M.D.UNIVERSITY, ROHTAK M.Sc (Previous) Geology - 2010-11

Note : the examination will consist of four theory papers, each of three hours duration, and three practical examination each of three hours duration and the examination of Dissertation (Geological) field report with Viva-voce. Note : The candidate will have to study the following compulsory papers.

IST SEMESTER Max. Marks Teaching Hrs. Per Week IA 20 80 4 and half Paper 101 - Geomorphology 20 Paper 102 - Structural Geology 80 -do-Paper 103 - Crystallography 80 20 -do-Paper 104 - Igneous Petrology 20 80 -do-Paper 105 - Structural Geology Practical 50 -do-Paper 106 - Crystallography Practical 50 -do-Paper 107 - Petrology Practical 50 -do-Paper 108 - Dissertation -do-----550 36 Total

IIND SEMESTER	Max.	Marks		Teaching Hrs.
			IA	Per Week
Paper 201 - Geomorphology & Remote sensing		80	20	4 and half
Paper 202 - Structural Geology & Tectonics		80	20	-do-
Paper 203 - Mineralogy		80	20	-do-
Paper 204 - Metamorphic Petrology & Geochemi	istry	80	20	-do-
Paper 205 - Structural Geology Practical		50		-do-
Paper 206 - Mineralogy Practical		50		-do-
Paper 207 - Petrology Practical		50		-do-
Paper 208 - Dissertation		100		-do-
Tota	al	650		36

Note : Dissertation (Field Work) :-

- (i) Each student shall be required to go for a field work to a suitable area for geological mapping for maximum two weeks in type geological, area under the supervision of the teachers of the department.
- (ii) The Dissertation will be submitted normally at the end of second semester and will be examined along with the practical papers.

The procedure of award of Internal Assessment will be as under:-

I - The marks of internal assessment may be split as under:

(A) One class tests of 10 marks. The class test will normally be held in the months of September for Ist Semester and in the months of April for IInd Semester.

(B)	Assignment/term paper & Presentation	5 marks
(C)	Attendance	5 marks
	Less then 65%	0 marks
	65% to 75%	2 marks
	76% to 85%	3 marks
	86% to 90%	4 marks
	Above 90%	5 marks

- 1. The record of internal assessment be kept by the HOD/Principal concerned for three months only.
- 2. Each Department/College concerned may form a committee to deal with complaints, if any, in this regard.
- 3. The test of internal assessment shall be conducted by the Department/College concerned at their own level without any financial liability on the University and the student shall use 8 pages answer sheets which will be provided by the office of Dean Academic Affairs for University Teaching Departments & P.G. Regional Centre Rewari only. The words M.D.University, Rohtak (for internal test) be fabricated on the answer sheet by the University Press for Departments and PGRC, Rewari. Colleges shall arrange such answer sheets of 8 pages at their own level.



M.Sc (P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) Paper - 101 Geomorphology

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT - I

Facts and figures regarding the shape and size of the earth. Origin of the earth; a general review of all the theories.

Age of the Earth : Modern methods based on disintegration of Uranium, Thorium,

Rubidium, Strontium, Potassium and Radiocarbon.

Interior of the Earth : Sources of knowledge, artificial sources, evidences from the theories of origin of earth, natural sources, seismology, density and temperature.

Composition and structure of mantle and core.

UNIT - II

Isostasy : Definition, development of idea through Pratt, Airy, Arthur Holmes, Joly,

Hayford and Bowie.

Plate Tectonies : Meaning and concept, Plate margin, Plate boundary, Sea floor spreading, plate motion, causes of plate motion, Plate tectonics and Continental drift, Plate tectonies and mountain building.

UNIT - III

Mountain building : Orogeny, orogenic cycle, major orogenic periods of the earth. Theories of Mountain building : Joly's theory of radioactivity & surface history of

the earth, Jeffrey's contraction theory, Daly's theory of sliding continents, Kober's geosynclinal theory, Arluur holme's convection current theory.

Landslide & Crustal displacement : Types of slides, causes and effects of lides, rock falls, rock slides, creep, earth flow and subsidence. Prevention of landslides.

