transistor biasing. Common-base, common-emitter amplifiers. Classification of amplifiers. Resistance-capacitance (R-C) coupled amplifier (two stage; concept of band width, no derivation). Feedback in amplifiers, advantage of negative feedback Emitter follower.

Oscillators : Oscillators, Principle of Oscillation, Classification of Oscillator. Condition for self sustained oscillation : Barkhausen Criterion for oscillations. Tuned collector common emitter oscillator. Hartley oscillator. Colpitt's oscillator.

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & THERMODYNAMICS (7 Marks)

Computer Programming : Computer organisation, Binary representation, Algorithm development, flow charts and their interpretation. Fortran Preliminaries; Integer and floating point arithmetic expression, built in functions executable and non-executable statements, input and output statements, Formats, I.F. DO and GO TO statements, Dimension arrays statement function and function subprogram.

Thermodynamics-I : Second law of thermodynamics, Carnot theorem, Absolute scale of temperature, Absolute Zero, Entropy, show that $dQ/T=0$, T-S diagram, Nernst heat law, Joule's free expansion, Joule Thomson (Porous plug) experiment. Joule - Thomson effect. Liquefaction of gases. Air pollution due to internal combustion Engine.

Thermodynamics-II : Derivation of Clausius - Clapeyron latent heat equation. Phase diagram and triple point of a substance. Development of Maxwell thermodynamical relations. Application of Maxwell relations in the derivation of relations between entropy, specific heats and thermodynamic variables.

Thermodynamic functions : Internal energy (U), Helmholtz function (F), Enthalpy (H), Gibbs function (G) and the relations between them.

Optics – I (7 Marks)

Fourier Analysis and Fourier Transforms : Speed of transverse waves on a uniform string. Speed of longitudinal waves in a fluid, superposition of waves (physical idea), Fourier Analysis of complex waves and its application for the resolution of triangular and rectangular waves, half and full wave rectifier outputs. Fourier transforms and its properties. Application of Fourier transform to following function.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(I)} \quad & f(x) = e^{-x^2/2} \\ \text{(II)} \quad & f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & [x] < a \\ 0 & [x] > a \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Geometrical Optics : Matrix methods in paraxial optics, effects of translation and refraction, derivation of thin lens and thick lens formulae, unit plane, nodal planes, system of thin lenses, Chromatic, spherical coma, astigmatism and distortion aberrations and their remedies.

Physical Optics

Interference : Interference by Division of Wavefront : Fresnel's Biprism and its applications to determination of wave length of sodium light and thickness of mica sheet, Lloyd's mirror, phase change on reflection.

STATISTICAL MECHANICS (8 Marks)

Probability, some probability considerations, combinations possessing maximum probability, combinations possessing minimum probability, distribution of molecules in two boxes. Case with weightage (general). Phase space, microstates and macrostates, statistical fluctuations constraints and accessible States Thermodynamical probability. Postulates of Statistical Physics. Division of Phase space into cells, Condition of equilibrium between two

system in thermal contact. b-Parameter. Entropy and Probability, Boltzman's distribution law. Evaluation of A and b. Bose-Einstein statistics, Application of B.E. Statistics to Planck's radiation law, B.E. gas. Fermi-Dirac statistics, M.B. Law as limiting case of B.E. Degeneracy and B.E., Condensation. F.D. Gas, electron gas in metals. Zero point energy. Specific heat of metals and its solution.

Optics – II (8 Marks)

Interference by Division of Amplitude : Colour of thin, films, wedge shaped film, Newton's rings. Interferometers: Michelson's interferometer and its application to (I) Standardisation of a meter (II) determination of wave length. Fresnel's Diffraction : Fresnel's half period zones, zone plate, diffraction at a straight edge, rectangular slit and circular aperture.

Fraunhofer diffraction : One slit diffraction, Two slit diffraction N-slit diffraction, Plane transmission grating spectrum, Dispersive power of a grating , Limit of resolution, Rayleigh's criterion, resolving power of telescope and a grating.

Polarization : Polarisation and Double Refraction : Polarisation by reflection, Polarisation by scattering, Malus law, Phenomenon of double refraction, Huygen's wave theory of double refraction (Normal and oblique incidence), Analysis of Polarised light : Nicol prism, Quarter wave plate and half wave plate, production and detection of (i) Plane polarized light (ii) Circularly polarized light and (iii) Elliptically polarized light, Optical activity, Fresnel's theory of rotation, Specific rotation, Polarimeters (half shade and Biquartz).

SOLID STATE PHYSICS (10 Marks)

Crystalline and glassy forms, liquid crystals. Crystal structure, periodicity, lattice and basis, crystal translational vectors and axes. Unit cell and primitive cell, Wigner Seitz primitive Cell, symmetry operations for a two dimensional crystal, Bravais lattices in two and three dimensions. crystal planes and Miller indices, Interplanar spacing, Crystal structures of Zinc sulphide, Sodium Chloride and diamond, X-ray diffraction, Bragg's Law and experimental x-ray diffraction methods, K-space. Reciprocal lattice and its physical significance, reciprocal lattice vectors, reciprocal lattice to a simple cubic lattice, b.c.c and f.c.c. Specific heat : Specific heat of solids, Einstein's theory of specific heat, Debye model of specific heat of solids.

QUANTUM MECHANICS (10 Marks)

Failure of (Classical) E.M. Theory. quantum theory of radiation (old quantum theory), Photon, photoelectric effect and Einstein's photoelectric equation Compton effect (theory and result).