UNIT - IV

Continental Drift : Parmanence of land and bisins. Continental drift: slider, Taylor, Wegner. Some recent views & evidences regarding continental drift. **Volcano :** Volcanic phenomena, theories of volcanism, types of volcanies distribution of volcanoes in the world.

- 1. Principles of Geomorphology by W.D. Thornburry John Wiley.
- 2. Principles of Physical Geology by Arthur Holmes, Nelson 1969.
- 3. Gupta R.P. 1990 Remote Sensing Geology, Springer Veriag.
- 4. Pandey, S.N. 1987 : Principles and applications of photogeology Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- 5. Sabbins, F.F. 1985 : Remote Sensing Principles and Applications Freeman.



M.Sc (P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper - 201 Geomorphology & Remote Sensing

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

WIND : Its geological action, erosional, transportational and depositional features; applied aspects such as engineering problems in loesess and sand dune areas.

OCEAN : Geological function of oceans, erosion and deposition as a continuom process along the shore lones. Shorelines of submergence and emergence. Waves,

Tides, currents dustruction of shore lines, littoral processes, Erosimal & depositional features of ocean.

UNIT-II

Glacier : Types and movements of glaciers, Erosion, transportation, deposition and

resulting geomorphic surface features. Origin of glaciers, unstatified glacial deposits, stratified glacial deposits.

Ground Water : Sources of ground water, types of ground water, water table and the pressure surface & its related zones erosion, transportation and deposition and their resulting features. Springs, wells, artesian wells, geysers & fumeroles.

Hydrological cycle : Rainfall and run off features of rainfall erosion evaporation, transpiration & evaporatanopiration processes.

UNIT-III

River : Erosion, Transporation and depositia and the related geomophology, growth

& development of river system; drainage & drainage pattern, erosion cycle, river terraces, flood plain & deltas, meandering, rejuvenation and piracy in rivers.

Lakes : Description, bogs, swamps, origin of lakes; engineering problems. Lakes of

India.

Coral reefs : Definiton & types of coral reefs, characteristics, optimism requirements for their development. Theories on the origin of coral reefs.

UNIT-IV

Applied Geomorphology : Meaning and concept; applied geomorphology in Indian context, Geomorphology and regional planning; geomorphology and hazard

management, geomorphology urbanisation; gemorphology and engineering works; geomorphology and hydrology; geomorphology and mineral exploration.

Remote Sensing : Principles of remote sensing; general idea about aerial photograph and their geometry. Application of remote sensing in geology. Geological studies; image characters and their relation with ground object baed on tone; texture and pattern. Principles of terrain analysis evaluation f ground wate potential, rock type, identification and interpretation of geographic & tectonic features.

- 1. Principles of Geomorphology by W.D. Thornburry John Wiley.
- 2. Principles of Physical Geology by Arthur Holmes, Nelson 1969.
- 3. Gupta R.P. 1990 Remote Sensing Geology, Springer Veriag.
- 4. Pandey, S.N. 1987 : Principles and applications of photogeology Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
- 5. Sabbins, F.F. 1985 : Remote Sensing Principles and Applications Freeman.

M.Sc (P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) Paper - 102 Structural Geology

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

Stratification, stratified rocks, conformable strata, exposure and outcrops of sedimentary rocks, horizontal beds, vertical beds, simple inclined beds; strike, dip,

apparent dip, thickness of beds, trends of outcrops.

Mechanical Principles and Rock deformation : Earth forces, static and dynamic

conditions mechanical characteristics of the rocks, kinds of deformation, concept stress and strain diagrams, Hook's law, factors controllivy the behaviour of material, confining pressure, temperature, time and solution; auisotropy and unhomogeneoty, mechanics of plastic deformation.

UNIT-II

Folds : Description of folds, attitudes of beds in folds, parts of the fold; nomenclature of folds, symmetric, asymmetric, non-plunging and plunging folds, refolding, fold systems, loudly plunging folds, done and basics fields study and representation of folds.

Geometric and morphological classification of folds; relation of folding to pressure, genetic classification-flexure, flow and shear folding; mechanics of folding, folds due to vertical movements.