Inadequacy of old quantum theory, de-Broglie hypothesis. Davisson and Germer experiment. G.P. Thomson experiment. Phase velocity group velocity, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Time-energy and angular momentum, position uncertainty Uncertainty principle from de-Broglie wave, (wave-particle duality). Gamma Ray Microscope, Electron diffraction from a slit.

Derivation of time dependent Schrodinger wave equation, eigen values, eigen functions, wave functions and its significance. Normalization of wave function, concept of observable and operator. Solution of Schrodinger equation for harmonic oscillator ground states and excited states.

Application of Schrodinger equation in the solution of the following one-dimensional problems : Free particle in one dimensional box (solution of Schrodinger wave equation, eigen function, eigen values, quantization of energy and momentum, nodes and antinodes, zero point energy).

- i) One-dimensional potential barrier $E > V_0$ (Reflection and Transmission coefficient).
- ii) One-dimensional potential barrier, $E > V_0$ (Reflection Coefficient, penetration of leakage coefficient, penetration depth).

ATOMIC MOLECULAR AND LASER PHYSICS (10 Marks)

Vector atom model, quantum numbers associated with vector atom model, penetrating and non-penetrating orbits (qualitative description), spectral lines in different series of alkali spectra, spin orbit interaction and doublet term

separation LS or Russel-Saunders Coupling jj coupling (expressions for interaction energies for LS and jj coupling required).

Zeeman effect (normal and Anomalous) Zeeman pattern of D 1 and D2 lines of Na-atom, Paschen, Back effect of a single valence electron system. Weak field Stark effect of Hydrogen atom.

Discrete set of electronic energies of molecules. quantisation of Vibrational and rotational energies Raman effect (Quantitative description) Stokes and anti Stokes lines.

Main features of a laser : Directionality, high intensity, high degree of coherence, spatial and temporal coherence, Einstein's coefficients and possibility of amplification, momentum transfer, life time of a level, kinetics of optical absorption. Threshold condition for laser emission, Laser pumping, He-Ne laser and RUBY laser (Principle, Construction and Working). Applications of laser in the field of medicine and industry.

NUCLEAR PHYSICS (10 Marks)

Nuclear mass and binding energy, systematics nuclear binding energy, nuclear stability, Nuclear size, spin, parity, statistics magnetic dipole moment, quadrupole moment (shape concept), Determination of mass by Bain-Bridge, Bain-Bridge and Jordan mass spectrograph, Determination of charge by Mosley law Determination of size of nuclei by Rutherford Back Scattering.

Interaction of heavy charged particles (Alpha particles), alpha disintegration and its theory Energy loss of heavy charged particle (idea of Bethe formula, no derivation), Energetics of alpha -decay, Range and straggling of alpha particles. Geiger-Nuttall law.

Introduction of light charged particle (Beta-particle), Origin of continuous beta-spectrum (neutrino hypothesis) types of beta decay and energetics of beta decay, Energy loss of beta-particles (ionization), Range of electrons, absorption of beta-particles.

Interaction of Gamma Ray, Nature of gamma rays, Energetics of gamma rays, passage of Gamma radiations through matter (photoelectric, Compton and pair production effect) electron positron annihilation. Absorption of Gamma rays (Mass attenuation coefficient) and its application.

Nuclear reactions, Elastic scattering, Inelastic scattering, Nuclear disintegration, photonuclear reaction, Radiative capture, Direct reaction, heavy ion reactions and spallation Reactions, conservation laws. Q-value and reaction threshold. Nuclear Reactors General aspects of Reactor design. Nuclear fission and fusion reactors (Principles, construction, working and use) Linear accelerator, Tandem accelerator, Cyclotron and Betatron accelerators.

Ionization chamber, proportional counter, G.M. counter detailed study, scintillation counter and semiconductor detector.

APPENDIX-A

Copy of letter No.62/17/95-6 GSI dated 3.10.96 from the Chief Secretary to Govt., Haryana, Chandigarh and addressed to all Heads of Departments, Commissioners, Ambala, Rohtak, Gurgaon and Hisar Division, All Deputy Commissioners & all Sub-Divisional Officers in Haryana, Registrar, Punjab and Haryana High Court and all District Sessions Judges in Haryana.

Subject : Bonafide Residents of Haryana - Guidelines regarding

Sir,

I am directed to invite your attention to Haryana Govt. letters on the subject noted above vide which the instructions were issued regarding simplification procedure for obtaining the certificate of Domicile for the purpose of admission to educational institutions (including technical/medical institutions). The matter has been reconsidered in the light of judgement delivered by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in the case of Dr. Pardeep Jain Vs Union of India and others reported as AIR 1984-SC-1421, wherein it has been held that instead of word 'Domicile', the word 'Resident' be used in the instructions issued by the State Government, and it has been decided to revise the Government instructions. Henceforth the following categories of persons would be eligible for the grant of Resident Certificate:-

- i) Candidates who have passed the examination qualifying there for selection in an institution from a school/college in Haryana;
 - ii) Children/wards (if parents are not living)/dependants:
 - a) of the regular employees of Haryana State posted in or outside Haryana State or Working on deputation;
 - b) of the regular employees of the statutory bodies/Corporations established by or under an act of the State of Haryana who are posted in Chandigarh or in Haryana or outside Haryana;
 - c) of the regular employees of the Government of India posted in Chandigarh or in Haryana in connection with the affairs of the Haryana Government.
 - iii) Children/wards (if parents are not living)/dependants of persons who, after retirement, have permanently settled in Haryana, and draw their pensions from the treasuries situated in the state of Haryana.
 - iv) Children/wards (if parents are not living)/dependants of pensioners of Haryana Govt., irrespective of the fact that the original home of the retiree is in a state other than Haryana or he has settled after retirement in or outside Haryana;
 - v) Children/wards (if parents are not living)/dependants of persons who have permanent home in Haryana and include persons who have been residing in Haryana for a period of not less than 15 years or who have permanent home in Haryana but on account of their occupation they are living outside Haryana;
 - vi) The wives of such persons who are bonafide residents of Haryana irrespective of the fact that they had belonged to any other State before marriage;
 - viii) Children/wards of the accredited journalists residing at Chandigarh and recognized by Govt. of Haryana (added vide C.S. letter No. 62/27/2003-6 GSI dated 29/7/2003)
 - vii) Persons who were born in Haryana and produce a certificate to that effect; Provided that the parents/guardians (if parents are not living) of persons belonging to any one of the above mentioned categories are:
 - a) citizens of India;
 - b) produce an affidavit to the effect that they or their children/wards (if parents are not living)/dependants have not obtained the benefit of domicile in any other State.
2. All candidates claiming to be bonafide residents of Haryana should produce a Haryana Resident Certificate signed by the District Magistrate/General Assistant to Deputy Commissioner or Sub Divisional Officer (Civil), Tehsildar (Revenue Department of the District/Sub Division to which the candidates belong). Resident Certificate in respect of the children/wards/dependants of Haryana Government employees who are posted at Chandigarh, Delhi or elsewhere or in respect of the children/wards/dependants of the employees of the statutory bodies/Corporations of Haryana established by or under an Act of the

State of Haryana and located at Chandigarh, in Haryana or outside Haryana, should be issued by their respective Heads of Departments.

3. Candidates, seeking admission in educational institutions (including Medical and Technical institutions) located in Haryana, may not be required to produce Resident Certificate, if they have passed the examination from a school situated in Haryana. For this purpose, a certificate of the Principal/Head Master from concerned institution where the children/wards studied last should be considered sufficient. The Principal/Head Master of the institution shall be competent to issue such certificate which should be sufficient.
4. If a candidate is admitted on the basis of claim that he belongs to the State of Haryana, but at any subsequent time, it is discovered that his claim was false, the student shall be removed from the institution, and all fees and other dues paid upto the date of such removal shall be confiscated. Principal/Head Master may take such other action against the student and his/her parents/guardians, as he may deem proper in the circumstances of any particular case.
5. These instructions may kindly be noted carefully for compliance.

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- Note :**
1. The State Government, vide letter no. 22/28/2003-3GS-III dated 30.1.2004, has decided that henceforth Circle Revenue Officers (Tehsildar/Naib Tehsildar-cum-Executive Magistrate concerned has been authorized to issue Resident as well as Caste Certificates (SC/BC/OBC) . In case of Haryana Govt. employees serving in the offices located at Chandigarh/Panchkula and residing at Chandigarh/Panchukula, the Resident Certificate and Caste Certificates to SC/BC employees and their children will be issued by their respective Heads of the Departments. The proforma for these certificates have also been prescribed by the State Govt. (Appendix-A-I, B & C). Therefore, all the candidates will be required to submit such certificates in the prescribed proforma. The certificate issued by anyone other than the competent authority in the proforma other than the prescribed proforma will not be accepted.
 2. Haryana Resident Certificate should be of the date of 30.01.2004 or after. Certificates issued before this date will not be accepted. The candidates must ensure that they get **Haryana Resident Certificates and not Haryana Domicile Certificate from the appropriate authority as Haryana Domicile Certificate is invalid for the purpose of admission.**

APPENDIX- A 1

RESIDENCE CERTIFICATE TO BE ISSUED BY THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER/ SUB-DIVISIONAL OFFICER (CIVIL)/, G.A. TO D.C./D.R.O./EM/TEHSILDAR

Certified that Sh. S/o Sh. father/guardian of Miss/Mr. holds (name of the child/ward with full address) immovable property at (place and District) in the State of Haryana for the past years.

OR

Certified that Miss/Mr..... S/o Sh. Resident of was born in Haryana as per birth certificate.

Dated:

Signature of the Authority
(mentioned above)
(with seal)

APPENDIX- A 2

RESIDENCE CERTIFICATE TO BE ISSUED BY HEAD OF DEPARTMENT

Certified that Sh. S/o Sh. father of Miss/Mr. is an employee of the (Name of office) of Haryana Government. He is working as, and is posted at He has more than three years service at his credit.

Place:

Head of the Department
(with seal)

Dated:

APPENDIX- A 3

RESIDENCE CERTIFICATE TO BE ISSUED BY THE PRINCIPAL/HEAD MASTER OF THE GOVERNMENT/RECOGNIZED SCHOOL/COLLEGE

It is certified that Miss/Mr.S/o/ D/o Sh. has been a student of this School/College for a period of Year (s), from to He/she left the school/college on

Dated :

Sign. of Principal/Head Master
(with seal)

Place :

APPENDIX- A 4

RESIDENCE CERTIFICATE TO BE ISSUED BY THE RESPECTIVE HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT IN THE CASE OF THE GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Certified that Sh. S/o Sh. father of Miss/Mr. is an employee of Government of India working as He has been posted at Chandigarh/Haryana in connection with the affairs of Haryana Government for the past three years.