UNIT-III

Fracture and Joints : Failure by rupture in the rocks, experienced data on tension, comparison, couple and torsion; analysis of fracture, relation of rupture top stress and strain; nomenclature, classification and significance of joints.

Top and Bottom Criteria of Beds : Significance of various seldimentary structures like ripple marks, ridges and depressions, animal tracks, cross-beddings or current bneddiongs, graded bedding, conttemporaneons deformations; features of Igneous rocks, tops of lava surfaces, pillow-lavas, volcanic ash, intrusive igneous bodies, drag folds and significance of palaentology.

UNIT-IV

Extrusive Igneous Rocks : Lava flows, pysoclastic beds, fissure eruptions, character of central eruptions, volcanoes, classification, craters, calderas and related forms, cryptovolcanic and related structures. Plutones-textures and internal structure concordent bodies sills, lacoliths, lapoliths, phacoliths etc. discordent intrusive, dykes volcanic veuts, batholiths and stocks, granite tectonics.

Concepts Petrofabric and Symmetry : Objectives, fields and laboratory interpretation on microscopic and mesoscopic scale preparation of petrofabric diagrams type of fabric, symmetry of fabric and symmetric of movements, their correlation: significance of (pai) and (beta) diagrams.

- 1. Badgley, P.C. 1965: , Structure and Tectonics. Harper and Row.
- 2. Ramsay, J.G., 1967 : Folding and Fracturing of Rocks, Megraw Hill.
- 3. Ghosh S.K., 1995 : Structural Geology Fundamentals of Modern Developments, Pergamoh Press.
- 4. Turner, F.J. and Weiss, L.E. : Structural Analysis of Metamorphic Tectonites.
- 5. Billings, M.P. Structural Geology.

M.Sc (P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper - 202 Structural Geology & Tectonics

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

Faults : General descriptive terminology, classification of faults as geometric and genetic; field study, recognition of faults, discontinuity of structures, repettion and ommision of strata, characteristic features along fault planes, silicification and minerolization, differences in the sedimentary faces, physiographic criteria, distinction between faultline and scarp etc.

Relation of rupture to stress and strain, stress and faulting, fault pattern formed due to different orientatron of principle stress axis, stress and strain ellipsoid.

UNIT-II

Unconformity : Kinds of unconformities, recognition of unconformities in outcrops, relation to plutonic rocks, palaeutulogical criteria, distinguishing faults and unconformities in this field.

Geophysical Method in Structural Geology : General outline of various physical

character of rocks, general principles of the methods used in the interpretation of structures based on gravitational, magnetic, seismic and electrical methods.

UNIT-III

Cleavage and Schistosity : Descriptive terminology, origin of slaty cleavage and schistosity, fracture cleavage, slip cleavage nand schistosity to major structures.

Lincation : Kinds of lincation, origin of deformed pebbles and oolites, eleongated minerals, intersection of bedding and cleavage crinkles, slickensides and mineral streaks, bondinage, roddiry and million structures, relation to the major structures.

UNIT-IV

Plate Tectonics : concepts of plate margin, plate boundary, causes of plate motion.

Recent advances, Dyanmic evolution of continental and oceanic crust, Ridges, trenches, and transform faults, formation of mountain roots, pate-tectonics and mountain belts, structure nd origin of Aoline-Himalya belt, the Applalchian-calidonian belt, the Andies, the North American cordillera.

- 1. Badgley, P.C. 1965: , Structure and Tectonics. Harper and Row.
- 2. Ramsay, J.G., 1967 : Folding and Fracturing of Rocks, Megraw Hill.
- 3. Ghosh S.K., 1995: Structural Geology Fundamentals of Modern Developments, Pergamoh Press.
- 4. Turner, F.J. and Weiss, L.E. : Structural Analysis of Metamorphic Tectonites.
- 5. Billings, M.P. Structural Geology.



M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) – Paper – 103 Crystallography

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

Crystal Elements, Crystal Symmetry; the laws of Crystallography, the common holohedral, himihedral and himimorphic forms in crystallography; Zones; Sterrographic projections; simple mathematical relationship.