Dated

Head of Department
(with seal)

**AFFIDAVIT OF THE PARENT /GUARDIAN TO BE ATTESTED BY THE EXECUTIVE
MAGISTRATE/OATH COMMISSIONER/NOTARY PUBLIC.**

I _____ father/mother/guardian of _____ Miss/Mr.
_____ resident of _____. do hereby solemnly state and affirm

as under:

1. That I am a Citizen of India.
2. That neither the deponent nor the child/ward of the deponent has obtained the benefit of 'Residence' in any other State.

Dated.....

DEPONENT

VERIFICATION

Verified that the contents of my above given affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and nothing has been concealed therein.

Dated.....

DEPONENT

HARYANA GOVERNMENT

Certificate Sr.No...../Year...../Teh.....

Photo of applicant
To be attested by
the Issuing Authority

SCHEDULED CASTE-CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Shri/Smt./Kumari..... Son/Daughter of Sh.....resident of Village/Town.....Tehsil Districtof the State/Union Territory_____ belongs to the Caste/Tribe, which is recognized as a Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe under the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order 1950.

2. Shri/Smt./Kumari.....and/or his/her family ordinarily Reside(s) in Village/Town.....of Tehsil Districtof the State/Union Territory_____

Dated.:
Place :

Signature with seal of Issuing Authority
Full Name.....
Designation.....
Address with
Telephone No.with STD Code.....

**Issuing Authority: Tehsildar-cum-Executive Magistrate,
Naib Tehsildar-cum-Executive Magistrate
Head of Department in case of Government employee.**

HARYANA GOVERNMENT

Certificate Sr.No...../Year...../Teh.....

Photo of applicant
To be attested by
the Issuing Authority

BACKWARD CLASS CERTIFICATE
Block `A` OR `B`

This is to certify that Shri/Smt./Kumari..... Son/Daughter of Sh.....resident of Village/Town.....Tehsil Districtthe State/Union Territory_____ belongs to the Caste. This caste is mentioned in the State list of BC Block _____.

2. Shri/Smt./Kumari.....and/or his/her family ordinarily Reside(s) in Village/Town.....of Tehsil Districtof the State/Union Territory_____

3. This is to certify that he/she does not belong to the person/section (Creamy layer) as per State Govt. letter No.1170-SW(1)-95 dated 07.06.1995, No.22/36/2000-3GS-III dated 9.8.2000 & No.213-SW(1)-2010 dated 31.8.2010.

Dated.:
Place :

Signature with seal of Issuing Authority
Full Name.....
Designation.....
Address with
Telephone No.with STD Code.....

Issuing Authority: Tehsildar-cum-Executive Magistrate,
Naib Tehsildar-cum-Executive Magistrate
Head of Department in case of Government employee.

APPENDIX-E

CERTIFICATE FOR CHILDREN/GRAND CHAILDREN OF FREEDOM FIGHTERS

No.....

Dated:.....

Certified that ShriSon/Daughter of Shri
Resident of village, Police Station, Tehsil
....., District was a bonafide Freedom Fighter.

Signature of Officer authorized
By chief Secretary, Haryana
To issue such certificate
(with office seal & Stamp)

APPENDIX-F

**CERTIFICATE FOR DECEASED/DISABLED/DISCHARGED MILITARY PERSONNEL/ SERVING
MILITARY PERSONNEL/EX-SERVICEMEN**

Certified that Sh. Father of (name of the
Candidate) is serving military personnel/an ex-serviceman and he/his son/daughter is entitled for the benefit of
reservation of seats for admission in course in _____. University. He detailed particulars are as under:

1. Name
2. Father's Name.....
3. Address.....
4. Reasons of discharge/retirement.....
5. Whether deceased/disabled during military service.....
If so, give details.....
6. Categories.....
7. If serving, Rank and place of Posting.....

Place :

Date :

Signature of Secretary
Zila Sainik Board or
Commanding Officer
(Seal of the above authority)

APPENDIX-G

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER OF THE CONCERNED DISTRICT

No.....

Dated.....

Certified that Shri/Km./Smt. Son/Daughter of Shri resident of District. appeared before the undersigned for medical check up. On medical examination, he/she is found suffering from and thus he/she is Physically Handicapped. His/Her percentage of Handicap is % (in figure) (in words).

Professor & Head,

Dept. of

Chief Medical Officer

..... (Haryana)

(Signature of Applicant)

(Seal of the above authority)

**LIST OF BACKWARD CLASSES IN HARYANA STATE
BLOCK 'A'**

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Aheria, Aheri, Heri,
Naik, Thori or Turi, Hari | 2. Barra |
| 3. Beta, Hensi or Hesi | 4. Bagria |
| 5. Barwar | 6. Barai, Tamboli |
| 7. Baragi, Bairagi, Swami Sadh | 8. Battera |
| 9. Bharbhujia, Bharbhunja | 10. Bhat, Bhatra, Darpi, Ramiya |
| 11. Bhuhalia Lohar | 12. Changar |
| 13. Chirimar | 14. Chang |
| 15. Chimba, Chhipi, Chimpa,
Darzi, Rohilla | 16. Daiya |
| 17. Dhobis | 18. Dakaut |
| 19. Dhimar, Mallah, Kashyap,
Rajpoot, Kahar, Jhiwar,
Dhinwar, Khewat, Mehra,
Nishad, Sakka, Bhisti,
Sheikh-Abbasi | 20. Dhosali, Dosali |
| 21. Faquir | 22. Gwaria, Gauria or Gwar |
| 23. Ghirath | 24. Ghasi, Ghasiara or Ghosi |
| 25. Gorkhas | 26. Gawala, Gowala |
| 27. Gadaria, Pal, Baghel | 28. Garhi-Lohar |
| 29. Hajjam, Nai, Nais, Sain | 30. Jhangra Brahman, Khati,
Suthar, Dhiman- Brahmin
Tarkhan, Barhai, Baddi. |
| 31. Joginath, Jogi, Nath, Yogi | 32. Kanjar or Kanchan |
| 33. Kurmi | 34. Kumhars, Prajapati |
| 35. Kamboj | 36. Khanjhera |
| 37. Kuchband | 38. Labana |
| 39. Lakhera, Manihar, Kachera | 40. Lohar, Panchal-Brahmin |
| 41. Madari | 42. Mochi |
| 43. Mirasi | 44. Nar |
| 45. Noongar | 46. Nalband |

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 47. Pinja, Penja | 48. Rehar, Rehara or Re |
| 49. Raigar | 50. Rai Sikhs |
| 51. Rechband | 52. Shorgir, Shergir |
| 53. Soi | 54. Singhikant, Singiwala |
| 55. Sunar, Zargar, Soni | 56. Thathera, Tamera |
| 57. Teli | 58. Banjara, Banjara |
| 59. Weaver (Jullaha) | 60. Badi/Baddon |
| 61. Bhattu/Chattu | 62. Mina |
| 63. Rahbari | 64. Charan |
| 65. Chaaraj (Mahabrahman) | 66. Udasin |
| 67. Ramgarhia | 68. Rangrez, Lilgar, Nilgar, Lallari |
| 69. Dawala, Soni- Dawala, Nyaaria | 70. Bhar, Rajbhar |
| 71. Nat (Muslim) | 72. Jangam |

BLOCK 'B'

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| 1. Ahir/Yadav | 2. Gujjar |
| 3. Lodh/Lodha/Lodhi | 4. Saini, Shakya, Kushwaha,
Koeri, Maurya |
| 5. Meo | 6. Gosai/Gosain/Goswami |

APPENDIX-I

Copy of letter No. 1170-SW (I)-95 dated 7.6.95 received from the Commissioner & Secretary to Government, Haryana, Welfare of Scheduled Castes and Backward Classes Department, Haryana, Chandigarh, addressed to all Heads of Departments, Commissioners, Ambala, Hisar, Rohtak and Gurgaon Divisions, all Deputy Commissioners & Sub Divisional Officers in Haryana and Registrar, Punjab and Haryana High Court, Chandigarh.

Sub: Exclusion of socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from Backward Classes.

Sir,

I am directed to invite your attention to the subject mentioned above and to state that following the Supreme Court judgement in the Indira Sawhney and others versus Union of India case, the Haryana Government vide notification dated 12.10.1993 had set up the Haryana Second Backward Classes Commission. The terms of reference of this Commission were to entertain, examine and recommend upon requests for inclusion and complaints of over-inclusion and under-inclusion in the list of Backward Classes. Vide notification dated 26-5-1994, the Commission was also assigned the function of specifying the basis, applying the relevant and requisite socio-economic criteria to exclude socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from Backward Classes.

In its report submitted on 16.5.1995, the Haryana Second Backward Classes Commission had recommended the criteria for excluding socially advanced persons/sections (Creamy Layer) from Backward Classes. After considering these recommendations, the Government has decided that the benefit of reservation shall not apply to persons/sections mentioned in **Annexure 'A'**, which is enclosed.

All the departments are requested to bring the above instructions to the notice of all the Heads of Departments and appointing authorities under their control for necessary compliance.

ANNEXURE-A

Description of Category To whom rule of exclusion will apply

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| I. Constitutional Posts | Son(s) and daughter(s) of <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) President of India; b) Vice President of India; c) Judges of the Supreme Court and of the High Courts; d) Chairman and Members of UPSC and of the State Public Service Commission; Chief Election Commissioner; Comptroller and Auditor General of India; e) Persons holding Constitutional positions of like nature. |
| II. | Son(s) and daughter(s) of <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) parents, both of whom are Class-I Officers; b) parents, either of whom is a Class-I Officer; c) parents, both of whom are Class-I Officers, but one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation. d) parents, either of whom is a Class-I Officer and such parent dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation has had the benefit of employment in any Inter-national Organization like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years. e) parents, both of whom are Class-I Officers die or suffer permanent incapacitation and before such death or such incapacitation of the both, either of them has had the benefit of employment in any Inter-national Organization like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years. |
| A. | Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Sons and daughters of parents either of whom or both of whom are Class-I Officers and such parent(s) dies/die or suffer permanent incapacitation. b) A lady belonging to OBC category has got married to a Class-I Officer and may herself like to apply for a job. |
| B. | Son(s) and daughter(s) of <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) parents both of whom are Class-II Officers. b) parents of whom only the husband is a Class-I Officer and he gets into Class-I at the age of 40 or earlier. c) parents, both of whom are Class- II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation and either one of them has had the benefit of employment in any Inter-national Organization like UN, IMF, World |

- Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before such death or permanent incapacitation;
- d) parents of whom the husband is a Class- I Officer (direct recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the wife is a Class-II officer and the wife dies or suffers permanent incapacitation; and
- e) parents, of whom the wife is a Class I officer (Direct Recruit or pre-forty promoted) and the husband is a Class-II officer & the husband dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.
- Provided that the rule of exclusion shall not apply in the following cases:
Sons and daughters of
- a) parents, both of whom are Class II officers and one of them dies or suffers permanent incapacitation.
- b) parents, both of whom are Class-II officers and both of them die or suffer permanent incapacitation, even though either of them has had the benefit of employment in any Inter-national Organisation like UN, IMF, World Bank, etc. for a period of not less than 5 years before their death or permanent incapacitation.
- C. The criteria enumerated in A & B above in this Category will apply *mutatis mutandi* to officers holding equivalent or comparable posts in PSUs, Banks, Insurance Organizations, Universities, etc. pending the evaluation of the posts on equivalent or comparable basis in these institutions, the criteria specified in Category V below will apply to the officers in these Institutions.
- III Sons(s) and daughter(s) of parents either or both of whom is or are in the rank of Colonel and above in the army and to equivalent posts in the Navy and the Air Force and the Para Military Forces :
Provided that -
- i) If the wife of an Armed Forces Officer is herself in the Armed Forces (i.e. the category under consideration), the rule of exclusion will apply only when she herself has reached the rank of Colonel;
- ii) the service ranks below Colonel of husband and wife shall not be clubbed together;
- iii) If the wife of an officer in the Armed Forces is in Civil employment, this will not be taken into account for applying the rule of exclusion unless she falls in the service category under item No. II in which case the criteria and conditions enumerated therein will apply to her independently.
- IV Son(s) and daughter(s) of persons belonging to a family (father, mother and minor children) which owns land more than land permissible under the Ceiling Act of Haryana State.
- V **Income/Wealth Tax**
Son(s) and daughter(s) of :
- a) Persons having gross annual income of Rs. 6.00 lakhs or above or possessing wealth above the exemption limit as prescribed in the Wealth Tax Act for a period of three consecutive years.(Range of income has been revised from Rs. 4.50 lakhs to Rs. 6.00 lakhs vide Chief Secretary letter No. 22/22/2004-3GS-III dt 06.1.2014/14.6.2016).
- b) Persons in Categories I, II, III & IV who are not disentitled to the benefit of reservation but have income from other sources of wealth which will bring them within the income/wealth criteria mentioned in (a) above.

Explanation :

- i) Income from salaries or agricultural land shall not be clubbed;
- ii) The income criteria in terms of rupee will be modified taking into account the change in its value every three years. If the situation, however, so demands, the interregnum may be less.
- iii) Where the husband is in some profession and the wife is in a Class II or lower grade employment, the income/wealth test will apply only on the basis of the husband's income.
- iv) If the wife is in any profession and the husband is in employment in a Class II or lower rank post, then the income/wealth criterion will apply only on the basis of the wife's income and the husband's income will not be clubbed with it.

Explanation: Wherever the expression, ' permanent incapacitation' occurs in this schedule it shall mean incapacitation which results in putting an Officer out of service.

No. 22.36/2000-3 G.S.III

Dated :9-08-2000.

From

The Chief Secretary to Govt. of Haryana

To

1. All the Heads of Departments, Commissioners, Ambala, Hisar, Rohtak and Gurgaon Divisions.
2. The Registrar, Punjab & Haryana High Court, Chandigarh.
3. All the Deputy Commissioners & Sub-Divisional Officers (Civil) in Haryana State

Subject : Clarification regarding issuance of certificate of Haryana Backward Classes.

Sir,

I am directed to invite your attention to the Govt. of Haryana, Social Welfare Department letter No. 1170-SW (1) 95, dated 7.6.95 on the subject noted above, therein criteria was laid down to assess the creamy layer persons of Haryana Backward Classes in Haryana State. The Backward Classes of Haryana are facing difficulty in obtaining the Backward Classes certificate from the certificate issuing authority due to some understanding in the instructions dated 7.6.95. After careful consideration the Govt. of Haryana has decided to issue clear cut directions to all the Heads of Departments and Deputy Commissioners in the state for issuing Backward Classes Certificate without any further delay.

It is **clarified** that the income from salary will not be taken into account for the purpose of income/wealth tax in respect of service category and while calculating income or wealth **tax** of the Government employee of Backward Classes who is not covered under Annexure-A, description of categories No. I, II (a,b,c,d) and III & IV, hence becoming entitled for the benefit of reservation under Backward Classes category, his salary should not be included but his other sources of income/wealth be included for income/wealth tax.

All the departments are requested to bring the above instructions to the notice of all the Head of Departments and appointing authorities under their control for necessary compliance.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/-

Joint Secretary General Administration
for Chief Secretary to Govt. Haryana

Copy to 1. All the Financial Commissioners & Secretaries to Govt. Haryana.
All the Administrative Secretaries to Govt., Haryana.

2. 2.