UNIT-II

Twinning in Crystals: The laws of twinning, compositions plane and twin planes, twin axis; various examples of twins in crystals. The symmetry characters and forms of the following classes:- Cubic: Normal, pyrithohedral, tetrahedral and plagiohedral.

UNIT-III

Tetragonal: Normal, tripyramichal class, pyramidal hemimorphic sphenoidal and

trapezohedral. Hexagonal: Normal, triphyramidal, pyramidal hemimorphic, trapezohedral, rhombohedral, rhombohedral hemimorphic, trirhombohedral.

UNIT-IV

Orthorhombic: Normal, hemimorphic, sphenoidal; Monoclinic: Normal Triclinic: Normal.

- 1. Dana E.S. and Ford W.E. : A text book of Mineralogy.
- 2. H.H. Read : Rutle's elements of Mineralogy.
- 3. Winchall, A.N. Elements of optical Mineralogy.
- 4. Phillips, Wm, R and Griffen, D.T., 1986 Optical mineralogy, CBS Edition.

M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper – 203 Mineralogy

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

Physical properties of Crystals: Gliding planes, properties depending upon light, hardness, specific gravity, cleavage, fractures; isomorphism, polymorphism and pseudomorphism in minerals. Structure of silicates and its bearing on classification of various rocks forming silicates.

Descriptive Mineralogy: Detail study of rock forming, chemical & opticalcharacters, their occurrence, origin, association and alteration:

UNIT-II

Detailed study of rock-forming silicates like, Amphibole, mica feldspar, Scapohite, Felspathoid and Silica groups, their physical, chemical and optical characters, their occurrence, origins, association and alteration.

UNIT-III

The mineralogy of metallic ores, Iron manganese, copper, lead, zinc, aluminum, tin, gold, silver, chromium, antimony, arsenic, titanium, uranium, molybdenum and mercury.

UNIT-IV

Optical mineralogy: The general principles of optics, the theories of the propogation of light, the optical properties of minerals. The preparation of materials for microscopic studies, microscopic study of refregence, refractometer, double referaction,

classification of crystals into isotrophic and anisotropic crystals, the nicol prism and Polaroid plate, polarization of light, interference colors in crystals and determination of their orders, bireferengence in biaxial and uniaxial crystals and its determination, plochroism and clichroism in crystals and their determination. Construction and use of accessories such as quartz wedge, gypsum plate and mica place, the optical indicatrix of uniaxial and biaxial crystals, the determination of optic sign, dispersion in crystals, extinction and its type, extinction angle and its determination, the optic axial angle and its determination; optic axial angle.

- 1. H.H. Read : Rutle's elements of Mineralogy.
- 2. Winchall, A.N. Elements of optical Mineralogy.
- 3. Dear, W.A., Howie, R.A. and Zussman, J, 1996 : The rock forming Minerals, Longman.
- 4. Paul F. Kerr, Optical Mineralogy.



M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) Paper – 104 Igneous Petrology

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

Introduction: Scope, importance and development of Petrology. Classification of rocks.

Igneous Petrology: Magma, its composition, temperature, origins and evolution. Reaction Principle and reaction series.

UNIT-II

Study of important gingle, binary & ternary silicate systems. Role of water in crystallization of basaltic magma. Magmatic differentiation & assimilation.

UNIT-III

Criteria for classification of Igneous rock, Norms-CIPW and Nigglivalve, Textures and structures of Igneous rocks. Rock suites and series, Petrographic and periods. kindreds of Igneous rocks, Igneous rock association.

UNIT-IV

Petrogenesis of major Igneous rock types: Such as Basalts, Granites, Alkaline rocks, Pegmatites, Choronockites.

- 1. Turner, F.J. 1980 : Metamorphic Petrology, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 2. Yardley, B.W. 1989 : An Introduction to Metamorphic Petrology, Longman New York.
- 3. Best, M.G., 1986 : Igneous Petrology, CBS Publ.
- 4. McBirney, A.R. 1993 Igneous Petrology, Jones & Barllet Publ.
- 5. Bose, M.K. 1987 : Igneous Petrology, World Press.