APPENDIX-J

LIST OF SCHEDULED CASTES IN HARYANA STATE

S.No.	NAME OF THE CASTE	S.No.	NAME OF THE CASTE
1.	Ad Dharmi	27.	Pasi
1A	Aheria, Aheri, Heri, Naik, Thori or Turi, Hari		
2.	Balmiki	28.	Perna
3.	Bangali	29.	Pherera
4.	Barar, Burar, Berar	30.	Sanhai
5.	Batwal , Barwala	31.	Sanhal
6.	Bauria, Bawaria	32.	Sansi, Bhedkut Manesh
7.	Bazigar	33.	Sansoi
8.	Bhanjra	34.	Sapela, Sapera
9.	Chamar, Jatia Chamar, Rehgar, Raigar Ramdasi, Ravidasi, Balahi, Batoi, Bhambi, Chamar Rohidas, Jatava, Bhatoi, Ramdasias, Jatav	35.	Sarera
		36.	Sikligar, Bariya
		37.	Sirikiband
10.	Chanal		
11.	Dagi		
12.	Darain		
13.	Deha, Dhea, Dhaya		
14.	Dhanak		
15.	Dhogri, Dhangri, Siggri		
16.	Dumna, Mahasha, Doom		
17.	Gagra		
18.	Gandhila, Gandil, Gondola		
19.	Kabirpanthi, Julaha		
20.	Khatik		
21.	Kori, Koli		
22.	Marija, Marecha		
23.	Mazhabi, Mazhabi Sikh		
24.	Megh, Meghwal		
25.	Nat, Badi		
26.	Od		

List of games approved by AIU

Sr. No.	National Championships	Sr. No.	National Championships
1.	American Football (M & W)	2.	Aquatics(M &W)
3.	Archery (M &W)	4.	Athletics (M& W)
5.	Badminton (M &W)	6.	Ball Badminton (M & W)
7.	Baseball (M & W)	8.	Drop Roball (M&W)
9.	Basketball(M & W)	10.	Best Physique (M)
11.	Boxing(M & W)	12.	Canoeing and Kayaking (M&W)
13.	Chess (M & W)	14.	Cricket (M & W)
15.	Cross Country (MW)	16.	Cycling Road (M&W)
17.	Cycling Track (MW)	18.	E- Sports (M & W)
19.	Fencing (M & W)	20.	Football (M & W)
21.	Gatka (M & W)	22.	Gymnastics (M & W)
23.	Handball (M & W)	24.	Hockey (M & W)
25.	Hockey 5' s (M & W)	26.	Judo (M & W)
27.	Kabaddi NS(M &W)	28.	Kabaddi Circle Style(M & W)
29.	Kho-Kho (M & W)	30.	Korf Ball (Mixed M&W)
31.	Lawn Tennis (M & W)	32.	Netball (M & W)
33.	Pistol Shooting & 177, Air Rifle Peep Sight(M & W)	34.	Power Lifting (M & W)
35.	Relay Race (M)	36.	Roll Ball (M & W)
37.	Roller Sports (M&W)	38.	Rowing (M &W)
39.	Sepak Takraw (M &W)	40.	Soft Tennis (M & W)
41.	Softball (M & W)	42.	Squash Rackets (M & W)
43.	Table Tennis (M & W)	44.	Taekwondo (M & W)
45.	Tug of War (M & W)	46.	Volleyball (M & W)
47.	Wrestling FS & GR (M & W)	48.	Wt. Lifting (M & W)
49.	Wushu (M & W)	50.	Yachting (M & W)
51.	Yoga (M & W)	52.	Throwball (M&W)
53.	Kick Boxing (M&W)	54.	Rugby (M&W)
55.	Floorball (M&W)	56.	Roller Hockey (M&W Inline)
57.	M-Sports (M&W)		

APPENDIX- L

**LIST OF SELF-STYLED INSTITUTES/ UNIVERSITIES WHICH HAVE BEEN DECLARED
BOGUS BY THE UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION**

1. Maithili University/Vishwavidyalaya, Darbhanga, Bihar.
2. Commercial University Ltd., Daryaganj, Delhi.
3. United Nations University, Delhi.
4. Vocational University, Delhi.
5. ADR-Centric Juridical University, ADR House, 8J, Gopala Tower, 25 Rajendra Place, New Delhi - 110 008.
6. Indian Institute of Science and Engineering, New Delhi.
7. Viswakarma Open University for Self-Employment, Rozgar Sewasadan, 672, Sanjay Enclave, Opp. GTK Depot, Delhi-110033.
8. Adhyatmik Vishwavidyalaya (Spiritual University), 351-352, Phase-I, Block-A, Vijay Vihar, Rithala, Rohini, Delhi-110085
9. Badaganvi Sarkar World Open University Education Society, Gokak, Belgaum, Karnataka.
10. St. John's University, Kishanattam, Kerala.
11. Raja Arabic University, Nagpur, Maharashtra.
12. Indian Institute of Alternative Medicine, Kolkatta.
13. Institute of Alternative Medicine and Research, 8-A, Diamond Harbour Road, Builtech inn, 2nd Floor, Thakurpurkur, Kolkatta - 700063
14. Varanaseya Sanskrit Vishwavidyalaya, Varanasi (UP) Jagatpuri, Delhi.
15. Mahila Gram Vidyapith/Vishwavidyalaya, (Women's University) Prayag, Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh.
16. Gandhi Hindi Vidyapith, Prayag, Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh.
17. National University of Electro Complex Homeopathy, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh.
18. Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose University (Open University), Achaltal, Aligarh, Uttar Pradesh.
19. Uttar Pradesh Vishwavidyalaya, Kosi Kalan, Mathura, Uttar Pradesh.
20. Maharana Pratap Shiksha Niketan Vishwavidyalaya, Pratapgarh, Uttar Pradesh.
21. Indraprastha Shiksha Parishad, Institutional Area, Khoda, Makanpur, Noida Phase-II, Uttar Pradesh.
22. Nababharat Shiksha Parishad, Anupoorna Bhawan, Plot No. 242, Pani Tanki Road, Shaktinagar, Rourkela-769014.
23. North Orissa University of Agriculture & Technology, Odisha.
24. Sree Bodhi Academy of Higher Education, No. 186, Thilaspeth, Vazhuthavoor Road, Puducherry-605009
* **Bhartiya Shiksha Parishad, Lucknow, UP - the matter is subjudice before the District Judge - Lucknow**