M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper – 204 (Metamorphic Petrology & Geochemistry)

Max. Marks:80Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Note:- In all nine questions will be set by the examiner, selecting two questions from each unit. The student will attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each unit. All questions will carry equal marks. Question No.I will be compulsory and will have five to seven parts covering whole of the syllabus.

UNIT-I

Processes and kinds of metamorphism. Facies and grades of metamorphiclogy Textures and structures of metamorphic rocks. Metamorphic minerals & ichoblastic series.

UNIT-II

Application of phase rule to metamorphic petrology. Concept of facies – facies of contact metamorphism. Metasomatism Petrograde metamorphism.

UNIT-III

Study of the facies of regional metamorphism. Metamorphic dedifferentiation. Anatexis and Palingenesis. Oceanic floor metamorphism. Nature of metamorphic reactions and pressure-temperature conditions of metamorphism.

UNIT-IV

Geochemical and trace elements, their abundance and classification Geochemical prospective Sedimentation Classification & characters of sedimentary rocks. Origin of Migmatites, Khondalite and eclogite.

- 1. Turner, F.J. 1980 : Metamorphic Petrology, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 2. Yardley, B.W. 1989 : An Introduction to Metamorphic Petrology, Longman New York.
- 3. Bucher, K. and Frey, M. 1994 : Petrogenesis of Metamorphic Rocks, Springer, Verlag.
- 4. Philipotts, A., 1992 : Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Kretz, R. 1994 : Metamorphic Crystallization, John Wiley.

M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) Paper – 105 PRACTICAL STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

Max. Marks:50Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Map reading and drawing pertaining to conformable series, horizontal, vertical and inclined beds, patterns of dipping strata. Thickness and depth of strata,

Determination of thickness of beds by various methods and order of superposition, three point problems.

Study and interpretation of geological maps and sections : simple, symmetrical, asymmetrical, overturned and isoclinal folds, domes & basins, unconformities, overlap-s & offlap sections, faults.



M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper – 205 PRACTICAL STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

Max. Marks:50Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Recording & plotting of field data. Preparation & interpretation of structure contour maps, isopach maps, isochore maps, isolith and isograde maps.

Orthographic projection and geometric solution for fault and three point problems.

Stereographic solution of true dip and apparent dip, plunge and rake of intersection of two planes and fold axis of plunging fold, fault problems.

Study of large scale tectonic features of the earth.



M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) Paper – 106 PRACTICAL CRYSTALOGRAPHY

Max. Marks:50Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

Study of important forms of cubic, tetragonal, hexagonal, orthohombic, monoclinic, and friclinic study of twinning in crystals of various systems.

Stereographic projections of imprtant forms of cubic, tetragonal and orthorhombic crystals.

Calculation of axial ratio & zone symbols in tetragonal, hexagonal and orthorhombic crystals.



M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper – 206 PRACTICAL MINERALOGY

Max. Marks:50Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

A study of megascopic and microscopic characters of more important rock forming minerals. Determination of refrengence by immersion method using Becke effect, interference colours, pleochroic scheme of biaxial minerals.

Study of conoscopic figures of uniaxial kand biaxial crystals using optic axial and acute bisectrix figures.

Determination of extinction angle using sensitive hint plate. Determination of optic axial ange on the universal state.

M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (Ist Semester) Paper – 107 PRACTICAL PETROLOGY

Max. Marks:50Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

- 1. Megascopic and microscopic study of Igneous rocks.
- 2. Megascopic and microscopic study of Metamorphic rocks of different facies.
- 3. Interpretation of reaction textures.

M.Sc.(P) GEOLOGY (IInd Semester) Paper – 207 PRACTICAL PETROLOGY

Max. Marks:50Time:3 Hrs.Periods/Week:4 and half hrs.

- 1. Structures of metamorphic rocks in hand specimen and in thin section.
- 2. Study of typical rock assemblages in hand specimens and in thin section and

their petrogenetic interpretation.

3. Interpretation of chemical analysis of rocks.

Note:- The practical examination will be conducted annually.