For more details please login to : www.ugc.ac.in

Note:- Before finalizing the admissions, the up-dated lists of recognized examinations of Haryana School Education Board, Bhiwani/Other Boards/Universities is /are also required to be consulted.

DECLARATION OF NON-RESIDENT INDIAN

I _____ son/daughter of Shri _____ presently residing at _____ do hereby solemnly declare that I am having a status of non-resident Indian*, a proof of which is enclosed herewith. I shall pay all the University fee chargeable in convertible foreign currency payable at Rohtak.

Full Signature of the Candidate

Place : _____

Date : _____

Passport No. _____

Foreign Bank/ _____

Note : Photocopies of Passport and Visa shall be attached.

Full signature of the NRI

Name : _____

Address : _____

*Visa No. _____.

NRI Account No.....

APPENDIX-N**LIST OF DOCUMENTS REQUIRED AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION**

1. Computer generated application form duly signed by the applicant.
2. 10THCertificate
3. 12THCertificate
4. Qualifying examination mark sheet (B.A./B.SC./B.Pharmacy etc).
5. Latest Character Certificate
6. Certificate of Reserved Category and other related certificates, if applicable.
7. Income certificate, wherever required.
8. Haryana Residence Certificate, if applicable
9. Undertaking certificate from the candidate and parents regarding antiragging as per norms of the concerned University.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

1. Processing charges for submission of online application form for admission : Rs 600/- for general category (Rs 150/- for SC/BC candidates of Haryana only)
2. The Prospectus can be downloaded free of cost from the University website : www.mdurohtak.ac.in.
3. Price of Prospectus at counter is Rs 150/- (for all candidates)
4. The Candidates are advised to read the Prospectus carefully before filling the ONLINE Application Form.

IMPORTANT DATES

Opening date of registration : 25.05.2018
Last date of submission of online applications : 15.06.2018 (23.59 hrs)

Group	Subjects	Date & time of Entrance Exam.	Date of Declaration of Result
A	Life Sciences M.Sc. (Biochemistry), (Biotechnology), (Agricultural Biotechnology), (Bioinformatics), (Medical Biotechnology), (Botany), (Environmental Sciences), (Energy and Environmental Science), (Environmental Biotechnology), (Food Technology), (Food Science & Technology), (Genetics), (Microbial Biotechnology), (Microbiology) and (Zoology)	27.06.2018 (11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.)	28.06.2018
B	Forensic Science (M.Sc. Forensic Science)	27.06.2018 (02.30 p.m. to 04.00 p.m.)	28.06.2018
C	Pharmaceutical Sciences M.Pharma (Industrial Pharmacy), (Pharmaceutics) (Drug Regulatory Affairs), (Pharmaceutics), (Drug Regulatory Affairs), (Pharmaceutical Chemistry), (Pharmacognosy) and (Pharmacology)	29.06.2018 (11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.)	30.06.2018
D	Chemistry M.Sc. (Chemistry), (Chemistry – Mathematical Stream), (Chemistry – Non Mathematical Stream), (Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals – Mathematical Stream), (Chemistry with specialization in Pharmaceuticals – Non Mathematical Stream)	29.06.2018 (02.30 p.m. to 04.00 p.m.)	30.06.2018
E	Mathematics M.Sc. (Mathematics) and (Mathematics with Computer Science)	30.06.2018 (11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.)	01.07.2018
F	Physics M.Sc. (Physics)	30.06.2018 (02.30 p.m. to 04.00 p.m.)	01.07.2018

COUNSELING SCHEDULE

Sr. No.	Important Events	Date of Display of Merit List	Reporting Date (verification of documents and depositing the fee)
1.	1st Counseling	11.07.2018	12.07.2018 to 13.07.2018
2.	2nd Counseling	15.07.2018	16.07.2018 to 17.07.2018
3.	3rd Counseling	19.07.2018	20.07.2018 to 20.07.2018
4.	Final Counseling (Physical)	A date from 25.07.2018 to 30.07.2018 to be notified by the concerned University	
5.	Last date (concerned University level)	To be notified by the concerned University	

PROSPECTUS CAN BE HAD FROM

- Sale Counter, Maharshi Dayanand University, Rohtak, Haryana - 01262-279462
- University Institute of Law and Management Studies, Sector-40, Gurugram 0124-2580098

HELP DESK

For Technical Assistance/ Online Portal:

For Online Registration: **0120-4160880/4160881** or via

Online/Web Support Panel URL: <http://mducee.admissionhelp.com>

HELPDESKS: - DDE Building, Near Gate no. 1, M.D University, Rohtak (For technical Assistance) Contact no. : - **01262-393596**

For **General information about admission/Prospectus:** - **01262-393580**

Academic Branch, University Secretariat, M.D. University, Rohtak)